Tunisian minister to try mediation

TUNIS (R) - Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali has chosen a close aide as foreign minister to attempt a mediating role in the Gulf crisis, officials said Wednesday. The new foreign minister, Habib Douglas, named Tuesday to replace Ismail Khelil, is considered a moderate. "As a moderate country Tunisia is playing a more active role on the Arab and international stages, so why not offer our mediation?" one official told Reuters. Diplomats said Pierre Mauroy, one of French president Francois Mitterrand's special envoys on the Gulf crisis, encouraged the Tunisians to play a mediating role during a visit last week. Tunisia did not attend an emergency Arab summit on Aug. 10, which called for the deployment of Arab troops in Saudi Arabia. Officials said Tunisia would stay away from a scheduled Arab League meeting in Cairo Thursday. At the same time Boulares would attend a meeting in Algiers of foreign ministers from the five north African states of the Arab Maghreb union to draft a common

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U.S. clarifies position on Aqaba

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AMMAN (J.T.) — The United States had no intention of delaying cargo or passengers bound for Jordan, a State Department statement said Wednesday. "Indeed, our goal in dealing with other governments, international shippers and others will continue to be to ensure that Jordan's legitimate trade is not hindered in any way," the statement said. "To avoid undue delay, we advise all shipping lines to ensure that ships bound for ports in the region carry no cargo destined for Iraq in contravention of U.N. Security Council Resolution 661. Ships suspected of carrying such cargo are likely to be delayed or diverted.

House briefed on People's Army

AMMAN (Petra) - The Lower House of Parliament Emergency Committee held a meeting Wednesday and was briefed on the duties of the People's Army by its commander. The commander also briefed the committee on preparations taken by the People's Army. Several members of the committee presented several proposals on ways to activate the role of the People's Army.

Jackson in Baghdad

100 2

NICOSIA (AP) - U.S. civil rights leader Jesse Jackson arrived in Baghdad Wednesday to meet with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. The Iraqi News Agency said Jackson was met by Foreign Ministry officials, Jackson, an unsuccessful candidate for the 1988 Democratic presidential nomination in the United States, said Tuesday that he hoped to bely keep adversaries taiking to avoid war in the Middle East. "If (leaders) keep talking and keep acting the worst scenario can be avoided," he told reportes in Amman, before departing for Baghdad. "It is better when people talk, talk, talk rather than fight, fight, fight." Jackson flew to Iraq for the U.S. **Lelevision show "Inside Edition."
He planned to see Saddam, senior officials and also Amer-

icans and other foreigners held in

De Michelis in Algiers .

ALGIERS (R) — Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis of Italy, current president of the European Community, arrived in Algies Wednesday to discuss the Gulf crisis. the official r.ws agency APS said his visit would give new impetus to diplomatic efforts being deployed in all directions to find a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis." He was greeted by Algerian Foreign Minister Sid'ahmad Ghozali with whom he was due to have talks.

Assad meets Hrawi

DAMASCUS (R) - Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Lebanese President Elias Hrawi discussed the situation in Lebanon and the Gulf crisis Wednesdy. Lebanese officials said Hrawi would review with Assad his options to oust defiant Christian General Michel Aoun from the presidential palace and defence ininistry in East Beirut.

Iragi diplomat beaten up in London

LONDON (R) - An Iraqi diplomat had his nose broken and Iraq's embassy buildings in London have been stoned in attacks in the four weeks since Iraqi takeover of Kuwait. Iraqi Press Attache Naiel Hassan told Reuters Wednesday that Second Secretary Wajdi Anwar Murad was attacked and had his nose broken while sitting in his car near a supermarket in the first week of August. The attacker, an Egyptian driving a Mercedes belonging to some Kuwaitis, was arrested, Hassan said. The Iraqi press office has been stoned twice and its windows broken and the embassy stoned once, he added. "The police are trying to blame football hooligans for the first attack, which I don't believe," Hassan said. "Why was the press office the only building they attacked in Tottenham Court Road which is full of shops with video equipment?"

Iraq: All foreigners can leave if U.S. pledges no strike

WASHINGTON (R) - The Ira- remain in Iraq and Kuwait. Iraq qi ambassador to the U.S. said is holding some at key military Wednesday foreign men could and industrial sites to deter a leave Iraq if the United States U.S. attack. promised not to launch a military strike and repeated that women and children were free to go immediately.

"Even men can leave if the that they are not going to strike Iraq," Mohammad Al Mashat told reporters outside the State

Department. "Still we are under threat strike by the United States." partment now officially all women and children of foreign

When asked when they could leave, Mashat said, "as of to-day." but he added, "it is not est military missions in modern possible administratively to have memory." everybody go on the same day."

Mashat, who spoke to reporters after a 90-minute meeting with State Department officials, said arrangements were being made in Baghdad for foreign women and children to leave, saying they would probably travel via Jordan or Turkey.

Tens of thousands of foreigners the troops, "you stand on the

and industrial sites to deter a

Asked if Iraq would withdraw from Kuwait, Mashat replied, "that is one precondition we don't accept."

"We are willing to negotiate to United States can guarantee us avoid war," he said, but he ruled out any preconditions for talks. "Still you are holding the whole country as a hostage," he said. "Still we are under threat of

"You have assembled an offensive force against Iraq which will nationals... are permitted to bring us to the brink of catasleave Iraq as they wish," he said. trophe for everybody," he said.

President George Bush called est military missions in modern

The president gave a radio pep talk broadcast Wedneday morning over armed forces radio to troops in Saudi Arabia, but most U.S. soldiers in the Gulf did not hear it because the radio network does not have a transmitter in Saudi Arabia.

In his radio speech, Bush told

front line against aggression and international lawlessness.

"You're now in one of the toughest military missions in memory," Bush added. "As tough as it is, know this: Thanks to you, nobody's feeling the heat more than the government in Baghdad."

The president's pep talk came a day after he received a strong vote of confidence for his policy from members of Congress. Some said they wanted to see other wealthy nations share the

In Helsinki British Prime Miniser Margaret Thatcher said no mediation was needed in the Gulf crisis and that Iraq must comply with U.N. resolutions by withdrawing from Kuwait.

Speaking at a news conference on the second day of a three-day visit to Finland, Thatcher said U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar's talks with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz in Jordan were not negotiations.

Despite Saddam's offer to release women and children held in Iraq and Kuwait, Thatcher repeated her accusation that the Iraqi

leader had hidden "behind the skirts of women and children" and called on him to free the men

U.S. ambassador Roger Harrison was at the Jordanian border post of Ruweished to supervise the reception of any American women and children arriving

there, the embassy said. American diplomatic officials have staffed the border around the clock for two weeks in case any U.S. nationals were freed. Harrison's presence suggested new arrivals were imminent.

But no Westerners had crossed the border by mid-afternoon, and reports from Baghdad said their departure was stalled because they did not have the required exit visas.

British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd said Saddam's decision to release foreign women and children was part of a "game" but Britain would do its best to bring them home.

"This is a cat and mouse game, now a little mercy, now some more ruthlessness and of course it's quite unacceptable," Hurd told a news conference.

African leader lauds Jordan, accepts invitation

King in Mauritania after meeting Benjedid, Mandela

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday arrived at Novakchott, capital of Mauritania, on the fourth leg of his current tour of North African countries to discuss a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis.

The King, accompanied by Prime Minister Mudar Badran. Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker and his political advisor Adnan Abu Odeh, went to Mauritania from Algiers after concluding a two-day visit for talks with Algerian President Chadli Benjedid dealing with the Gulf crisis and means of ending the dispute through peaceful

means under an Arab umbrella without foreign intervention. Upon leaving Algiers, the King

made a statement emphasising the need for a solution to the Gulf crisis through Arab mediation. Many Arab countries believe in the need of ending the Gulf crisis peacefully," the King said.

While in Algiers, King Hussein black leader Nelson Mandela and voiced the Jordanian people's admiration of the freedom struggle of the black people of South Africa.

The King told Mandela that the Jordanian people regard him as "a national hero who has dedicated his life and efforts to liberate his people from oppression." The King extended to Mandela

an invitation to visit Jordan. The invitation was accepted and a

according to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Mandela voiced his people's appreciation of the King and the Jordanian people and paid tribute to the King's efforts at the Arab had a meeting with South African and international levels to achieve peace.

Mandela wished the King total success in his endeavour and a neaceful end to the Gulf crisis. Mandela expressed appreciation for the Arab people's sup-

port to the people of South Africa and their just struggle for freedom and in the fight against

U.N. chief, Aziz to hold formal talks tomorrow

Arafat offers mediation with five-point proposal

By P.V. Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz are scheduled to hold informal talks late Thursday before a formal round of discussions Friday morning, informed sources said Wednesday.

The sources said the U.N. chief, who left New York for Paris Wednesday, will meet with French President Francois Mitterrand, Poreign Minister Roland Dumas and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat in the French capital before

GENEVA (Agencies) --- Palestinian

leader Yasser Arafat, offering to

mediate the Gulf crisis, proposed in a

five-point peace plan Wednesday that a United Nations force replace all

In a speech read by a representa-

tive at a Geneva reference on Pales-tine, he said the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) offered to medi-

ate in the crisis triggered by Iraq's Aug. 2 takeover of Kuwait. The plan would end all sanctions

against Iraq and implement them against any state which refused to

withdraw from the territories it occu-

"Through this initiative we are seeking to avoid the use of armed

forced and the military solution in

treating the complex issues of the region." Arafat said.

region," Arafat said.
The PLO leader repeated that a

polution to the crisis should be found

Nabil Rumlawi, the PLO's ambas-

sador in Geneva, who delivered the speech on Arafat's behalf at a U.N.-

within an Arab framework.

foreign forces in the Gulf.

heading for Jordan. He is expected to arrive Thursday

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, will also hold talks with the U.N. chief, sources said.

There was no indication Wednesday that His Majesty King Hussein, who was due in Morocco Thursday on the last leg of a visit to the Maghreb states, will fly back to Amman to meet U.N. secretarygeneral. The King will fly to Europe, most probably to

Arafat urged an end to internation-

al sanctions against Iraq. However, in

a clear reference to Israel, the state-

ment called for sanctions against dany

state that refuses to withdraw from

Iraq because it was assumed that an Arab solution would make sanctions

mnec :sss . j.

Ramlawi told the Association Press

the statement was drawn up by Arafat

Monday and represented the PLO's

latest position on the Gulf crisis.

The statement said the PLO was

acting as a mediator in the conflict

and did not side with one party

It said that PLO efforts to find a

"peaceful negotiated solution to the

crisis within an Arab context" had

been met with an "unjust, vicious and unfair campaign" against the Palesti-

Arafat's public stance against

Western intervention in the Gulf and

friendship with Iraqi President Sad-dam Hussein has prompted wide-spread criticism of the PLO in the

Randawi said this did not apply to

the '-itories that it occupies."

One of the sources said the King was due in Rome on Sept. 4 for talks with the lead-

ers of Italy, the current president of the European Community (EC). The Monarch will also visit West Germany and Britain but precise details were not available.

Back in Amman, observers said the informal round of talks between Perez de Cuellar and Aziz appeared designed to pave the way for solid grounds for discussions on Friday. They noted that the U.N. chief and the Iraqi foreign minister have developed a close relationship during their contacts peace negotiations. "It remains to be seen how far this relationship will help break

In his statement, Arafat accused

The Gulr crisis exposes with otal

"What is most unfortunate is that

the United States of applying a

"selective policy of double standards

in its treatment of Iraq and Israel.

clarity the blind bias towards Israel of

successive United States govern-

the United States is acting to bend the

United Nations and international will

to save its own national interests as a

superpower, and the interests of its ally, Israel."

Washington suspended an 18-

month-old dialogue with the PLO in

June after Arafat failed to condemn a

raid on an Israeli beach by a radical

alestinian group.

The PLO peace plan called for a

solution for all outstanding and critical problems in the Middle East re-

gion, "be it in the Gulf in Kuwait, in

Palestine, in Lebanon or in the

Arafat said the PLO's position on

the Gulf issue had been misrepre-sented through a campaign of distor-

ments," he said.

new ground against the backdrop of the apparent deadlock," commented a senior European diplomat referring to the core of the issue: The American demand for and the Iraqi rejection of withdrawal from Kuwait.

Prior to his departure from New York, Perez de Cuellar said he had received a telephone call from U.S. President George Bush encouraging him in his efforts to resolve the Gulf crisis and wishing him well.

(Continued on page 4)

Arafat said the PLO's position at

an Arab League summit this month stemmed from the fact that the league

concentrated on condemnation and

Bassara Abu Sharif, Arafat's political adviser, told Reuters in Tunis
the PLO lerder would brief French

orime kinns or Michel Rocard on the

peace plan.

He said Arafat "will also explain

the importance of European action to

support implementation of all scur-ity Council resolutions regarding the Palestinian question, and to back a political solution of the Gulf crisis."

He added that talks Arafat had Monday with Saddam had "created a

positive and constructive atmosphere which was a good omen for reaching a

Diplomats in Geneva said the plan

appeared to differ little from a joint Iraq-PLO formula outlined by the Palestinian organisation two days ago

The only new element, they said, was his proposal to replace t. S. and

er troops which have mass

satisfactory political solution.

failed to offer a tolution.

not to attend Cairo meeting

TUNIS (Agencies) - At least four Arab countries and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will shun an Arab League meeting to review the Gulf crisis, league sources said Wednesday.

Thursday in Cairo, will study how the resolution adopted by the 21-member league against Irag two weeks ago has been applied.
Twelve league members

voted to condemn Iraq for invading Kuwait and agreed to send Arab troops to Saudi Arabia. Only Egypt, Morocco and Syria have done so.

Iraq, Jordan, Sudan, Libya

Diplomatic sources said Yemen and Mauritania may also boycott the gathering. Others

League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi has been charged to submit a report every 15 days to the league's council of ministers stating how the Gulf resolutions have been carried

The ministers are then supposed to adopt the necessary measures to implement them.

5 league members

The meeting, scheduled for

and the PLO have addressed official notes to the league headquarters in Tunis saying they will not attend Thursday's meeting, league sources said.

may also stay away. Algeria, Syria, Egypt, Leba-

non, Morocco, Somalia, Djibouti, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Oman and the United Arab Emirates have said they will send representatives to the meeting, various sources said.

(Continued on page 4)

sponsored meeting of human ghts groups on Palestine, said the U.N. force would be an interim measure "But it will not stop us from con-tinuing our efforts to find a peaceful West and in pro-Western Gulf. The PLO is concerned that the the Gulf with an international force under the U.N. flag. crisis has diverted attention away from the Palestinian uprising. until a political solution could be settlement to the crisis in the Gulf and (Continued on page 4)

The Associated Press

AMMAN — Saddam Hussein is expected to declare federated self-rule for Kuwait in a bid to ease the Gulf crisis and allow the United States to withdraw in partial victory, senior Arab military officials said Wednesday.

The idea, already floated to the Soviet Union and the United States, may figure Thursday in ween Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz and U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar in Amman, the sources

The officials, who spoke frankly on the understanding that neither they not their countries would be identified, said Saddam was likely to announce the move before the

Under a plan now being considered, they said, Kuwait would have autonomy aimilar to that in Kurdish territory in northern Iraq. Saddam would accept a timetable and conditions to protect U.S. interests in the Gulf, they

According to the officials' analysis, neither Saddam nor U.S. President George Bush can withdraw from the lines they have drawn in the desert sand. Both are buying ne until some Sexibility can be

Iraq invaded Kuwait Aug. 2. Six later, Saddam annexed it despite universal condemnation buildup in Saudi Arabia. On Aug. 28, he declared Kuwait as Iraq's The officials said Iraq was still working on the details of its fed-

cration plan which, presumably, would provide a different statute for Kuwait.
The idea was passed to Soviet officials who, in turn, relayed it to Washington, the Arab sources said. Perez de Cuellar is expected

to sound out Aziz and report to Washington. Traq's move will take some time," one official said. "But there should be a surprise from Baghdad

Bush has repeatedly rejected out of hand any solution but the withdrawal of Iraqi forces and restoration of the Kirwaiti government. U.S. officials have made no public acknowledgement of flex-

Iraqi move expected towards Kuwait autonomy

But the Arab sources said that privately the Americans were looking for some compromise which would make their point, assure stability in the Gulf cilfields and allow an honourable disengage

The Americans must bear in mind that Iraq will never let go of Kuwait," one official said. If no solution could be negoti-ated, the others agreed, Kuwait would have to be retaken by force. The officials considered the next three weeks to be crucial to

Washington, U.S. forces can wait

until late September when deart temperatures cool, move units and heavy weapons, particularly tanks, arrive and the troops are acclima-But after that, Saddam's mes-

sage of Arab unity, along with his linkage of Kuwait to the Israelioccupied territories, will bolster his support, facing off a superpow-er would impress the undecided. Saddam's strategy appears to be that the longer he can be seen to be defying, single-handed, the United States' military might, the more he will be viewed as the

champion of the Arabs.

Diplomatic sources and intelligence officials in Amman Wednesday reported that pro-Saddam de-monstrations have even erupted in

They said Syrian President Hafez Al Assad's troops quickly crushed the unrest, killing dozens

of protesters.
The senior military officials agreed that if Bush does not strike by the end of September, his uinistration will be seen to have failed in a dramatic rescue-They felt that Bush is reluctant

to test Iraq's ability to counter-"All diplomatic moves are

source said. "All parties have the conviction that they should not escalate tension in the Gulf while they explore for a peaceful solu-

If the Kurdish experience is any model, federation within Iraq would require difficult bargaining, the officials acknowledged. Iraq's 3.5 million Kurds have bitterly resisted rule from Baghdad for

The Kurds accepted autonomy

in 1970, with a bloc of parliament seats and positions in the national abient. But two years later, the Kurds accused Baghdad of reneging and fighting erupted again. Saddam, then vice president an strongman of the regime, offered only limited autonomy. Full-scale guerrilla warfare broke out in 1974. It was crushed a year later when Iran withdrew its support in exchange for rights in the Shat Al

Despite that betrayal, the Kurds aided Iran in its war with Iraq.

West should talk to Saddam—Regent

MADRID (R) - The West conditional withdrawal from Crown Prince Hassan, the Re-think this is reasonable," he said. gent, said in an interview published Wednesday.

this reason we should take seriously, and not as propaganda, Iraq's offer of negotiation," he told El Pais.

this week could be deceptive and the slightest provocation could still touch off a war, he said. Prince Hassan said Jordan re-

the present crisis. "Amman has become the relay left for Baghdad to speak to the oil questions.

world," he said. Prince Hassan indicated Iraqi be considering a withdrawal of troops from Kuwait.

While some demand the un- the emirate stole from it.

should pursue Iraq's offer of Kuwait and to stop using forenegotiations over the Gulf crisis igners as a shield, (Saddam) or risk escalating violence in the wants guarantees of nonregion, His Royal Highness aggression during a withdrawal. I

However, Prince Hassan said a withdrawal of Iraqi troops in it-"We risk the tragedy of a spiral self was not a straightforward of violence in the region and for proposition and it remained to be seen how far they might with-

"The problem between Iraq and Kuwait dates from the start Apparent calm in the region of the century. Baghdad recognised the Republic of Kuwait in 1961 but never reached agreement on the borders; when we talk of an Iragi withdrawal, we mains Iraq's only interlocutor in must ask where to," he said.

He reaffirmed Jordan's total opposition to Iraq's annexation of point for Baghdad diplomacy. Kuwait but said there were his-We have not sought this but we torical disputes that must be dishave become the only window cussed, governing economic and

Iraq's invasion on Aug. 2 fol-President Saddam Hussein may lowed demands from Baghdad for economic compensation from Kuwait for vast oil deposits it said

Overflow prompts brake on arrivals

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A massive presence of over 55,000 mostly Asian evacuees from Kuwait and Iraq, prompted Jordanian border authorities Wednesday to apply a sharp brake on the human flow across the Al Ruweished border post and to call on various governments to adopt immediate action to fly home their nationals awaiting homeward flights.

"We simply cannot take it," said a senior official. "On the one hand, we have over 55,000 people in various sites in and around Amman, and on the other hand, thousands are coming in."

"The outward flow simply does not match the influx," he added. "We are asking every concerned diplomatic mission to contact their governments and accelerate the evacuation The official confirmed that

orders had gone out to the Al Ruweished post that only those evacuees whos embassies provide "very firm arrangements for immediate evacuation" should be allowed in. "Also, an equal or lesser number of people of the same nationality as those flown out would be allowed in on a day-to-day basis," the official added.

In line with the instructions only about 5,000 people were permitted to cross by Wednesday evening, and several di-plomatic missions reported intense contacts with their gov-ernments in a bid to speed up the evacuation process.

The six-day-long massive airlift meanwhile managed to clear a huge backlog of Egyptian nationals and officials at Aqaba said rush had subsided Tuesday and Wednesday at the airport where a massive international airlift is under way since Friday. However backlog remained on the ferry

link to Nuweibeh. According to official statements, a total of 223,973 foreigners entered Jordan through the Ruweished post until midnight Tuesday and 170,440 them were Arab nationals and the others of various Asian countries. Of the total 69,520 left by air, others by road to Syria or by sea to Egypt, leaving about 55,000 waiting to go

Every transit camp in Amman is "overflowing," and "around 5,000" are being housed at makeshift camps at Azraq and near Ruweished, a relief official said. "I do not think many of them will be allowed to travel to Amman unless the backlog at the Amman camps is cleared, and order has been restored," he

International organisations and dozens of governments have extended assistance in cash and in kind to Jordan to help cope with the situation. and a rough estimate put the aid received so far at around \$20 million, mostly in the form of food supplies, water and sanitation equipment and tents as well as medicines. Pledges would add up to another \$15 million. A major part of the assistance has been directed at facilitating the evacuation of Egyptians, who constituted the largest expatriates community in Iraq with 1.6 million and the

third largest in Kuwait with (Continued on page 4)

Morocco expels 2 Iraqi officials

RABAT (Agencies) — The government expelled two officials of Iraq's ruling Baath Party Wednesday after Moroccan diplomats in Kuwait were threatened and taken "hostage"

Deputy Foreign Minister Ahmad Cherkaoui told the Iraqi embassy that the two officials were no longer welcome in the country, the official MAP news agency reported.

The Iraqis were identified as Issa Salmane Hamid and Hicham Hassan Ahmad, both attached to the embassy and responsible for the Baath Party's African affairs

Cherkaoui expressed the government's "prefound displeasure" over the treatment of its diplomats in Kuwait, MAP reported.

Cherkaoni summoned Iraqi Ambassador Shahir Fadil to tell him the officials must leave. The statement did not say when.

He protested about the "detention" of Moroccan diplomats as a violation of the Vienna convention on diplomatic immunities.

Earlier Tuesday, the ministry said Moroccan diplomats had been stopped at gunpoint while trying to enter their embassy in leave for Baghdad. On arrival. Iraqi authorities

told them they could not leave

the country because they had lost their diplomatic immunity. "This means they have become hostages like numerous other foreign residents who are not allowed to leave Iraq," a ministry

statement said. Morocco, which has sent 1,200 troops to Saudi Arabia, had joined at least 20 other countries in refusing to obey Iraqi orders to close the embassy.

Officials said there were four diplomats at the embassy in Kuwait and about 12 local staff and their dependents.

The ambassador, Abdul Wahed Ben Messaoud, was away on holiday when Iraqi troops tookover Kuwait Aug. 2.

"Morocco considers its embassy in Kuwait is still open, in conformity with international law and principles, and decisions of the Arab League and the security council," the foreign ministry statement said.

Iraqi troops have cut off water and electricity to embassies refus-

Tokyo offers money, medics and civilian supplies to Gulf efforts

TOKYO (AP) — Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu Wednesday offered money, medical personnel and non-military supplies to the multinational effort against Iraq, but refused to transport soldiers or weapons to the Gulf region.

Japan's long-awaited assistance package was short on details and appeared less than the help sought by Washington, which faces the huge cost of sending tens of thousands of troops to Sandi Arabia.

The nationally televised nnouncement came nearly four weeks after the Ang. 2 Iraqi take over of Kuwait and at the end of a day of non-stop discussions among government officials.

Although Japan quickly joined the embargo on trade with Iraq, a further response to the crisis was slowed by a debate over what is permissible under Japan's post-World War II constitution, which bars the use of force in settling international disputes.

Under the plan, Japan will use civilian airplanes and ships to transport food, water and medical supplies to the Gulf. Kaifu said

In comments to Japanese re porters Tuesday night, the U.S. ambssador to Japan, Michael H. Armacost, urged Tokyo to help transport soldiers and weapons, said the Nihon Keizai Shimbun. the country's leading economic

Turkey, Egypt and Jordan were singled out as nations that will get "substantial economic assistance," according to a copy of the package distributed by the government. But no exact figures or timetable were given.

The package did not include increased funding for U.S. troops in Japan, as had been anticipated. The only specific sum mentioned was \$10 million in aid for people who have fled Iraq and Kuwait to Jordan and more money to countries in the region suffering financially because of the crisis.

Japan also promised to send to the Gulf about 100 medical personnel, water and goods for fighting heat.

There was no immediate reaction from the U.S. embassy to the Japan would not ferry military package announced by Kaifu.

Lloyd's shipping intelligence said. "It is understood that the ves-Turkey vague over Iraqi request for food, medicine

U.S. warships continue

to search Red Sea vessels

DUBAI (R) - Crew of U.S. sel had Iraqi and Jordanian car-

stopped, when they were sea route out of the Gulf, West-

goes on board from the Far East.

These cargoes are suspected to

have included chemical consign-

ments that were ultimately bound

for Iraq," Lloyd's said, citing

believed to be the first vessel

deprived from entering the Gulf of Aqaba by naval vessels enforc-

A U.S. spokesman in Riyadh

The multinational Armada has

said he could not comment on the

effectively blocked Iraq's narrow

But Aqaba as well as Yemen's

refinery plant at Aden, which has

refining contracts with Iraq, have

been potential weak links in the

still landing at Aqaba on their

the U.N. blockade but has asked

for a precise list of which goods

Regional traders say goods are

Jordan has said it will respect

It said the Kota Wirama was

reports from Amman.

ing the blockade.

reported boardings.

ern naval sources say.

blockade.

way to Iraq.

warships in the Red Sea have

recently boarded several vessels,

including ships flying Kuwaiti and

Iraqi flags, to enforce the U.N.

trade embargo against Iraq, a

senior Western naval source said

Western warships throughout

the Gulf region have been con-

stantly questioning ships which

might be carrying cargoes to Iraq or Kuwait, but this was the first

report vessels had been boarded.

the boarded vessels did not resist.

He did not say which ships were

boarded, or what the U.S. navy

Baghdad has ordered its ships

not to resist Western orders to

halt and be searched in an appa-

A Sri Lankan-flagged tanker,

the Kota Wirama, was stopped by

a U.S. warship in the Red Sea

and prohibited from entering the

Gulf of Aqaba on Wednesday,

rent effort to avoid violence.

had ordered them to do.

The source said the crews of

Wednesday.

HABUR (Agencies) — Iraq Wednesday asked Turkey for medical and food supplies urgently needed by Iraqi children, a

State Minister Isin Celebi met with the Iraqi oil minister, Issam Chalabi, for two hours Wednesday at this border post. The talks

were requested by Iraq.

Celebi told reporters Turkey would consider the Iraqi request for medical and food supplies in line with U.N. regulations on the

The U.N. Security Council decision ordering a broad economic embargo on Iraq makes an exception for emergency medical and food supplies.

Turkey has stopped all trade with Iraq except for exports of medical supplies. Celebi did not make clear whether Turkey might

He said, however, "Turkey will respect U.N. sanctions fully and until the very end." Celebi's remarks after the

meeting were carried by the semiofficial Anatolia news agency. The minister said the question of Iraq's oil exports through Turkey was not discussed.

Following Iraq's Aug. 2 takeover of Kuwait, Turkey shut off two pipelines carrying Iraqi crude through Turkey and banned all transit trade through Tur-

accept" Iraq's takeover of Kuwait and urged a peaceful solution to the crisis. The Turkish side asked Iraq to

Celebi said Turkey "will never

allow Turkish nationals in Kuwait and Iraq to leave quickly. Three thousand Turks have so

far returned home from the two now send food for Iraqi children. countries but about 1,000 remain.

Sanction-busters find cracks in Iraqi blockade

TRIPOLI, Lebanon (R) - En- II, 70 kilometres north of Beirut, terprising sanctions-busters have said import-export offices had already found cracks in the U.N.

Lebanese traders interviewed

the Eastern Mediterranean have of United Nations-imposed sancformed a web of networks to get tions. food and medical supplies into Iraq.
"There is a group of merchants in (Lebanon's) Christian enclave

buying large quantities of food supplies from wholesalers and shipping them to Mediterranean ports before sneaking them into said one import-export Iraq," tradeт.

"Some of the supplies were shipped to Cyprus or Sudan, through the Red Sea, and from there they were transported to Jordan by air prior to moving them overland to Iraq," he added.

The sources said smuggling was also under way through the Syrian, Jordanian, Turkish and Iranian borders with Iraq.

"How can you blockade a country which has thousands of miles of borders with six states ... it is virtually impossible," said the Jordan as the destination. trader, who asked not to be iden-

been set up in Cyprus by Iraqi, Palestinian and Lebanese merchants to buy and transport food by Reuters say businessmen in and medicine to Iraq in defiance

rice, sugar, margarine, powdered milk and grain.

"A cargo of 7,000 ttonnes of rice and 4,000 tonnes of margarine bound for Beirut was sold to the Cyprus office before reaching Lebanese shores. The shipment was unloaded in Larnaca and was most likely heading for Iraq," said one merchant.

The sources said Iraqi middlemen were also buying medical supplies from Turkish agents after most European countries declined to supply Iraq with medicine following its takeover of Kuwait Aug.2.

A Lebanese driver said that at the Ruweished crossing point between Jordan and Iraq last week, trucks were taking food from east Beirut to Damascus where the manifests were changed to show

Once trucks reached Jordan, the manifests were changed again with Iraq as the final destination.

80,000 Soviet Jews arrive in Israel this year

TEL AVIV (AP) - Some 80,000 Soviet Jews have arrived in Israel so far in 1990, Israel television reported Tuesday. The number of Soviet immigrants has reached 16,000 so far this month, the state-run television said. Gad Ben-Ari, a spokesman for the quasi-government Jewish Agency which helps handle immigration, said the August total is expected to reach some 17,000 to 18,000, a record monthly figure since the 1950s. Israeli officials expect a total of some 150,000 Soviet Jews to immigrate by the end of the year. Ben-Ari said the Soviet immigration rate does not appear to be affected by the Gulf crisis.

Abdul Meguld returns home

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid flew home Wednesday from a brief visit to the Soviet Union saying both Moscow and Egypt wanted a peaceful settlement to the Guif-crisis. Abdul Meguid told reporters on his arrival that he was carrying a letter from Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbacher to President Hosni Mubarak in reply to a message from the Egyptian leader. "My visit to the Soviet Union was very fruitful and encouraging," the Middle East News Agency quoted him as saying.

Bangladesh bars Iraqi tea buyers

DHAKA (AF) — Iraqi tea drinkers may soon be looking at empty glasses. Bangladesh; adhering to the United Nations sanctions against President Saddam Hussein's government for the take over of Kuwait, has barred Iraqi agents from its tea auctions. Sri Lanks, which wants to continue selling tea to its biggest customer, lays Iraq made only minimal purchases at Monday's tea auction and none at all on Tuesday. Tea, sipped sweet and dark from small lasses, is the most popular drink in Iraq. Bangladesh barred Iraq from participating in Tuesday's tea auction at the port city of Chittagong, a tea board official said.

Iraq to field joint team in Asian Games

TOKYO (R) - Athletes from Iraq and Knwait will compete in the Asian Games in Beijing next month in a joint team under one flag. Iraq's ambassador to Japan said. Rashid Al Rifai said in an interview Tuesday that, because Kuwait had merged with Iraq this month, its athletes would compete under the Iraqi flag. "Our people are arriving in Peking. The athletes will participate in the games under one flag because they are from all parts of the same country," he said. He said Kuwait's former rulers would try to send a separate team, but could not send as many athletes as Iraq. Kuwait's ambassador in Tokyo, Abdul Azeez Ál Sharikh, said bi country would participate in the games at least symbolically but that he did not know how many athletes it would be able to send.

Lebanese deputy dies

BEIRUT (R) — A deputy in Lebanon's parliament has died, reducing the number of members in the 99-seat legislature to 69, officials said Wednesday. Bakhos Hakim, 57, from the northern village of Kousba, died Tuesday after a long illness, they said. The current parliament was elected in 1972 for a four-year term but the eruption of the civil war has blocked an election of a new assembly since. Hakim was the 28th deputy to die while in office. Two membes of parliament, Amin Gemayel and Elias Hrawi, lost their seats after being elected president.

French restricts eight iragis

PARIS (R) — Eight Iraqis on a training course at the French naval port of Brest have been confined to their hotel and are under police. guard, police sources said on Wednesday. The tracis were taking part in a course at a factory of the Thomson Carting which highly defence electronics systems. The sources said training was stoppe after Iraq took over Kuwait Aug. 2. The Iraqis were told filey we forbidden to go beyond the city limits but could telephone and number. The navy fleet tanker Durance left Brest, on the Atlantic coast, on Aug. 20 to join other French warships in the Guif. Four-Iraqi pilots who had been training with the French air force tried to fice France for home last week but were stopped and confined to

Greece may confiscate two Iraqi tankers

ATHENS (R) - Greece may confiscate two Iraqi tankers after a state arms company filed a lawsuit against the Iraqi government for outstanding debts, a court spokesman said Wednesday. Pyrkal, Greece's main arms company, asked the court to confiscate the Alfarahidi and Jabour tankers, docked at Piraeus port near Athens

Israel: Ban on Palestinian was mistake

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli military authorities Wednesday reversed a travel ban on a leading Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) supporter but showed no immediate sign of relaxing restrictions on other Arab activists. Arab journalists union leader Radwan Alm Ayyash said officials in the occupied West Bank told him Wednesday he could not travel to a press symposium in Moscow but apparently reconsidered after the ban was reported on local radio. "After the reports they said I could leave and they told me that it was all a mistake," Ayyash told Reuters. With world attention focussed on the Gulf Israel has barred several prominent local Palestinians from travelling Abroad. A security source says the authoritis were "cutting the PLO's head off from its body" in hope of finishing off the 32-month-old Palestinian agrising. Security sources say Israel hopes that if local leaders are kept from conferring with PLO officials overseas the revolt will founder politically. The army has heavily increased its presence in the occupied territories and violence has noticeably dropped.

Fahd's brother finds it hard to shake image

(AP) — A spokesman for Prince Turki Ben Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia would like you to know the prince is a fairly regular guy; even if he owns several homes and palaces, has a staff of 4,000 and belongs to the second-richest family in the world.

With an entourage of nearly 100 people and a tractor-trailer filled with luggage, that's a tough sell when you pull into a hotel as the royal family did here four weeks ago — at a cost of about \$10,000 a day.

Fact and fantasy quickly become blurred.

Take, for example, the story of a Cambridge police officer on the special security detail who said

President Najibullah has vowed

to step down if it would help

bring peace to his country, restat-

Opening the national assembly

Tuesday, he said his return from

medical checks and a month's

holiday in the Soviet Union had

confounded rumours he would

not come back to Kabul, Afgha-

nistan's Bakhtar news agency,

monitored in Islamabad, said

Afghanistan with sense of respon-

sibility and patriotism will stand

in every kind of conditions and

hardships beside you and in the

service of my country," he told

deputies before leaving on a visit

"But if the cause of peace,

which is dear to me, demands my

I am ready to sacrifice myself."

he would be ready to step down if

necessary, then pulled back,

saying he would stay in power

In June, Afghan Foreign

until defeated in elections.

Najibuliah has said in the past

keeping aloof, as I have repeated

"In the future too, I as a son of

recently disavowed.

Wednesday.

to India.

15:45 17:10

that Turki ordered the air conditioning turned off on the two floors he took over on arriving at Charles Hotel.

Kuwait.

down if it would help peace

The Soviet Union and the Un-

ited States, the main supporters

of the two sides in the 12-year-old

Afghan war, have drawn closer in

recent months on a political solu-

In New Delhi, Najibullah made

no mention of stepping down

in brief remarks to reporters after

being greeted by President

Ramaswamy Venkataraman, Prime Minister Vishwanath Pra-

tap Singh and top cabinet minis-

ters at the presidential palace.

"The danger to peace in this

"It is a favourable time for an

region is a matter of concern to

peoples of both countries," he

exchange of views, particularly

under prevailing conditions of

change in the region," he added.

Najibullah did not elaborate

during the formal welcome to

India, where he arrived on Tues-

day night hours ahead of sche-

dule, apparently for security

Najibullah vows to step

country. All the cops working up there are dying," said the officer, who spoke on condition of anonymity. "A kid told us they even had a space heater up there."

"They like to keep it like it is in their

For Mustapha Aziz, the prince's political adviser and spokesman, the reaction is typical to princes from oil-rich countries such as Saudi Arabia, under scrutiny since American and other troops were sent there following the Aug. 2 Iraqi take over of

The youngest of King Fahd's six brothers, Turki has no business dealings, lives off his inheritance and does largely philanthropic work. He travels with a staff of 60 to 100, including seven cooks. The costs of about 40 to 50 rooms at the Charles to house workers and set up offices with facsimile machines, telephones "No, the air-conditioning is not and a satellite dish may exceed

stereotype is too much.

picture of greedy princes."

penchant for frequent travel and

long stays at expensive hotels is

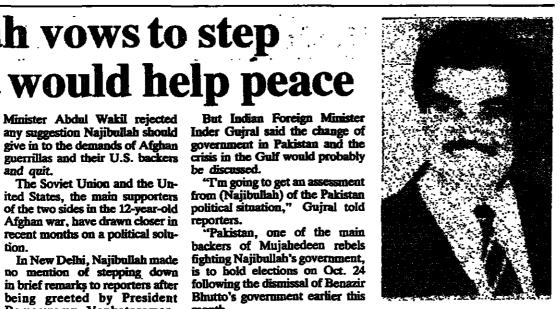
"Everyone thinks we are com-

off." Aziz said. "That kind of Aziz said that is not a big entourage for a member of the Fahd family, which is worth \$18 ing here with many wives, that kind of thing. It does not apply to billion and is the second richestfamily the world, according to this family... He is out of that Fortune magazine. "We have Still, the 53-year-old prince's

three full shifts," he said. A police officer said that when the prince's 11-year-old son wanted to play video games one day, he was escorted to an arcade by four police officers.

The kid had \$300 in quarters with him," he added.

Aziz said only that had the Iraqi take over not occurred, few would have known he was in town to discuss contributions to Harvard and have his three children get medical checkups.



one of the few countries that recognise his government.

Soviet Union sparked rumours that Moscow was ready to dump the president as part of a deal with the United States on a

be pushed to the bottom of the mutual peace plan. He told the assembly in Kabul international agenda by the tense The Afghan ministers of defence, foreign affairs, commerce,

Gujral said he was not sure how the Gulf crisis might affect the search for an end to the Afghan war, in which well over a million people have been killed

Najibullah's long stay in the

he discussed a political solution to the war with Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev and Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze

civil aviation, and light industries are accompanying Najibullah on The trade sources in the Sywhile in Moscow, but Bakhtar gave no details of the discussions. rian-controlled port city of Tripo- he added. his second trip to India which is JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

Programme review

Children programme Book of Adventure

Local program

29:00	News in Arabic
29:30	Local series
21:30	Programme review
	Local programme
	Arabic film
23:69	News in Arabic
	RAMME TWO
	Molierissian
18:49	Des Chiffres et de lettres
19:00	News in French
	Documentary
	News in Hebrew
	Varieties
	News in Arabic
	The Bill Cosby Show
21.10	The Return of Sherlock Holmes
	News in English

PRAYER TIMES CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfleis

Tel. 810740 blies of God Church, Tel. St. Jeseph Church Tel. 624590. De la Salle Charch Tel. 661757 623541 en Cherch Tel. 625383, Tel. nian Catholic Church Tel. dan Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephrate Church Tel. 771751. m International Church Tel. 827981, 685326. Evangriikai Lutheran Church Tel: Evange: 811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saluts Tel. 815817 and 654932.

WEATHER

Yesterday's high temperatures: man 34, Aqaba 37. Humidity read

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Abdul Maiid Sha'er 791405 Kayed Halayqa Khalid Abdul Qader 795392 Wad Du iacy ... 778330 637055

and another five million forced to

asked if the Afghan issue would

"I hope not," he said when

flee to Pakistan and Iran.

stand-off in the Gulf.

ZARQA: Dr. Ziad Hawatmeh

636730

644945

EMERGENCIES 630341 Civil Defence Emergency

Fire Brigade

Highway Police Traffic Police ... 896390 Public Security Department ... Hotel Complaints ... Price Complaints ... Water and Sewerage 897467 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls 121 Central Amman Telephor 623101 Abdati Telephone Repairs Jordan Television 773111 Radio Jordan Jordan Electricity Authority .. 815615 en Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 **HOSPITALS**

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 .. 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospita . 669131

667227/9

775111/26 a Alia Hospital . 674155 ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital (09)983323 Princes Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Iba Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Oneen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)32200-5, where it should always be verified.

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

ian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Riyadh (RJ) New Delhi (RJ)

Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Doha, Bahrain (RJ) 17:30 12:00 19:30 Other Flights (Terminal 2) Riyadh (add.) (SV) Sanaz (LH) Riyadh (SV) 16:35 Crim Prankfurt (LH)
Zurich, Lamaca (SR) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal (1)

13:00 13:15 ... Paris (RJ) 21:20

Other Flights (Terminal (2) 96:89 11:18 scus, Paris (AF)Riyadh (SV)
Bahrain, Muscat (GF)
Ankara, Istanbul (TK)

MARKET PRICES

	Upper/lower price in fi	ik ner ko
_	Apple	500 / 40
-	Report	300 / 40
	Banana	DUU / 45
	Batuna (Mukammar)	450 / 40
	Beans	300 / 29
	Cabbago	120 / 10
	Carrot	200 / 10
	Carlifformer	200 / 13
	Cantiflower	240 / 19
	Com	200 / 15
	Cocombers (barge)	150 / 10
	Cacambers (small)	200 / 26
	Eggplant	170 / 12
	Figs	1/0 / 13
	Corile	350 / 40
	Gartic	800 / 70
	Grapefruit	350 / 30
	Ciapes	400 : en
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	CONTROL	120 / 0
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	Marrow (mark)	120 / 6
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	Permer (hoe)	- 700/60
	Pepper (bot)	220 / 18
	***************************************	100 / 33
	Same	LDV / 1,0

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Children programme 10:15 Religious programme
Praday's prayer
Sports programme
Religious semisar 18:18 Local program News in Arabic 21:40 22:30 Arabica..... Jerash 30 mary in Arabic ···· Prench Hills Vews in Prench News in Anthro Coach Midnight Cales News in Health

JOEDAN TELEVISION

130 / 80

No More Dying Then PRAYER TIMES

Voluntary organisations

to "heed His Majesty King Hus-

sein's call to do our best to

protect our homeland and our

The meeting also discussed for-

mulating and adopting an inte-

grated national programme that

guarantees maximum effective-

ness, as wel as ways and means of

creating a coordinating effective-

ness in raising morale and train-

ing citizens in dealing with diffi-

The programme, called "imple-

mentation strategy of an inte-

grated approach to face the Cur-

rent Circumstances", stressed the

need to train people, especially

women, in effective community

organisation and solidarity, civil

defence and first aid, home eco-

reliance in food production and

alternative nutrition for children

and adults alike. These training

needs can be addressed through a

five-day training course which

can be implemented in coopera-

tion with the government depart-

ments and the voluntary sector.

communities would be divided

into "clusters," from each two

women "leaders" would be iden-

tified to attend the training

ourse. Each leader would be

According to the strategy, local

nomics, rationing of food, self-

cult circumstances.

set up relief committee

10,715 students absorbed in Jordanian universities

AMMAN (J.T.) — The four Jordanian universities will accept a total of 10,715 students for the 1990-1991 academic year, up from 8,000 last year, and registration of students will begin Sun-day, according to Dr. Moham-mad Maqousi who heads a committee coordinating the acceptance of students for the University of Jordan, Yarmouk University, Muta University and the Jorm University of Science and Technology (JUST).

BRIEN

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Addressing a press conference in Antman Wednesday, Maqousi said that a total of 17,084 stodents, who completed their secondary class education and passed the tawjihi examinations this year, have applied for seats at the four universities. Only 16,707 applications were accepted besuse they met the requirements

Last month Minister of Education and Higher Education Mohammad Hamdan said that a total of 10,395 students would be accepted in the four universities, but Maqousi noted that a 10 per cent increase in the number was decided on by the Council of Higher Education (CHE) to give opportunities to a larger number of students to get higher educa-

AMMAN (J.T.) - A total of

223,973 citizens of different

nationalities have crossed into

Jordanian territory through the

border post of Ruweished since

the start of the Gulf crisis and

until midnight Tuesday against

30,622 nationals who left through

the same border post on their way

to Iraq, over the same period,

according to Abdul Hamid

Ersheid, director of the border

and aliens section at the Public

The Ruweished border post is

witnessing a continuous flow of

evacuees fleeing Iraq and

Kuwait, but officials are abiding

by a set programme, admitting

only up to 20,000 a day," Ersheid

gures of Arab citizens crossing the Ruweished border post in

either direction:

Nationality

Iraqi

Yemeni

Egyptian

Saudi Arabian

Ersheid gave the following fi-

Arrivale Departures

7,333

926

68

2.501

8.793

By Mariam M. Shahin

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A prominent

West German parliamentarian

Wednesday landed Jordan's

leading role in trying to defuse

the Gulf crisis but said he was

not optimistic about the in-

creasingly "dangerous" situa-

"Jordan is one of the few

countries in the region who is

working on finding a political

solution and an Arab solution

Hans Jurgen Wischnewski told

reporters as he began a two-

day visit to Jordan in which be

will meet with Crown Prince

Hassan and other senior Jorda-

Middle East, said he was not

optimistic about the possibility

of a political solution to the

current crisis. 'There seems

little room for optimism," be

said after arriving in Amman at

the end of a three-nation fact-

finding tour in the region

which took him to the United

Arab Emirates, Sandi Arabia

Known in Germany as the

"Middle East troubleshooter",

Wischnewski met with Speaker

of the Lower House of Parlia-

Wischnewski, an expert on

to the current Gulf crisis,

116,196

Security Department (PSD).

Maqousi said that the names of students accepted at any of the four universities were being published in the local press. He said that the registration procedure at the universities would last six days, starting with the coming Sunday.

At the press conference, held at the University of Jordan, Maqousi did not give the numbers of the students who would be accepted in each university nor the number of post graduate stu-dents who will also be taking courses this year.

As a general rule, the four universities accept students with a tawiihi exams' average of 85 per cent and up at medical and dental colleges, students with grade 80 at their veterinary, pharmacy and engineering colleges and grade 65 and above at the rest of the colleges.

According to Dr. Hamdan, the 57 community colleges in the Kingdom will accept students with grade 50 at their Tawjihi examinations. In addition, one of the private universities, the Amman University College (AUC), is scheduled to open its doors in September. AUC officials said that the main body of the studeuts would be expatriates and could reach 2,000 in the first year.

RJ officials deny acts of sabotage by Egyptians

AMMAN (Petra) — Royal Jordanian (RJ), the national airline Wednesday denied rumours about Egyptian nationals committing acts of sabotage aboard one of its planes while being flown to Cairo from Jordan.

"All these rumours circulating in Amman are baseless, and the Egyptian nationals have expressed their appreciation to the Jordanian authorities for the facihties and services offered them while in Jordan after fleeing the Gulf region," an official at RJ

Referring to the ongoing air transportation services at the air

well as the Queen Alia International Airport, the official said that RJ and Egypt Air had been in close cooperation to ensure the transportation of the Egyptian expatriates to Cairo from all the Jordanian airports.

He said that planes provided by Saudi Arabia, Egypt and the Belgian Airline Sabena in addition to RJ planes have been carrying the Egyptians home from Amman Airport, while air force transport planes from Egypt, and Saudi Arabia in addition to RJ have the Egyptians home. The official said that nearly 6,000 Egyptians have been flown home from Jordan on a daily

Referring to the Queen Alia International Airport, the official said that it has been handling almost double the normal load of work in view of the influx of evacuees from Kuwait and Iraq.

He said that unscheduled flights had been arranged to carry foreign passengers, especially those going to India, China, been commuting between Aqaba Pakistan, Yemen and Thailand.

Subsidised food to be rationed

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Supply Ibrahim Ayoub Saturday will hold a press conference to announce the issuance of ration cards to members of the public.
Ministry of Supply officials said that the minister would also inform the public on how to obtain ration cards to buy food as of Sept. 1, 1990.

According to the officials, rationing will cover only subsidised food commodities like milk,

223,973 arrive from Iraq, 30,622 leave

through Ruweished since Gulf crisis

American

Japanese

British

Chilean

Dutch

Yugoslav

Greek

Afghan

Australian

New Zealand

West German

Upper Volta

Argentinian

United Nations

said, Germany was in favour

of, from leaders in the Gulf.

too afraid of Saddam Hussein,

they want him to be removed,"

said one source on condition of

anonymity, "That's why in pri-

vate they expressed little sup-

port for a political solution."

Officials said that although

they expected Wischnewski to

meet with Tareq Aziz they doubted he would visit Bagh-

dad to meet with Saddam Hus-

sein unless he had assurances

that at least some German

"hostages" would be released.

that the government in Bonn

was particularly concerned ab-

out a German man who had

over a dozen broken bones and

was not allowed to leave Bagh-

that the position of the West

German government in the

Gulf crisis was "against all forms of aggression." He also

said that the unanimous deci-

sion to impose an economic

embargo against Iraq by the Security Council of the United

Nations, would be respected

number of West European and

Wischnewski is among a

Wischnewski emphasised

West German officials said

The leaders in the Gulf are

Czechosloval

84

Bonn 'troubleshooter'

pessimistic about Gulf

Swedish

5,196

393

7,700

coming was 170,440 against

29,650 leaving through

Ruweished, according to

Ersheid gave the following fi-gures for foreign nationals com-ing or leaving through the

Ruweished border post during

ment Suleiman Arar and mem-

bers of the House's Foreign

Affairs Committee to brief

them on the outcome of his

visits to the United Arab Emi-

rates, Saudi Arabia and Egypt.

He told his Jordanian counter-

parts that while Jordan was

working on finding a political

solution to the Gulf crisis

possible to find a political solu-

tion." He was referring to the

leaders of some of the coun-

Jordanian parliamentarians

said that Wischnewski saw the

withdrawal of Iraqi troops

from Kuwait along with the

release of foreigners held in

Iraq as the first step to the

realisation of political solution

Wischnewski, who is ex-

pected to meet with Iraq's

Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz

and Secretary General of the

United Nations Javier Perez de

Cuellar today said he hoped that the U.N. chief would be

able to further the hope of a

political solution to the Gulf

crisis and "do something for

the 10,000 hostages in Iraq."

Sources close to the German

politician said that Wischnews-ki found little support for a

political solution, which, he

tries he had visited.

to the Gulf crisis.

"some others think it's not

Arrivals Departures

4,875

12,803

the same period:

Nationality

Turkish

Lebanese

Tunisian

Kowaiti

Algerian

Qatari

Libyan

Diibouti

Palestinian

Moroccan

Following a spate of hoarding food supplies earlier this month, Avoub announced that there was no need for rushing for food supplies which abound in Jordan. and that the Ministry of Supply's warehouses contained wheat, sugar, rice, powder milk, poultry, meat, cooking oil and animal feed of all types enough for six

The Ministry of Supply

Pakistani

Bengali

Poles

Bulgarian

Hungarian

Ethiopean

Cyprus

Renin

Norwegian

East German

Meanwhile a Civil Aviation

Authority (CAA) official said

Wednesday that Arab and fore-

ign nationals leaving Jordan by

air until midnight Tuesday was

69,520 aboard a total of 379

unscheduled flights. According to

the official a total of 10,000

1 nationals left on Tuesday alone.

American "unofficial envoys"

who are touring the region to

establish firsthand contact

with those involved in the Gulf

crisis, on behalf of their respec-

The West German parlia-

mentarian recently made a vib-

rant speech in the German

parliament, the "Bundestag"

in which he condemned the

takeover of Kuwait by Iraq and

called on Iraq to withdraw

from Kuwait and release fore-

igners as the first step to defuse

to be a top specialist on Middle East affairs in West Germany.

His good relations with the

Arab World were cemented

after he voiced support for the

FLN (National Liberation

Front) during the Algerian re-

volution and became a person-

al friend of Algerian leader

Ben Bella. The friendship

carned him the nickname "Ben

Wisha" among his German

"Whenever there is a prob-

lem in the Middle East, hos-

tages, hijackings, revolutions,

anything, Wischnewski flies

over immediately. He is Ger-

many's man in the Arab

World" said one seasoned

German political observer.

Wischnewski is considered

tive governments.

the Gulf crisis.

silo from the private sector in the port of Agaba to store an additional 17,000 tonnes of rice in order to cope with the increased quantities of imported rice.

The minister toured the warehouses and made a statement advising against stockpiling of food which could deprive certain people of their share. Food could also go bad if kept for a long time.

Foreign embassies, of helping evacuees

AMMAN (J.T.) — Ways of handling issues related to the Arab and foreign nationals flooding Jordan at present were discussed at two meetings held here Wednesday at the offices of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

Attending the first meeting were representatives of foreign embassies in Jordan and the European Community (EC), as well as U.N. agencies with offices in the Kingdom.

The second meeting discussed ways of ensuring speedy help to Jordan in the light of the present circumstances. It was attended by representatives of U.N. agencies as well as the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and the Oueen Alia Social Welfare Fund (QAF).

provide accommodation and health services to the evacuees now living in Jordan.

of thousands of expatriates.

In answer to the appeal for aid, on Aug. 29, the government of Japan decided to extend an emergency aid totalling 10 million dollars of which 8 million dollars are channelled through the United Nations Disaster Relief Coordination Office (UNDRO) to various international organisations, and 2 million dollars are allocated to the International Committee of Red Cross (ICRC) as a fund for evacuee relief activities in Jordan.

Further, in response to the request of the government of Jordan, the Japanese government decided to provide assistance materials worth \$700,000 or JD 460,000 to the Jordanian government through the Japan International Cooperation Agency.

These materials include 70 tents for 600 persons, water tanks, plastic sheets, 4,800 blankets, 3,000 soaps, 2,000 sets of table ware, 3 months' pharmaceuticals for 5,000 persons, and 8 tons of powder milk.

organisations discuss ways

Discussions covered efforts to

The meetings coincided with an appeal by the head of an interministerial committee entrusted with the task of caring for the evacuees. Salameh Hammad said that contacts with foreign organisations and nations were continuing to ensure further assistance. He appealed to all organisations dealing with humanitarian issues to extend all possible aid to Jordan which is taking care

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN (J.T.) — A national committee chaired by Her Majes-

ty Queen Noor Al Hussein has

been formed to coordinate and

follow up all efforts relevant to

the current situation which are

being exerted by the country's

The formation of the commit-

tee was made by representatives

of the main voluntary organisa-

tions in the country during a

meeting held at the invitation of

the Queen at Al Ma'wa Palace

The committee comprises rep-

resentatives of the General Un-

ion of Voluntary Societies, the

General Federation of Jordanian

Women, the Jordan Red Cres-

cent Society, the Queen Alia

Social Welfare Fund, the Federa-

tion of Business and Professional

Women's Clubs, the Noor Al

Hussein Foundation and the Fed-

eration of Young Women's

Christian Associations in Jordan,

as well as the director general of

the Jordan Cooperative's Orga-

In a speech at the beginning of

the meeting, the Queen said she

called for the meeting "so that we

may sit together to deliberate on

how we can support official

efforts and the home front during

the current circumstances, as well

voluntary sector.

Wednesday morning.

rying in the march Wednesday

UNICEF office on the Third Circle, where a letter of appeal Deputy Regional Director of Fisher. The letter will then be handed to UNICEFs headbe discussed in order to "meet humanitarian needs of the

Fisher, who addressed the children after receiving the letter said that they were working within their (UNICEF's) capacity to insure children's rights. 'Peace, family protection and food are all rights of children all over the world. and we, as a world organ-

UNICEF was trying to encourage non-governmental groups to combine their works in order to help the Iraqi children. "UNICEF is part of the U.N., that is why we have to deal directly with governments. We only respond to appeals made by these governments, but un-fortunately the Iraqi government has not made any formal appeal to the United Nations yet. The minute the appeal is

made we will respond immediately," Fisher added. Fisher also assured the children that UNICEF regional offices in world countries were watching the situation and would act immediately "to do everything possible for the Iraai children."

Asked about the help extended to the refugees who dan. Fisher said that the appeal of the Jordanian government to the UNICEF was answered. "We supplied the refugees with drugs, tents, medicines and water containers," Fisher

"This march is carrying a message to the world, we want everyone to know that nine million Iraqi children are suf-fering from lack of food and medicine," Abdullah Khatib. president of the General Union of Voluntary Society, the organiser of the march, told the Jordan Times.

About two thousand five hundred children from all parts of the Kingdom participated in

She called upon all Jordanians expected to become a focal point for information and services in case of emergency. Thus, the NHF proposed strategy stresses, tthe community will be organised, it will be trained and it will have solidarity and unity." From this training and community organisation, the strategy suggests, the local community "will be able

> Civil defence training, according to this integrated approach, will be given in cooperation with the Civil Defence Department.In both cases, emphasis will be placed on "practical, rather than theoretical aspects.'

to identify and address emergen-

The economics and rationing component of the training programme," aims at raising the awareness and the skills of women in such areas as conservation of food, energy and water, as well as the safe storage of food.

Women will also be trained in domestic ways and means of producing homemade foods from domestic animals and home agriculture. They will be encouraged to grow domestic animals and keep small home gardens where they can plant vegetables and fruits for their families' daily con-

Children protest food, medicine embargo on Iraq

He then added that the

By Serene Halasa

AMMAN — "Thatcher, Thatcher, milk snatcher" read one of the many banners Jordanian children were carprotesting the shortage of foodstuff and medicine to Iraqi children because of the embar-

by the U.N. Security Council against Iraq. The march proceeded to the

was handed to the UNICEF in Jordan Nigel quarter office in New York to

Iraqi children," Fisher said. human beings to join us in strong condemnation of this aggression which shall subject the children of Iraq to distress and pain and their very existence to untold dangers," the letter

isation, are committed to secure these rights," Fisher

children of Iraq, I don't want them to starve or die," said a little girl who took part in the march. Foreign children in Jordan also walked with Jordanian children in support of their humanitarian appeal to the world. "There are about 500 foreign children marching with us," Khatib said.

"U.N. not U.S." "Arab children have rights too," How many kids live on a barrel of "Implement U.N. resolution by withdrawing Israeli forces from Palestine," read the many banners the children were carrying in the march.

"We believe that when there is a blockade forced on any country, food and medical supplies should not be included in that blockade," Khatib said. He also added that the voluntary societies in Jordan have got in touch with many other voluntary societies in the world in order to help the Iraqi children. One of the societies is the World Congress of Philanthropists. "I got a message from them today (Wednesday) informing me that they are following what is going on in Jordan towards helping Iraqi children, and they are thinking of forming lobby groups in the United States to help support this humanitarian appeal," Khatib said.

Khatib also added that the General Union of Voluntary Society had taken part in collecting food and medicine to send to Iraqi children. "The response from Jordanians is great," he said.

353 U.N. staff evacuate the Gulf area in one week

By Lime Nabil Special to the Jordan Times

AAMMAN — A batch of 23 United Nations officials stationed in Iraq or Kuwait have arrived in Amman to join a group of 353 U.N. employees who had evacuated the Gulf region in the past week and are awaiting arrangements for their transportation

The officials who arrived Tresday have been working at the Baghdad-based Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) and are being cared for by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) in Amman, according to

an agency official.

He said that another batch of U.N. officials working with ESCWA or the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) would be arriving here from Iraq in the coming few days.

UNRWA, which has been contributing to the care and accommodation of thousands of eyacuees being put up at the Amman International Fair Centre and other places, said that it offered the Jordanian government to provide experts in sanitation and sanitary problems resulting from the presence of thousands of expatriates in the country, the offi-

He said that the agency was man International Fair collection awaiting the government's re-sponse before taking the next Meanwhile, he said, a gn

Aqaba highway. At the Amman International Fair Centre, the largest collection point near Amman, UNRWA has been supplying medical supplies, medical treatment and light meals to cater for the needs of the

which is located on the Amman-

About 1,000 sandwiches a day

address:

Meanwhile, he said, a group of

step in this regard, and could start 25 scouts from UNRWA's with the Talibieh refugee camp schools, together, with a selected schools, together, with a selected number of teachers, were maintaining their assistance at the

In addition, UNRWA is offering assistance to Medecins Sans Frontieres," a voluntary organisation participating in emergency aid to evacuees gathered in Jordan, the official continued. He said that the agency's other conare prepared at Baqaa refugee camp's supplementary feeding centre and distributed at the Am-

Industrialists condemn blockade on Agaba

By Ziyad Al Shilleh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Jordanian industrial sector has voiced its condemnation of Western powers' moves designed to blockade the sea port of Aqaba, preventing Jordanian imports of food commodities from reaching the King-dom and said it was determined to thwart the campaign.

In a statement following a meeting at the Amman Chamber of Industry representatives of the industrial sector and businessmen expressed their total support for the Iraqi people in the face of invading American forces and their allies, and said that they were determined to pursue all efforts to ensure continuous supplies of food and other commodities through the port of Aqaba.

concerned Jordanian authorities should take measures to guarantee the reshipment of Jordanian goods, destined for Jordan, that have been unloaded at Egyptian,

Saudi and Greek ports. It suggested the use of 2000 tonne vessels to reship these goods from the foreign and Arab ports to Aqaba.

Various issues related to import/export operations through duced energy consumption under

meeting which was chaired by chamber President Khaldoun and protect the environment. Abu Hassan.

Abn Hassan told the meeting that everything possible should be done to ensure the continuous flow into Jordan of primary materials used in the Jordanian industry and to upgrade production and improve quality.

Abu Hassan demanded re-

urged factories to remove waste

The meeting coincided with a statement by the Jordanian Manitime: Shipping Agents Asso-ciation which appealed to importers to exercise pressure on ship owners to disregard foreign threats and maintain their maritime services with the Aqaba

OBITUARY

The Jordan Office of Sir Frederick Snow deeply regrets to announce the death of:

MR. MICHAEL E. SNOW One of its Main Board of Directors who died in

London on Sunday 26 August, 1990. Messages of condolences may be sent to the following

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U.N. shows the way

IRAQI President Saddam Hussein's decision to release all foreign women and children is another indication from him that he is willing to go more than half way to resolve the Kuwaiti conflict. United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar is scheduled to raise the continued presence of foreign nationals in Iraq when he meets with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz in Amman today or tomorrow.

Mr. Perez de Cuellar will have ample opportunity to deal with the fundamentals of the Gulf crisis instead of side issues. In this vein it would not be prodent or realistic to insist that Iraq implement all the five United Nations Security Council resolutions before any substantial talks can be held with Baghdad. If Iraq is to implement all these resolutions beforehand, then there would be nothing left to negotiate or talk about. The Iraqi invasion of Kuwait is not the first invasion of its kind, nor might it be the last. None of the past situations involving the use of force was resolved by an automatic implementation of relevant U.N. resolutions and prior to negotiations.

The United Nations secretary general is an able and experienced international statesman who knows very well the rules of the game. Since there is a long standing conflict between Iraq and Kuwait that goes back many decades, it would be much more beneficial to tackle these root issues and disagreements at the negotiating table before Iraq is called upon to heed the will of the international community.

There are many options available to the parties concerned on how to proceed with such negotiations. The Soviet foreign minister suggested recently that an international conference be held on the Middle East with a view to tackling the crisis. Other formulae can be proposed to this effect as well. It would therefore be atterly irresponsible and certainly unrealistic - to ask for a roll back and nothing else in view of the complex issues involved and without first conducting meaningful negotiations leading to a neaceful resolutions of all the dimensions of the conflict. Surely Mr. Perez de Cuellar knows by now the background of the U.S. military intervention in the region and how it has come about. The issue is not strictly that of an Arab army invading another Arab state. As events unfold in the Middle East and more accurate information is obtained about the real situation and the circumstances surrounding and leading up to it, the U.N. secretary general would have the right chance to assess for himself what the next step should be and how to go about taking it.

On his visit to Amman, and based on his talks with Mr. Aziz, Mr. Perez de Cuellar would get a first-hand account of how an unconditional Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, as the Bush administration demands, is an impossible condition to meet, given the heavy presence of U.S.-led foreign troops in Saudi Arabia and the Gulf and the absence of solid guarantees that Iraq will not be attacked in the intervening

Furthermore, a withdrawal of Iraqi troops in itself is not a straightforward proposition, as Crown Prince Hassan was saying in an interview yesterday. The problem between Iraq and Kuwait dates back to the end of World War I, and thus has complex historical dimensions. And if the talk is centred on a pullback, Baghdad will want to know where to withdraw since the Iraqis and the Kuwaitis have never reached agreement on their common borders. With this in mind. Mr. Perez de Cuellar will have more on his mind than just doing what the Americans want him to do. Our hope remains, though, that much-needed progress can still be made in his talks with Mr. Aziz, for the sake of everybody

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

WITH the start of the De Cuellar-Aziz talks in Amman Thursday a new phase of diplomacy will have been launched to reach a peaceful settlement for the Gulf crisis, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily. It is regrettable to hear George Bush announcing that his country. does not expect much from such talks which to other nations of the world are warmly welcomed since they open the way for peace, the paper noted. For its part, Jordan which is spearheading pan-Arab efforts to contain the crisis is hosting the meeting with confidence that Iraq and the United Nations will work out a formula that could bring about peace, the paper continued. It is gratifying to see Arab countries of North Africa voicing backing for Jordan's efforts at a time when the peace of the world is threatened and when such efforts could be the last ray of hope for all parties involved in the crisis, said the paper. Jordan hopes that countries invading the Arab waters and lands will now open the way for peace and encourage the U.N. secretary general in his efforts to achieve that end, the paper added. The Arab masses, it said, also hope that the United Nations will take Iraqi initiative which links the Gulf crisis to the occupation of Palestine into consideration while trying to find a final solution to the region's

Following President Saddam Hussein's initiative to end the Gulfcrisis, an initiative which linked Iraq's withdrawal from Kuwait to Israel's withdrawal from Palestinian land, every citizens in the Arab World has been asking the question: Why has the international community failed to do justice to the Palestinians although a U.N. Security Council resolution to that effect was passed 23 years ago? according to columnist Bader Abdul Haq.
Writing in Al Ra'i daily, Abdul Haq says that despite the dangerous situation in the Gulf and the looming war, Saddam Hussein did not forget Palestine which he demanded to be liberated from Israeli occupation if any solution to the Gulf crisis is to be achieved. If it took the international community led by the American president a few hours or days to rally huge forces in the Gulf to confront Iraq, why had the international community including the United States fail to deal with the Palestine question for 23 years? the writer asks. It is regrettable to see the world community, including certain Arab countries, forgetting all about the Palestinians and their right,

Perez de Cuellar can contribute a lot towards peace while here

By Yacoub Joury

The writer is a retired resident representative of UNDP. He has served in many countries in Asia, Africa and the Carri-

ON THE EVE of U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cueilar's important visit to Iordan, I, as a retired Resident Representative of the United Nations Development Prog-ramme (UNDP), who has served with the United Nations for over 20 years, and who continues to entertain a strong belief in the principles of the United Nations and its charter, would like to point out to him a few suggestions and thoughts in the hope that they will receive his kind attention.

At the outset, may I express my sincere hope for a successmission, the results of peoples of the Middle East and the world at large the scourge of a devastating and horren-dous war. The Secretary isolation or pieceme General is no doubt full familiar with the problems of the

region which go back for centuries. The countries of the region have a history of more than 400 years of colonisation first by Turkey, then by England, France, Italy and Israel. The resulting problems still fester. Millions of people in the region continue to live under the United Nations. conditions engendered by this Major problems which need colonisation: conflict, threat,

Even a cursory look at the

insecurity, statelessness, disen-

franchisement, and occupa-

region is beset by many major problems and conflicts are inter-related and impinge and react one on the other. Few, if any, of these problems can be effectively solved in

May I, therefore, venture to suggest that these problems be and be resolved in their totality under auspices of the United

Permanent peace and stabil-ity in the Middle East can only be achieved if these problems are addressed as a whole on the basis of the principles of

to be resolved are: 1. The Palestine-Israeli con-

flict and the implementation of Security Council Resolutions solutions pertaining to the

2. The annexation by Israel of Syrian territory — the Golan Heights - and its occupation of South Lebanon. 3. The resolution of the Iraq-

4. Withdrawal of all foreign troops from the area where their presence can become a flashpoint in a major con-

5. Removal and exclusion of all nuclear, biological, chemical, and star war devices from

6. The rational and equitable management and regulation of the water resources of the area. The regional conflict over water is likely to become a major source of confrontation in the not-too-distant fu-

7. The establishment of an oil strategy whereby the in-terests of the oil producers as well as the oil consumers are

taken into account. 8. The establishmen oil fund which will help inance development in the less en-dowed and developed countries of the region.

The Middle East is a very important and strategic area, and events - past and present - have clearly shown that it is the area most likely to be the flashpoint of a future world conflagration. The friction, tension, and anger engentlered by the continued presence of these unresolved aituations have turned the area into a powder keg which may crupt and moment.

It is time that the United

the long outstanding Middle Eastern problems become a top priority. I am comfident that the United Nations has the necessary instrumentalities to undertake this urgent dask; under your guidance. During his incumbency as a

- the total issue - and that

Secretary General of the United Nations, Mr. Perez de Cucilar has shown a great capacity for statesmanship conpled with the wisdom of a great humanitarian; an ideal com-bination to lead the United Nations in this important and worthy endeavour.

May we all wish him success in his continuous and sincese efforts to bring about lasting peace and stability to this wife-tile region and the whole

War or peace hangs on U.N. chief's mission

By Anthony Goodman

Reuter UNITED NATION -- War or peace in the Gulf could hang on the outcome of a mission this week by a 70-year-old Peruvian diplomat known for his persistence and a passion for classical music.

When U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez De Cuellar holds talks in Amman on Thursday with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz, he will bring with him nearly 50 years' experience in the art of diplomacy and almost nine years at the belm of the world orga-

As the United States, together with European and some Arab countries, mass forces in the Gulf in response to Iraq's invasion of Knweit, the secretary general's initiative offers a slim, possibly last hope of avoiding a shooting

Iraq's Tareq Aziz is no stran-ger to Perez De Cuellar. The two met repeatedly when the U.N. chief, in a bid to end the Iran - Iraq war, held separate negotiating sessions with their foreign ministers.

The Iran-Iraq ceasefire in August 1988, 13 months after the Security Council adopted a plan to end the fighting, was one of the secretary general's

Perez De Cuellar and Tareq Aziz continued to meet, in New York, Geneva and other

By 1962, he had attained the rank of ambassador and has headed Peru's embassies to Switzerland, the Soviet Union, Poland and Venezuela. From 1971 to 1975, he served as his

country's U.N. representative. Perez De Cuellar was a compromise candidate for the post of U.N. secretary general after his predecessor, Kurt Waldheim, now president of Austria, ran into repeated Chinese vetoes in his bid for an unprecedented third five-year

Beijing insisted it was time for a third world diplomat to head the world organisation and Perez De Cuellar, as a Peruvian, had immaculate credentials

In 1986, at the age of 66, he had a quadruple coronary bypass operation that led to speculation he might not run again. But he was soon back in harness and elected to a second five-year term that began in January 1987.

Born in Lima, Peru, on January 19, 1920, Perez De Cuellar is a lawyer by training. In addition to his native Spanish, he speaks excellent French, fluent if accented English, Portuguese acquired during service in Brazil and, by his own admission, rusty Italian.

His main diversions are literature, which he also studied at university, and classical music. Bach, Beethoven, Mozart and Schubert are his favourite comtruce into a final settlement... A private, somewhat retiring man, less than spellbinding as an orator, Perez De Cuellar describes himself as a "very calm person" - a judgment

confirmed by his aides. "A U.N. secretary general must, above all things, remain serene," he said during a recent two-week trip to Latin America in response to critics who suggested his place during the Gulf crisis was back at U.N. headquarters.

Displaying one of his acerbic flashes, he told reporters: "If I am not in New York, it is because my presence is not totally indispensable since they invented the telephone a long time ago and they have just invented the telefax"

In diplomacy, as in other spheres, timing is all, he be-

Only after the security council, in an unprecedented display of unity, had gavelled through five resolutions aimed at Iraq, did he judge the moment ripe to jump into the arena with his own personal

Widely respected and trusted, Perez De Cuellar will be drawing on a background that has taken him from a part-time post in the Peruvian foreign ministry while still a 20-year-old law student to service in his country's embassies in France, Britain, Bolivia and

hose side is time on

By Bernd Debusmann

WASHINGTON - As president George Bush ponders his options in the Gulf crisis, a key question hangs over the choice between war and peace: Does time favour the United States

It is a question with so many imponderables that neither the Pentagon's huge computers nor the State Department's legious of political crystal ballgazers have been able to provide an argument convincing caough to serve as a firm basis for policy.

On one side of the debate, analysts say, are those who hold that time works against Washington because the U.S. oublic has no stomach for prolonged conflict in faraway places and because the unprecedented international front against Iraq forged by Bush cannot last very long.

On the other side are those who say time is on the side of the United States because U.N.-imposed sanctions against Iraq has shown signs of being so effective that President Saddam Hussein has begun searching for a face-saving way out of the crisis.

Both sides of the argument could be based on false premises.

Opinion polls show that the overwhelming majority of Americans is opposed to a swift military strike, contrary to conventional wisdom which says the U.S. public is hungry

for quick solutions. In Turn, Saddam's ability to

withstand an international blockade largely depends on Iraq's stocks of food grains and estimates of that vary, from expert to expect, from two to six months.

At least over the next few weeks, U.S. military options appear relatively limited, despite the biggest build-up of forces since the Vietnam war.

Experts say that the 60,000odd troops now deployed in the Gulf are sufficient to deter Iraq from attacking Saudi Arabia but would have no hope of success in an offensive agains Iraqi troops in occupied

Even once a continuing seal and airlift brings U.S. forces to more than 100,000, the number now frequently mentioned, they would be below the two to one superiority many U.S. field commanders consider necessary for assured success. Iraq has 150,000 troops in

In the long run, there are few doubts that the United States would win a war against Iraq even though it has an army of a million people, good air defences and a population used to hardships.

But judging from Saddam Hussein's actions and statements over the past week, he is crossing President Bush's "line in the sand" which would trigger a U.S. military response. Policy analysts say that in the absence of a huge provoca-

tion - such as killing American hostages — any military action initiated by the United States would have an unacceptably high political price both athome and abroad.

In the Middle East, an American first-strike is seen as a virtual guarantee that the Arab states which have sided. with Washington, deploying token forces to stand side byside with the Americans, would withdraw their support.

internationally, both the Soviet Union and Western Europe have made clear their preference for a combinationof tough diplomacy and a tight blockade to force Saddam to his knees.

Domestically, Bush and his administration are insisting that they would not allowstrategy decisions to be infinof American and other foreign According to a public poll

cent of Americans support an interest on trace positions if fear breaks out - even if American bostages would be targets.

Still, many analysts here find. it difficult to visualise Bush ordering air strikes that might result in television images of American women and children being blown to pieces by

"Saddam has take tion) away from us," former Central Intelligence Agency: Chief Stansfield Turner said recently. "We are not going to bomb our own people."

Egyptians, 599 Filipinos, 594

Sudanese, 559 Indians, 444 Sy-

rians, 252 Lebanese, 186 Sri

Lankans, 121 Yugoslavs and

According to Ministry of In-

King in Mauritania

(Continued from page 1)

Th meeting was attended by. Badran, Sharif Zeid and Abu

The King urges a dialogue leading to Iraqi withdrawal from Knwait and Western forces from the region. An Arab peacekeeping force would be deployed in Knwait and outstanding disputes with Iraq would be solved by

negotiations.

King Hussein met Mauritanian leader Maaouya Ould Sid'ahmad Taya shortly after arriving in Nouakchott. Details of their talks were not disclosed. He was due to leave for Morocco later in the

The Monarch then plans to visit Britain, France, Italy, Spain and West Germany.

Arafat offers mediation

(Continued from page 1)

Point four of the peace plan refer-red to "the withdrawal of American and other foreign forces and their replacement with international forces under the flag of the United National and within their framework, without ambiguity or obscurity."

The PLO had previously demanded that Arab forces replace the U.S.-dominated troops currently deployed

In Amman, the head of the PLO's Information Department Yasser Abed Rabbo, said Wednesday efforts were being made at the highest levels to reach a solution to the Gulf crisis within an Arab framework.

"Contacts between Jordan and the PLO are continuing to realise tan Arab solution," he told a press con-The foreign invasion for the Arab

Gulf region forms a threat to the whole Arab Nation," he said and affirmed that there "is still a chance to reach a balanced political settle-ment" of the problem. He said the "elements for such a settlement exist in Iraqi President Saddam Russein's initiative."

A solution to the Gulf crisis, he said, "cannot be separated from the other issues in the Middle East region and the Palestine question."
"The Americans thought they had

it under control by suspending the dialogue with the PLO, but the explosion came from somewhere else they never expected," he said. Abed Rabbo called for protecting and maintaining the Arab wealth and to utilise it to serve Arab issues. He also called all the national blocs in the Arab World to work in unison with the friendly powers to be able to face the foreign intervention in the region and pointed out that any American attack against Iraq "will not be a happy journey, but a com-plete fire that will open on several

He said the "danger should be countered by preparing for an Arab and international stand to prevent eggression and war. 'All the countries in the region will be affected if a war took place."

Arab ministers (Continued from page 1)

Foreign ministers of the five-member Arab Maghreb Union (AMU) will meanwhile meet Thursday in Algiers, with the goal of finding a common position on the Gulf crisis, diplomats said.

The union comprises Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia.

Algerian President Chadli Benjedid condemned Iraq's invasion of Kuwait but has since pushed the idea of resolving it within a common Arab context. He holds the union's

rotating presidency. Saudi Foreign Minister Saud Al Faisal met with Algerian Foreign Minister Sid Ahmad Al Ghzali in Algiers to brief him about Riyadh's position before the meeting Thursday. The Cairo meeting is sche-

duled to start at 7 p.m. (1600 GMT) at the Nile-side Semiramis hotel.

Western diplomats said they

expected Egypt to use the meeting mainly to keep pressure on Iraq and bolster support for Saudi Arabia. They said a big diplomatic breakthrough was unlikely.

Egypt has been leading a campaign in the Arab World to force Iraq to withdraw its troops from Kuwait and restore the government ousted by Baghdad's Aug. 2 invasion. Iraq, which Tuesday desig-

nated Kuwait as its 19th province, termed the Cairo meeting illegal because it was not unanimously supported by 21 Arab League members. "The meeting which Cairo

called for is illegal ... because it is based on a legally invalid resolution which did not win manimity as required under the Arab League charter." Baghdad Radio quoted Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz as saying.

Cairo says such a meeting requires only majority approv-

U.N. chief, Aziz to hold formal talks at the U.N. Wednesday, he

a telephone call from the president of the United States, and he gave me encouragement in my efforts and he wished me well," Peres de Cuellar rold reporters.

The U.N. chief has said that he would insist on imple-mentation of a series of United Nations Security Council resolutions as the basic approach to any means to resolve the Gulf crisis. He said he was "very much interested in seeing that the Iraqis are prepared to implement all five resolutions" adopted by the Security Council since the Iraqi takeover of Kuwait on Aug.

In brief remarks to reporters

declined to comment on what his approach would be if Iraq insisted that the Kuwaiti-Iraqi merger, further condolidated by an announcement by Baghdad Tuesday that Kuwait was Iraq's 19th province. "I do not want to do or say anything which will undermine my chances of succeeding," he said. However, Tuesday's Iraqi declaration "in a way was not extremely helpful," he

Officials said it was likely that Perez de Cuellar and Aziz will hold press conferences after their talks but doubted there could be a joint press

In Kennebunkport, Maine, U.S. President Bush told a news conference that if Perez de Cuellar could make progress in getting the Iracis out of Kuwait, "so much the better."

concessions to Iraq.

but added: "I am persuaded personal-

mine my efforts."

But he said Saddam's resistance to comply with the resolutions leaves little loope for "fruitful negotiation" in the U.N. sponsored search for a peaceful solution to the Gulf crisis. The president said it was inconceivable that Perez de Cuettar will make

"There is no room for compromise on getting the legitimate government (of Kuwait) back and the illegitimate invaders out," Bush said,
Perez de Cuellar said be bad not yet heard from Bush on his mission,

ly that President Bush will not under-

hostates as human shields this week, more than 50 per

American bombs.

Brake on evacuee flow

(Continued from page 1)

150,000 before the Iraqi takeover on Aug. 2. Reports from Tehran mean-

while indicated that hundreds of Asians — mostly Indians, Pakistanis, Sri Lankans and Bangladeshis — had passed across the border from Iraq. and the flow could pick up momentum in the next few days after news reaches those in Kuwait that the border was

According to a statement issued later 9,798 people arrived Wednesday. Of the total, 5,860 were

terior Under-Secretary Salameh Hammad, who chairs a national committee in charge of the evacuating process, the

102 Yemenis.

number of evacuees cur-rently in the Kingdom is 64,549 excluding Egyptians. Hammad said evacuees staying at two camps between Rweished border post and

Trebeel in Iraq number 35,000.

LETTER

U.N. and evenhandedness should go hand-in-hand

To: H.E. Mr. Javier P. de Cuellar

Your Excellency,

We take the opportunity of your visit to Jordan to enclose this appeal to you compiled by members of Bassira-Insight'— a group of women of international origin who are wives and mothers of lorderings.

We feel that it is our duty to speak out against the military escalation and foreign interference in the region. We are equally taken aback by the swift adoption and implementation of U.N. resolutions concerning this crisis, while resolutions 242 and 338, with no less significance, have yet to be implemented twenty-

We are firm believers in the principles of the United Nations Charter and we hope that your visit to the Middle East will confirm our belief and help bring justice and stability to this region, so that our children can look forward to a future of peace

Yours sincerely, Karen Asfour

President BASSIRA-INSIGHT P.O. Box 6367, Amman, Jordan An organisation founded in Jordan in 1982 to promote understanding and awareness of the Middle East

Jordan Limes EEKENDER

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It's a media thriller in Amman

International journalists flood Jordan, with excitement, liveliness, fear and all

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Until a month

ago, Amman was quite a boring place for journalists to be in; that is, for foreign journalists. All that changed literally overnight after Iraq took over Kuwait on Aug. 2. With so many international hacks around nowadays, the atmosphere is lively but also almost scary. It is as if these guys are M here waiting for something to happen, sort of expecting an eruption, a war, at any moment.

For a lot of people however, the atmosphere is exciting. For those of us who like to be in touch with current events - in this case, of course, the Gulf crisis — and who want to throw their opinions at anybody speaking a language other than Arabic, this is a good time and place to be.

Regardless of whether the atmosphere is scary or excitrg, one thing is certain: Jordan is definitely the "in place" for the time being, especially that the international media representatives have access to information and enjoy more foreign press? freedom of movement than in any other relevant place in the

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region.... Jordan was the country in the withe foreign media, there was Arab World to be before the to thing to do that would in-Gulf crisis erupted, particularly during and after last year's free parliamentary elections. ated out of here. In fact, only The local press had a heyday a few months ago, an Amerwith the new democratic era ican TV network, NBC, packin which Jordan had entered. ed up all their equipment and Lournalists had something to write about everyday with no one watching over their shoulders to make sure that what was written did not "offend this government or its officials and establishments." Besides, Jordan began witnessing activities that did not exist only a short while back, and there was so much to write about. Labour disputes were coming out in the open, demonstrations and rallies taking place, union and other elections freely conducted, parliamentarians speaking out against and for everything in existence, and so on.

For those who were not in Jordan during the beginning of the democratisation era. and who arrived here only after the Gulf crisis began four weeks ago (which is the case for most of them), it is

difficult to comprehend, for when their opinion pages carry only one point of view: Opposition to foreign intervention in the Gulf and supporting Iraq. We, in the Jordan Times for instance, are constantly being asked by so many of our international colleagues if our newspaper is simply and unreservedly progovernment, governmentowned, or if we do not enjoy freedom of the press being in

a "Third World" country. It so happens that just about everyone in Jordan now has the same position on the Gulf crisis, and it is therefore по coincidence that this had to be reflected on the Jordan Times' and other newspaper's pages. And if there were any opposition in the country, the Jordan Times (we can only speak for ourselves) would report it. But it is just that such an opposition hardly ex-

Why do we have to explain ourselves? I do not really know. Why do we always have to justify ourselves to the But going back to our ori-

ginal subject about Jordan before the current crisis, one can For the local journalists, ... safely assume that for many in terest their readers, listeners, or TV viewers, if they eperclosed up their office in Amagain with even more equipment than they had before. What surprises many, especially fellow journalists, is that the members of the foreign 'media do not actually observe closely what is happening in the Middle East. Otherwise, how do you explain NBC's chickening out.

Maybe they (NBC) should have been watching the developments in the region more closely before they decided to pack up and leave. After all, the Middle East is always an interesting place for the media to be in at all times. Events just pop up somehow, most of the time unexpectedly. There is an incredible lack of interest from the Western media if no "real action" is happening.

In any case, something is instance, how Jordan's news- happening now in the region, papers can be independent so members of the media have arrived from every corner of the globe to cover the event, and naturally, Jordan was chosen as the base for the majority of them. Amman's good hotels are fully booked by journalists, cameramen, technicians, producers, and even famous American anchormen.

Speaking of anchormen, when ABC Nightline's Ted Koppel (who is not exactly popular in this part of the world because of his "bias against Arabs") arrived at the Intercontinental Hotel, he found no room, so he "had to" stay at the Philadelphia for a few days before he flew to Baghdad. Some, however, (without saying who) believed that Koppel purposely stayed at the Philadelphia so that his competitor at CBS, anchorman Dan Rather, staying at the Intercon, would not discover that he was in town trying to get to Baghdad before Rather did.

Excuse the digression, but it is showbiz for some in the field of news and journalism, and action increases the ratings, makes more money, and so on. The money invested by the major American networks is absolutely amazing and beyond our poor comprehension. But business is business. CBS news budget is close to \$350 million annually, they

Stories to write about With all our colleagues in town, there's quite a few storman, only to come back here ies worth writing about about them, that is. Some are funny, some are not-so-funny, and some are a mixture of both. For example, the only Arab camera crew at CBS experienced a mishap with oil. Two Lebanese cameramen were victims of that evil product. Coming back to Amman from the Iraqi-Jordanian border one day, the Jordanian driver carrying the crew, skidded on oil and the car overturned several times, leaving all three slightly injured. Fortunately, Arabs are a resilient people, and although the oil tried to kill them, they were under. up on their feet the same day

ready to go back to work. From American television on to Australian TV for a moment. An Australian TV ists have had a rough time



It is showbiz for some in the field of news and journalism, and action in-

Iraq in the south. Their experience ended up being a story in itself, and was broadcast on Israeli Television. ssies might never get to know. According to an eyewitness, the crew had been wearing "short trousers," the famous ing gum at the time, and they had probably never been in

this part of the world before. his people's style suggested a probable scenario that led to the terrible situation they ended up in. "They probably asked the demonstrators something like this," he said.

"Why do you support a crazy maniac like Saddam Hussein, and stuck the mike in their faces for a diplomatic answer." May be after spending some more time in Jordan. our friends from down under will understand that a man chewing gum and bluntly asking people who idolise Saddam such a question in such a manner will really go

Whether from down under or up above, there reportedly have been separate incidents where other foreign journalcrew went to cover one of the with demonstrators, particu- Aqaba. Other such questions news at all.

demonstrations in support of larly in the south - namely Ma'an. The Ma'anis can be bitter if they see certain television reports filmed in Jordan and transmitted on Israeli TV. Rregretfully, the Australians The Palestinians here, espewere attacked by stone-throw- cially in the refugee camps ors for some reason the Au-, where similar incidents have been reported, share the same feeling of bitterness when they see "unfair coverage" recorded with the King Aussie boots and were chew- Abdallah Mosque in the background... and broadcast on Israeli Television.

These occurences of aggres-An Australian who knows sion against the Western media are unfortunate, but it would be a good idea if the reporters knew where they were going and who they were seeing before venturing into unknown territory. It is, after all, safer.

Generally speaking, it has been safer for the foreign press to call the Jordan Times when they needed information. In fact, since the beginning of the Gulf crisis, the newspaper has been bombarded with phone calls and visits and questions from representatives of all types of the "yellow press."

thrown at the Jordan Times by a certain "yellow" newsare too embarrassing to recite

The problem was often that the foreign press was at times (on certain days) bored with lack of news in Jordan, and decided to pack up and leave as NBC did some months ago. And it's probably better - at least for us - for "low-quality" press to leave than to dig up stories that might really start a conflict.

One must admit though that during the first week of the Gulf crisis, the Western media's reporting in general was more emotional and "sensationalised" than it is today. One American journalist in a news agency said that he brought his Afghan clothes with him to Jordan because it appeared as though war would break out at any moment and the Americans would be targets for the xenophobics here. He thought his Afghan clothes would be a good guise if he would have to escape from the country. Now that hack laughs when he talks about it.

The Gulf crisis has brought media, including those from us all these journalists to Jordan, and it's too bad that we One of the questions only see them during such a crisis. But I guess we just have to accept the fact about jourpapermen asked if Russia was nalism that only bad news is blockading the Gulf of news and that good news is no Manager Manager and Carlot

COMPETITION TO ACCOMMODATE HACKS: The traditional hang-out for journalists when they come to Jordan is usually the International Hotel, and now it's bursting at the seams with them. So much so in fact that telephone lines there are busy 24 hours a day. But with the Gulf crisis, the hotel now faces a tough competition from the Amman Marriott Hotel. In a bid to beat the Intercon in offering hospitality to the hacks, a press office has been set up with all kinds of gadgets and screens. The Marriott does not intend to stop at just supplying tickers for the main news agencies: Reuters, Associated Press, Agence-France Presse, and Jordan's Petra News Agency. It is going as far as installing a TASS (Soviet News Agency), telex machine which will be available not only for Soviet journalists who are flocking here, but for everybody interested in monitoring Soviet policies too. According to the Marriott's management, the interest the hotel has taken in foreign journalists is already attracting attention. They say that there are already 150 members of the media staying there. The hotel is also attracting the attention of Journalists by offering them special rates for accommodation, and installing direct telephone lines for those who want them. Wether Intercon or Marriott or any other hotel in Amman, let's just hope that they (tthe hotels) will be around when the next Middle East crisis breaks loose.

PRESSPHOBIA JUSTIFIED: With so many members from the foreign media in town, Jordanians may have begun to suffer from "foreign pressphobia." This is not a result of the journalists' presence here; rather, the "phobia" is a function of stories being sent out by them. Unfortunately, some of these stories are etiher made up, acted out or downright false and misleading. A Jordanian woman called the Jordan Times earlier this week, expressing disbelief at what she had seen that day. She was at a gas station waiting to be attended to when a rented Mercedes pulled up there. A foreign TV crew got out, along with their equipment, approached "a worker they apparently had known before, dressed him up in a "dishdash (thobe)" and a white "hatta (kuffiyeh)" and handed him a gas hose and started filming him on camera. The woman "informer." after doing some research, concluded that the scene being staged was concocted to show the false image that a once-rich Kuwaiti now had to work as a poor gas pump attendant. How professional!

* * *

* * * * CHANGE OF DRESS: Incidentally, many Kuwaitis were stranded here when the Gulf crisis broke out and they couldn't go back. But it has been observed that those from Kuwait and other Gulf countries are injustifiably afraid of showing where they come from. Most of them have taken off their traditional Arab dress, which they mostly wear during the summer heat, and have resorted to Western clothes instead. There is really nothing to fear in Jordan. "Gulphobia" does not really exist here," contended one veteran observer, "and pictures of Jerusalem, King Hussein or the Jordanian flag on cars from Saudi Arabia and the Gulf, as was seen in one of the hotel parking lots in Amman."

* * * * PROTESTS FIZZLE OUT: In the first few days after Iraq entered Kuwait; Kuwaitis in dordan were active in opposing the Iraqi aggression against their small oil-rich state. A couple of demonstrations were staged by the Kuwaitis, and posters of the emir were plastered on the outside of the embassy walls. That lasted only a few days. Now there are no posters of the emir, and the voice of the Kuwaitis has not been heard since. We hope our Kuwaiti brothers are

BACK ON TRACK: Going back to the subject of conjured up stories by some Western television people, another "informer," but this time a Western reporter, told us that he witnessed another acted-out "movie" being filmed at the airport, where Egyptian refugees from Iraq and Kuwait were waiting to take a flight back home. A television crew threw food on the floor and had the Egyptians pick it up and eat it while they captured the scene on film to portray that poor Egyptians were so hungry because they couldn't get anything to eat in Jordan. And the "foreign press phobia" is not justified? They ask.

doing fine though.

* * *

THE SAGA GOES ON: The story of our international colleagues not getting it exactly right continues with an American (not necessarily from the northern part of the continent) journalist, who obviously did not do his homework before coming to Jordan to cover the Gulf crisis. He thought that in order to go to Iraq, one has to go to Israel first. He asked one member of the Jordan Times staff if it was easier to cross the bridge in order to go to Iraq. The question was made the editor blink before thinking to himself that maybe that journalist should have looked at the map of the region before coming here. The editor commented later that he did not mind providing information and answering questions to foreign journalists who needed it, but to be asked whether Israel and Iraq were neighbours was too much for him to handle.

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A BITE OFF THE CUFF: There's a saying going around town amongst Jordanians: "every time Iraq shows goodwill towards allowing foreigners to leave Iraq and Kuwait, Jordan twitches with pain." More and more people are being let out of Iraq and the huge numbers are coming through Jordan. The Ministry of Supply sometime ago issued a statement comforting Jordanians that there was enough supply of food. When reports indicated that another quarter of a million refugees were arriving, the government sought the help of representatives of the people to quell the fears of shortages. So the parliament issued another statement reassuring the people that there was plenty of food in stock. If Iraq continues to express humanitarian gestures in allowing its foreign guests to leave, the Jordanian xenophobia might just turn into xeno-cannibalism. We hope not.

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BINARY PREVENTIVE MEDICINE: According to a columnist at Al Dastour daily, Jordanian doctors have recently been asked for advice by American doctors on the best way to treat sun strokes suffered by American troops now stationed in the Arabian Desert. The Jordanian doctors' answer was: "the best prescription is that they (American troops) go back to their country. It is the only guarantee against sun stroke and other devastating illnesses and injuries." How true the story is, we don't really know. The prescription, however, sounds just right.

By Sana Atiyeb

Hungarian teachers relearn country's altered past

By Zoltan Vardy Reuter

BUDAPEST — Hungarian teacher Eva Bank taught the same ideologically-skewed history to her pupils for the first quarter century of her ercer.

"You had to be careful to follow the text," she recalls. Now, as Hungary takes its first steps as a modern multiparty democracy after dumping communism last October and holding free elections this spring, history is being rewrit-

And teachers are having to re-learn their country's history to teach in their clas-.

STOOMS. The Communist Party. which ruled alone for more than four decades after taking phwer in 1948, moulded history to fit its own Marxist

ideology-History books emphasised, proletarian uprisings, dispara-

heralded Soviet might while distorting or ignoring events a Communist "people's reinterpreted differently or re- public." garded as far more important by less ideologically-bound historians.

"As recently as 1982, the term "holocaust" was not printed in texts and details of what Nazi Germany did during World War II were glossed over in a few loose para-

King Stephen, who united the country in the year 1000 and was later canonised, was stripped of his sanctity and his previously-recognised place as founder of the Hungarian na-

And the 1956 uprising against hardline Communist rule, quelled by an invasion of counter-revolution until just

the old guard, becoming a Reuters.

ged Western capitalism and simple republic committed to multi-party politics instead of

Now the centre-right coali-. tion government in power since May refers to the uprising as a "revolution."

History books are being rewritten, and teachers in both primary and secondary schools are for the first time allowed to provide a pluralistic view of Hungary's past.

Deep-seated ideology, inadequate teaching materials and self-doubt may make the transition difficult, however.

"I am part of a generation that was raised in the Marxist spirit since infancy," said Bank, who teaches 14 to 18year-olds in Budapest.

"We learned Marxist his-Soviet tanks, was branded a tory in school, we read from texts written in this spirit ... so when we became teachers, we But Hungary has ditched couldn't deviate," she told Association (HHA), a 123year-old organisation of scholars, is helping to ease their uncertainty by providing seminars on historical events

This spring, a panel of experts spoke to 1,200 teachers on history since 1945, while 600 people attended a seminar on Hungary between the wars

held this summer.

The week-long courses bave received good reviews. "The seminars introduce

you to the newest scholarly conclusions and fill the gaps in your knowledge," says Agnes Gabor, a veteran teacher of 37 vears.

But only about 20 per cent of Hungary's 10,000 primary and secondary school history teachers have taken advantage of the opportunity, which costs around 2,000 forints (\$30), or about 15 per cent of

The Hungarian History the average monthly salary for began work on a history teachers. "Those who don't take the

courses will suffer a major disadvantage," says Otto Szabolcs, director of the HHA or eras likely to cause most and coordinator of the seminar programme.

"The lectures stray significantly from the present text materials and what the experts here say will be printed only in a couple of years. These courses represent the de-Marxisation of history."

Some glaring factual errors in textbooks have already been crased in editions published last autumn. "These changes help on a

very limited basis," Szabolcs says. "But they don't solve the conceptual problems. For this you need to write an entirely new book."

A panel of four distinguished Hungarian historians - including former Minister of Culture Ferenc Glatz -

manuscript three years ago. It is due to be completed next month, but textbooks drawn from it will not be

available before 1992. In the meantime, teachers must fill the gap from their own knowledge, from magazines for the teaching profession and from a few

government-published pam-

phlets. Many historians fear an over-reaction could create a situation as unfavourable as Hungary's forced reliance on Marxist ideology for 40 years.

"I hope we don't go to extremes and say that there is no such thing as Marxism in history," says Szabolcs.

"We must realise that there are different ideologies that make for unique historical approaches ... and that Marxism is now just one of the many."

The Sheltered Life

By Maha Addasi

Dont't get me wrong. Parents always mean well. They always do what's best for you. Although SOMETIMES. and that's uderlined, and in capital letters, just sometimes, the things parents do don't seem to be to your best advantage.

The this for an example. While your're growing up, you find that your parents shelter you, then shelter you some more. Then a little more still. After that you become completely dependent on them, and you're ready to crawl into a hole, they ship you off to college.

When you get to college you're completely unprepared, except for a volume titled "Ten thousand commandments"

authored by your mother. The book as indicated by the orginal title, spills forth with row after rambling row of advice.

Later, as I leaf through the book of commandments I find, to my horror of horrors that one commandment is missing. One that I have lived to learn about the hard way: "Thou shalt see that the bills are paid for."

As a youngster, you don't hear the word — bill. Oh no. Your innocent ears are not to hear that four-letter-word. Papa pays the bills, and mama makes sure your itsy bitsy little eyes never glimpse those awful numbers.

Then a month into your college days your mail-box is piled high with envelopes. You think that your best friends have finally remembered your - how naive.

The mail is not exactly from friends. The mail consists of the utility bill, the phone bill, the university fee, need I go on, and a measly post card saying: "We hope all is well, love and kisses, Mumzy, and Dadzy."

You're convinced that the post-card is no coincidence, but an action that is timed to perfection. An act that would make you shake with guilt as you sign the cheques. There are, however, other reasons for shaking, these are that the numbers are unexpected, and that you've never written a

Day limp by and you start to adapt. You're making new friends, doing well in classes and you're feeling less guilty about the bills. It's time to visit the family.

You feel very confident. You dress differently, and your hairstyle is making the fashion statement: "I blend in well with people my age." In your mother's dictionary the hairstyle brings up more worries. All your mother is thinking is, where can she find a comb that would not sprout legs and run off when it sees your hair. While the look on your father's face says it all, "wrong package, send ît back"

In a blink, four years scurry by. In a week you'll be wearing your cap and gown, and you'll scramble across the stage to snatch that expensive piece of paper. You've reached the last notch in your belt of experience. Now you are standing on your own, high-heeled feet ready to face the big bad bills.

But guess what? Your parents just can't get used to this new-found independence. You sense that they have overlooked the fact that your love of hard-Rock music has replaced that for nursery rhymes, and that to you milk moustaches are faded memories.

You shake that thought away, but then your doubts are confirmed. Because in your room there's a hole (remember the one you nearly crawled into). Right above it is a sign. On it, with your parent's handwriting is written in bold, red letters, "welcome home.



Weekend Crossword

Edited by Herb Ettenson



Diagramiess

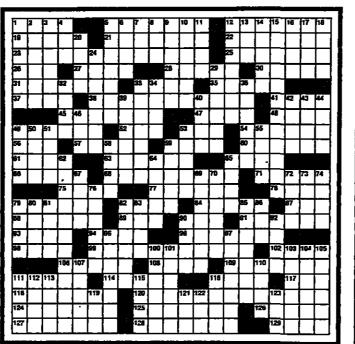
1 Residue 4 Resident: suff. 5 Restaurant check 8 Astringent 9 Yoko — Lennó 10 Zodlac sign 12 Clumsy 17 Indian of Peru 11 Down the coss playing 25 Place for pugliists
7 Seed container
8 Part of Europe
) Sack
1 Nautical word 21 Down the coast 23 Constellation

or naves or the globe 5 Travels from place to place 6 English queen 7 Wet ground 8 Surrounded by 10 Clothing 11 Kazan 16 Deity 17 "— stop loving item 20 Call it -- (qu working) 22 Owl's cry 24 Singing 1

28 Kind of plug 29 Beery or Webster 31 Adam's son 36 Work for Perry

51 Moms' and dads' specialty 53 Allot 54 Sauce for greens 56 III will 57 Ancient 58 Affected

40 Take a leading role 41 Floating Ice mass 42 States of mind 43 Like a bump 43 Like a bump on — 44 Miami's county 46 Normal: abbr. 47 Yery good 48 Stirs violently 51 Tablet 52 Endeavors 55 Soak



Last Week's Cryptograms

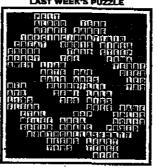
knack to sail to the boundocks and back.

LYMMR, CUAYUCBOY VMPUE VUC KUQEDTRRI STAB DAMP GLOEF GOBBLE GI SLA MYE -By Lois H. Jones

SYOPQU SZ MZRTNSAK GYVMY MONEYS

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4. ZPOUSD AT UZK WILDGAME LDOA, ONXMEOP CZPADX COW SIMP IN SMIP NIX GZPWOK



The prodigal son

"Yesterday when he was young The taste of life was sweet upon his tongue But now he's a little older And his warm eyes have grown colder."

By E. Yaghi

Riyad is very tall, 6'1", thin and fair. His hair is dark blond and he has beautiful deep blu Arab eyes the colour of the Mediterranean Sea. When he was 18-year-old, he was innocent and full of energy and enthusiasm but he took life and love for granted as the younger generation sometimes

He was nonchalant in his attitude towards everything. He was prodigal and wasted his days because he didn't appreciate them or care about them enough. Then he left his lavish style of living and went to America to study for his university degree.

In the plane, on the way to America, this exuberant young man was bursting with excitement and anticipation to see the land of idealistic dreams. He couldn't wait for his journey to finish or the plane to land. His face flushed with expectation while his eyes shone hope of a new world, a

new chance, a new life. When the plane landed, his hopes were crushed under the wheels on the runway at JFK International Airport. His face whitened, his eyes bulged and his heart throbbed. He dismissed his state of uneasiness because he thought he was over-excited and nervous. He tried to calm the panic that crawled in his throat and clutched at his heart. By the time he got through customs, a kind security officer noticed danger written on the youth's face. All Riyad could do was mutter, "water!"

He was rushed by ambulance to one of the many hospitals in New York City. Examination in the emergency room showed his stress to be caused by a collapsed lung. The doctors felt his panic and tried to cool his nerves and said reassuringly, "Welcome to America."

Besieged by Riyad's vehement protests, the doctors nevertheless proceeded to insert a tube into his collapsed and placed him on lung-suction. Later, he had to undergo surgery. His eyes lost the shine, the hope, the excitement. Embittered by surgery but somewhat consoled by the attentive care of the hospital, he began to recover. He found himself blessed by resilience. He secured a part-time job and attended college. He began to have faith in life

Although a foreigner, he worked hard and was serious about his studies. He had to learn to make it on his own because his father couldn't afford to pay all his son's college expenses on his limited income. He became popular at

work and on campus. He learned to talk American and even grew accustomed to American music. His thinking began to change. One bitter cold winter's day, while his feet plowed the icy snow in front of him, his other lung collapsed. A second surgery was resented even more than the first. Riyad felt handicapped, robbed of his stamina and that years of his youth had been carved out of him.

But he was still young and resilient. He slowly recuperated and gained his strength back. He had two long surgical scars and several smaller scars from various tubes for lung suction yet he was alive and began to cherish health dearly.

When he recovered again, he went back to work and his studies, but something deep down in the bottom of his heart gnawed at him. He was homesick and the only ture he could find for homesickness was to return home for a

Even though wary of a further lung collapse, Riyad braved a long journey back to Jordan. He again grew excited, impatient, and was anxious to see his family, relatives and friends. Redeemed by good fortune, he had no physical problems during his flight. He wondered how his surprise visit would strike his parents. Would they be as

happy to see him as he was to see them? On his way home from the airport he thought he remembered the fields greener and folks nicer. Everything seemed changed and strange to him.

Later after the eager anticipation and excitement had emptied out of him, Riyad was left with an American accent and faced with the sharp realisation that he somehow did not think on the same wavelengths as his family and former friends. He didn't quite fit in anymore, he wasn't quite one of "them." He had learned that life wasn't all so simple or innocent at all. It took him two major surgeries, working and studying very hard to learn to appreciate and value each day. Now life wasn't to be taken for granted, but to be cherished, honoured and loved. And what of love itself? Love of family and past friends? He focused all with an awakened vision. He had been the prodigal son who took his youth, money and life for granted. He knew he had changed. He knew he was different. He became anxious to return to America and complete his studies but with a different perspective.

After he had farewell to his beloved yet seemingly transformed family, he returned to his new life, friends, work and study. Now will this young man be able to overcome the two twains in his new life and world? Will he be able to come back someday to Jordan satisfied with conditions as he finds them? Or will he try to improve his country and become an asset? or will he decide to become part of the ever-flowing "brain drain" and dwell forever in the unobtainable land of the expatriate?

Kurosawa finally finds

Japanese money for films

By Yoshiko Mori Reuter

TOKYO — Japan's most acclaimed film director, Akira new lease on life at the age of under way. BU as Jadanese investors rediscover his money-making potential_

Kurosawa has announced the production of his 29th movie, Rhapsody in August, just a few months after the

release of his last, Dreams. "I am very happy I could find sponsors so soon this time. I used to run around the world trying to raise cash to make movies," Kurosawa told a recent news conference.

The major reason for the new-found interest is television, the medium that sent Japan's movie industry into a yet to recover. tailspin in the 1960s.

Kurosawa in demand. According to a film production source, Kurosawa is planning his next film, even before Shochiku Co Ltd, one of

In the heyday of Ja films during the 1950s and the early 1960s, Kurosawa would make a picture a year. In the process, he not only

made money for Japanese studios but won many international prizes including an Academy Award in 1952 for Rashomon, a film about a nobleman's murder set in medieval Japan.

But after the box office failure of Dodesukaden, in 1970, Japanese financing dried up, and the Japanese film industry itself fell further into a slump from which it has

"Confronted by a shrinking The constant need for good movie industry, it became too new films to put on video and risky for sponsors to invest in

and distributors.

In 1989, 1.44 n won nim tickets were sold in Japan, compared with a peak of 1.13 billion in 1958.

The Japanese box office (\$778 million) in 1989 against said one film critic. Bros. Japan.

For two decades, Kurosawa

Spielberg was behind dreams and fragments of im- matsu said. agination. French producer Serge Silberman put up much tragedy based on

Shakespeare's King Lear.

cable television has again put aesthetic films such as Kuro- The Academy Award winsawa's, which appeal to only a ning-Dersu Uzala, in 1975, select audience," said Takeo was made in the Soviet Union Hisamatsu, an official at for the Soviet Mosfilm Studio.

Kurosawa, suddenly has a Rhapsody in August, is fully Japan's major film producers Kurosawa's films caught people's heart with universal but the Japanese audience started to leave him in the 1980s as his films became more and more epic and oldwas worth 116.68 billion yen Japanese-culture-oriented."

Kurosawa.

was shunned by Japanese pro- films has never been higher than now as the Japanese film Hollywood Director Steven industry has been revitalised due to the need for films for Dreams, based on Kursawa's video and cable TV," Hisa-

Continued strong overseas interest in Kurosawa has also of the money for Ran, a helped loosen Japanese investors' purse strings, film industry officials said.

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PR

Thursday. Aug. 30

1. The author remained in a dull little room, but his mind had the

bousewives?

Nice cute bear cub ate good little boy's delicious sugar candy cane.

CRYPTOGRAMS

2 XOPQ TKAUVWAPS OGOKWAW EBZGVPE

SOLUTIONS OF LAST WEEK'S PUZZLE

8:30 Cosby Show Cosby succeeds to return

his eldest son (Theo) to his apartment again, after the owner of the apartment kicks him out, because of some disturbances he made with his friends.

9:10 Sherlock Holmes Silver Blaze A famous race horse dis-

appears, obviously by someone hoping to get rich quickly. But the kidnapper gets killed leaving no clues for Holmes.

10:20 Movie of the Week Shooting Stars

Three teenagers kidnap a famous football star in Hamburg, and asked for a ransom. But the victim manages to escape and declines to turn them in because they are so young and inexperienced.

Friday. Aug. 31.

8:30 Coach

Don invites his female colleague to dinner during which Haden raids her work section.

9:10 Midnight Caller Blame It On Midnight

Jack very cleverly and efficiently uses the resources available to him and manages to convince a drug-addict to give up this lethal habit.

10:00 News in English

10:20 No More Dying Then The murder investigation is

not kidnapped in the first

Saturday Sept. 1

8:30 Joint Account 9:00 Encounter

Viva Zapata

9:30 Classical Music

10:00 News In English 10:20 Feature Film

Anthony Quinn The true story of the 1909 10:20 Mystery Movie

against their tyrant government. Zapata leads the rebellion and is killed.

Sudnay Sept. 2

8:30 Hay Dad

10:20 Thin Air

Rachel works for a British going around in circles. This is radio station. Her work conso because the boy John was centrates on the activities of a real estate company.

Mr. Penroy's vacation

When two dogs dig out the bodies of two thieves, the wrong people get accused and big surprises await Mrs: Fletcher's rigorous investiga-

Starring: Marlon Brando & 10:00 News In English

"In the 1950s and 1960s.

Now Don is accused of com- Mexican popular uprising The Most Dangerous Match

9:10 Documentary

10:00 News In English

Monday Sept. 3

8:30 Perfect Strangers

9:10 Murder She Wrote,

\$5.03 billion in the United Now, Japanese money is States according to Warner finally finding its way back to

"The need for high-quality

game gets too tense for one of the contestants and a murder is committed. Columbo now has an easy suspect. How to nail down the suspect is Columbo's specialty. Tuesday, Sept. 4

An international chess

8:30 Golden Girls.

9:10 End Of An Empire. 10:00 News In English

10:20 Martin Luther King

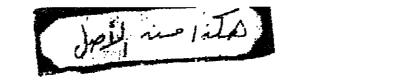
Wednesday, Sept. 5

8:30 A Family For Joe

9:10 Documentary Wild South Under the ice

Different scientists from different industrialised countries have conducted scientific research in the southern pole to advance their knowledge off Earth's poics.:

10:00 News In English 10:20 Shaka Zulu



Hollywood's tough guy trades gun for pen

By Phillippa Neave

NEW YORK - Issur Danielovitch was born on Dec. 9, 1916 in the small town of Amsterdam, north of New York, the only son of poor, illiterate Russian immigrants. His father arrived in 1908 at Ellis Island, the clearing house for millions of immigrants who came to the United States with nothing in their pockets and a head full of

Damelovitch and his six sisters grew up in abject poverty with their father, a ragman, barely scraping together enough money to feed the family and often spending it on alcohol. Sometimes the boy had to steal food.

Seldom has the expression "from rags to riches" seemed so appropriate: the boy who made his dreams come true is Kirk Douglas, the tough guy who could teach Rambo a trick or two and a Hollywood legend who starred in more than 75 movies.

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Automi

Aging with grace is not easy, especially when photographers follow your every footsteps, but that's another battle Douglas has won. On a recent visit to New York to promote his latest book, the 74-year-old actor looking trim and fit held the audience of a television talk show spellbound with his wit and charis-

He seems to enjoy remembering the hard days of his youth, when in a house full of women he yearned in vain for his father's approval. "My father was never able to express his feelings or give me that pat on the back," Douglas recalled. "He was very strong and imposing but he always left me at home with my sisters." In a desperate

By Charlene L. Fu

The Associated Press

PEKING --- A new Romeo

raphed by an American for

the Central Ballet of China

will premiere in Peking next

month, the company has

Norman Walker, who has

announced.

attempt to get his father's attention, the boy decided to stand up to that awesome figure: "In a rare moment when father was home, we were all sitting around the table drinkiung tea out of a glass, the way the Russians do. I looked at my father and the more I looked, the bigger and bigger he seemed, the smaller and more insignificant I felt. I watched him slurping the tea through a piece of sugar and suddenly I took a teaspoon of hot tea from my glass and flicked it straight into his face. I was prepared to die. It was the bravest thing I've done in my life, braver than anything I've ever done

Ever since he can remember, Douglas wanted to be an actor. "I lived in a dream world!" he said. "I had to escape the world I was living in." With gritty determination be paid his way through college, working as a waiter and doing odd jobs in hotels. Eventually, he was admitted into the American Academy of Dramatic Arts in New York, may be the country's most famous drama school. After that came more struggling --- trying to get parts and being turned down.

in the movies!"

"That's the pathetic side of our profession: the rejections. They're so shattering, so devastating. The hurt of it never leaves you ... It's so bumiliating. It doesn't leave you even if you become a star," Douglas wrote in his bestselling autobiography titled The Ragman's Son.

"I consider myself a failure," he quips, half seriously. "My ambition was to be an actor on the stage. I even turned down the first offer of a part in a movie."

taking shape Douglas married Diana Dill, his sweetheart at the academy, and became the father of Michael, the first of four sons and now an awardwinning actor and producer.
"I simply had to go to Hollywood. I had a family to feed!" he exclaimed with a laugh. His first screen-test was tor-

ture --- "I was nervous. I was a stage actor, used to dealing with people, not technicians and equipment. A camera can be a really frightening thing" - but it opened to the way to stardom. Yet the ragman's son turned millionaire never forgot his humble origins. In fact he hated Issur, the poor, scared boy. "Whenever Kirk got weak, Issur would get stronger," he noted in his autobiography.

Asked whether he would change anything if he could live his life over again, Douglas smiles with indulgence: Sure, there are many things in all our lives we would do differently, but at least I lived my life own way. I was always a bit of a maverick."

In the the movie business Douglas is known for his quiet generosity and for helping young artists. He says he also got some help, but admits to having made some enemies in this highly competitive field. "I think it's important to have certain enemies," he notes. "Hatred is a very strong emotion, it can even be stronger than love, but it depends on how you use it."

Douglas had another son, Joel, before divorcing Diana Brill and then had two more, Peter and Eric with his second wife, a French woman named Anne Buydens, to whom he has remained happily married for 36 years. Trying to be a As his career was slowly good father while keeping up production company, which the Devil. "I knew it was a

American choreographs new Romeo and Juliet for



At 74, macho screen hero Kirk Douglas embarks on a literary career.

have the same problems if the father is a travelling salesman or working on Wall Street 12 hours a day," he argues. Thinking of his own distant father, he adds: "I tried to be a different father to my kids. During the summer vacations, I always took them where I was shooting on location. They started travelling at an early age and have been with me all over the world."

never to go into show business. They all have, but they function well; they're good at what they do. If I'd known Michael was going to be so famous, I would have been nicer to him!" he quips, a mischievous sparkle lighting up his grey-blue eyes.

Kirk Douglas has his own

with the frantic pace of film- has scored many successes. "I ing all over the world was a set up the company in order to challenge. "Many families participate in the creative process; I try to find things that entertain, but underneath make a statement," he explains. He named the company Bryna, after his mother whom he adored. She was never fazed by her son's tremendous success and remained the caring, down-toearth woman she had always been. "I once called her, I was so excited," Douglas recalls. "I said 'Mother, I just won a "I always advised my sons \$1 million contract"! She didn't comment. All she said was: 'Son, you were looking a little

> thin in your last picture'." Aithough he continues to produce and make films, Douglas has discovered a new passion: writing. Encouraged by the success of his autobiography he just published his first novel, Dance With

risk, but I felt a compulsion to do it," he said.

In the autobiography "I needed to empty my guts," he added. "Everyone should write their own biography. Often we don't know where we are going because we don't know where we have been. The facts are not the most important part, it's the emotions, the perceptions and learning from them." Writing a novel was different: "You can say many more meaningful things when you're hiding behind a character."

The actor is already working on a third book but won't talk about it "because it's bad luck. What I find most amazing, almost magical about writing is when you start, it can go off in a different direction, as if the character has taken over with a life of his own. It happens a lot in acting too" - World News Link.

Circus Archaos — modern mix of Mad Max and Monty Python

Reuter

STOCKHOLM — Punk jugglers wearing leather and chains. A trapeze-artist hanging from a fork-lift truck. Poaring motorcycles and chain saws. Diesel fumes and live rock music. The circus, 1990s style, has

come to town. A visitor to the world of France's Circus Archaos, whose "last show on Earth" has been a smashing success with audiences in Europe, the United States and Australia, is in for a cultural

For although Archaos has many of the usual circus acts clowns, acrobats, jugglers, trapeze artists, fire eaters and contortionists - other standbys have been daringly cast aside. Archaos has replaced horeses

with motorcycles, tigers with chain saws, and elephants with fork-lift trucks. Instead of glittering costumes some of the perfor-

mers sport leather and chains. The show, which visited Stockholm in the course of a European tour, is a non-stop series of happenings. Out of the blue, for example, a lyrical pantomime by a beautiful female contortionist is interrupted by two punks with shaven heads duelling with chain

"The parody of Archaos is a sight for sore eyes," said Swedish national daily Dagens Nyheter. "The sensation of all sensations," exclaimed Stockholm's Svenska Dagbladet,

Critics hail Archaos as a revolution of the circus art, an adaptation of the centuries-old circus tradition to modern indust-

"The most important thing is not the tricks we do but the idea behing them. Life has two faces one is very light, one is dark. We want to show both — the absurdity of life," said acrobat Pascal Voinet.

sion comedians and the Australian Mad Max movies about good and evil motorcycle punks battling for supremacy in a world ravaged by nuclear war.

Their acts are ironical and amusing rather than technically challenging, but the absence of any safety nets add a sharp edge

suicide. We practise all the time cessful: and know our tricks quite well, insisted Voinet, 33, wearing heavy makeup and dressed outrageously in short leather jacket,

black G-string and boots. Nevertheless, the troupe often suffers injuries.

"I'm taking people to hospital all the time. That is a tradition. And we often have problems with the authorities who think our show is too dangerous, that there is too much fire. That is another tradition," said Isabelle Sage. Sage, an acrobat who broke

the ring to become responsible for what she calls the group's "quality of life." Archaos was created by

her leg last year, has retired from

Frenchman Pierrot Bidon in 1986, with the original troupe comprising 12 people who doubled as performers, technicians and mechanics. Since then, the circus has

grown to 120 people from all around the world split into similar troupes who are constantly on separate tours and each fill their 1,000-spectator tents about 140 times a year, Sage said. "We are most popular in Eng-land where people have the abil-

ity to laugh at themselves. They appreciate our special brand of humour," she said. The members of Archaos travel and live in trucks and

mobile homes most of the year. Voinet, Sage and many of the others bring their families and children along. The circus cook, with pork cutlets tied around his waist, also

performs in the show, crushing a baked potato with his bare hands. "We are really very orga-nised," said Voinet. "Pierrot is the big boss but everybody who wants to take responsibility does so. It all comes natural, like in a

big family." Wages are modest, with performers making about 7,500 francs (\$1,200) a month in addition to room, board and petrol.

Their breakthrough was at the 1987 arts festival in Avignon. They were so successful on the highly competitive "fringe" of the One Copenhagen critic de- Edinburgh International Festival scribed the show as a mixture of last year that they were invited to the British Monty Python televi- perform throughout the three weeks of this year's festival this time as part of the official

> programme. "In the beginning audiences consisted of young people who looked like us. Now all kinds of people come to see us, "said Voinet, spokesman of Archaos and "second boss" under Bidon.

Voinet has his own theories "We are not here to commit about why Archaes is so suc-"What we want we find. What we say we do. Everything is very

important, but we don't care. It is

very simple."

worked with the company be-"I've had to get them away — if anyone was ill, the pertime patron of the dance com- na, the national ballet comlearn to do big, complicated fore, said he spent more than from that to dancing for each formance was cancelled. The pany, expects the ballet to be pany, was founded in 1959 lifts for Walker, who has seven years on the new ballet, other, to each other," Walker three casts will dance on a well-received by Chinese au and has about 200 dancers. said to be the first remake of choreographed more than 150

CHALONS—SUR-MARNE, France — High up in the Big Тор Моптапа Miller dives off the platform. Hanging from her trapeze, she swoops through the air for the link up with her partner: They miss. The 18-year-old girl takes a breath-taking plunge and goes plummeting down into the safety net. She bounces unhurt. A few words with her coach, Daniel Vatan, and she is climbing back up the ladder for another try. Again, the pitch is not quite right and she takes a fall. Undaunted, she tries again. It will be another hour and several more tries before the Californian girl gets it right.

For Montana, and 69 other youngsters studying at this unusual school in France, such bumps and knocks are all in a day's work. While others of their own age are studying to become accountants, lawyers and doctors, these students are learning the skills of fireeating, tight-rope walking and juggling. Their ambition is to make a career in the circus.

The Circus Arts School at Chalons-sur Marne, a picturesque country town 150 kilometres from Paris, is Europe's main breeding ground for new talent. Founded in 1985 with sizeable grant from French Minister of Culture Jack Lang, the centre has quickly grown into the best equipped in the Western World - and the only one to rival the most famous circus

2 as the first event in China's Asian Games Arts Festival.

The Chinese dancers, trained in the Russian tradition with its tight spins and limited use of space, had to

the classical ballet in about a dances.

He arrived in Peking and tion, which they know very began working with the dan- well, in a different way and Juliet ballet choreog- cers just seven weeks ago. different rhythms, different ballet's first act for reporters, The ballet is to open on Sept. arms," said Walker, who evoking all the beauty and teaches dancing at Adelphi University in New York.

He also had to break the Russian tradition of presentational dancing to the audi-

said, adding, "Romeo And "I used the classical tradi- Juliet... is a personal ballet." The company gave a nearly

flawless performance of the emotion of the drama.

In a first for the troupe, Walker put together three casts, with each dancer learning three parts. Previously, a dancer danced only one part

rotating basis for the eight scheduled performances. Walker, said he encountered very little problems in

teaching Chinese dancers a European ballet. "It's a story about human Kantor, president of Simarka beings, about relationships, ab- Productions Inc. in New

out two young lovers - that's York, Hong Kong, Taiwan everybody," he said. Mary Yung Kantor, a long-

and Shanghai.

The Central Ballet of Chi-

"The Chinese are a roman-

tic people basically. (The

story's) very identifiable -

аном інет то тапу

the way the families don't

France injects new life into circus world school are four horses, kept at a small farm 2 kilometres from the main site. Sooner or later, all the pupils will learn all the basic tricks on these horses which are old hands at the circus game. In the best of traditions, they have long flowing manes and coats that

> dalmatian. Every student is expected to try the main disciplines before specialising. "In their first year they do everything — it gives us a chance to assess their aptitude, but it's also important for later on," said Baume. "It helps a lot in a troupe if the various members understand something about each other's job."

The students' first encounter with a tight-rope is a wire stretched I metre off the ground. For those who make good progress, the height is gradually raised up to 7 metres. The school has its own infirmary, to treat twists and sprains, but safety is a fundamental part of the training, and everyone learns how to rig up safety nets and tie proper knots.

In another part of the building, in a small cinema hall. pupils can watch videos of professionals and learn by watching recordings of their own performances. An annex fourth-year student Bertrand houses a workshop for making sets, props and costumes. In the annual Christmas show staged for the public by the final-year students, the juniors provide the back-up,



A new generation of circus artists from many different countries is training at an innovated school near Paris

of the ropes and manning the ticket booths.

Last December, the schools first batch of 13 graduates all found jobs. Most of them went to join Pillot-Bidon's Archaos. Two went to Canada and a third joined a troupe in Switzerland.

In one of the centre's two sky-lit training rooms, the part with his clown-like hairstyle — is patiently practising doing handstands on the working the lights, taking care Link.

has reached the stage where he can now do entire circuits without so much as a wobble. Next dor, 18-year-old Ger-

man student Martin Fisher is juggling skittles, in time to rock music, blaring out from a tape recorder. "When I was in Germany, I did a bit of circus work but it was very basic," he said. "This is completely different, it is much more Duval - who already looks serious and professional There is so much choice that it's hard to know what to do next. I've never had so much handlebars of his bicycle. He fun in my life" -- World News

By Clare Pedrick school in Moscow.

Every year, hundreds of young hopefuls aged between 16 and 23 apply for a place on the four-year diploma course. The 70 lucky ones are drawn from all corners of the world - the current enrollment includes students from the U.S., West Germany, Sweden, Denmark and Spain. Very few come from traditional circus families. One budding trapeze artist was a nurse before she gave that up for the thrill of hanging by her knees 30 metres up in the air. Another worked on his father's flower farm in Normandy before de-ciding to carve himself a new career as a bicycle acrobat.

One thing they all have in common is determination. Training for circus life required enormous reserves of patience and self-discipline. The students also have to be in peak physical condition to avoid making dangerous mistakes. Training for every circus act, from juggling to horse-riding and from trapeze. work to clowning, is based on hours of working out and exercises to make the joints and,

body supple. 'We're looking for young people who have the physical aptitude and a creative imagination, people with a flair for improvisation," said the school's documentalist Patrick Baume. "But we're also looking for people who are extremely resolute and determined. They have to be able to undergo hours and hours of

pick themselves up and try again - they have to be very

Teaching the skills of the ring is a staff of 60. Some, like Daniel Vatan who used to be with an Italian circus, are themselves retired performers. Others still work in the circus but offer their help on a part-time basis. There are still more drawn from the world of theatre, dance, music and sports --- one of the trapeze coaches is former French trampoline champion Amaud

Prospects for a life in the circus have never been better. it seems. After a decline lasting several decades, this ancient entertainment form is is spear-heading the comeback. "In the hey-day of the circus, at the beginning of the century, every reasonablesized town had its own permanent Big Top," said Baume. "Then, with time, audiences dwindled and many of them were torn down or converted into music halls."

Thomas.

That was the fate of the circus at Chalon-sur-Marne. The stables were ripped out and the sawdust arena was covered to make a cabaret stage. Today, thanks to a \$2.5 million annual state subsidy, the old Big Top is back in business. Elsewhere, scores of similar private schools have of it changing or developing been launched. The country

thing over and over again lished troupes with dozens until they get it right. When more than spring up in the they fall, they must be able to summer and follow the crowds along the tourist routes.

The circus revival in France is due in a large part of Social-ist Culture Minister Jack Lang who elevated the circus to the status of theatre. He poured millions into its development, setting up a National Association for the Development of Circus Arts. This organisation grants state funds to innovative troupes and regulates the industry's publicity, financial affairs and operating standards. Many French schools now offer classes in the circus arts and there is talk of making it available as a subject for the baccalaureat — a grueling exam at the end of the secondary education cycle. Circus. enjoying a revival, and France -activities are even offered in some French prisons.

Students at the Chalonssur-Marne school pay only a nominal registration fee; tuition, and in most cases living expenses, are covered by Culture Ministry grants. Here, pupils are instructed

in the time-honoured skills of the ring, but the face of the circus is changing, say school staff, "The skills we teach are the same, but the way they are subsequently put into practice is very different," said Baume. "Before, when the circus arts were handed down from the parents to their children, there was no possibility - it was a closed environpractice, repeating the same now has at least 100 estab- ment, rooted in the old tradi-

tion. Today's circus generation comes from the outside. They have new ideas about costume, music and choreography."

In France, the most outstanding example of the newstyle circus is Archaos - a troupe launched by Pierre Pillot-Bidon who gave up his job as a farmer in Brittany, bought a caravan and left for a life on the road, recruiting as he went. His brand of circus is a zany and highly original mixture of slapstick and burlesque, richly peppered with elements of modern life: cars, motor-bikes, exploding television sets, punk, rock music, modern dance and street language. In just five years, Archaos has won itelf an international reputation.

Another innovative troupe, a gypsy equestrian circus called Zingaro regularly tours abroad. Other unusual groups include an all-female troupe and a circus-boat that tours the southwest coast of France in the summer months.

One factor that contributed to sounding the death-knell of the old-style circus was public opposition to the use of animals like tigers, lions and elephants. "Rightly or wrongly, the animal rights groups put a stop to a lot of that kind of circus act and these days, there are fewer and fewer animal trainers in the business." said Baume. "Another consideration is the fact that keeping animals costs a great

deal of money.' The only animals in this

Researchers prove normal gene can suppress cancer growth in lab

WASHINGTON (AP) - Re- action of the normal gene that searchers report showing that malignant growth is stopped by inserting a normal gene into test tube colonies of colon cancer cells.

The experiment could lead to finding natural protein to switch off cancer.

In a study published in the journal Science, scientists from the Johns Hopkins Oncology Centre in Baltimore report that they have proven that a gene called P53 is able to prevent colon cancer tumors from growing in a laboratory culture.

P53 is one of a group of what is known as suppressor genes because they appear to act as a brake on cancer formation, said Suzanne Baker, a Hopkins Cancer researcher. Suppressor genes have been found to be either missing or mutated in the cells of several types of solid cancer tumors, she said.

"What we assume is that the fact that a normal copy of the P53 gene is missing in the these cell is important in the formation of the cancer," she

To test that idea, the researchers added the P53 gene to a colony of colon cancer cells growing in culture. The result, said Baker, is that the cancer growth "switched off."

"If you put the normal copy (of the gene) back into these cells, the cells stop growing. They just won't grow anymore," she said.

Baker said inserting the normal P53 seems to reestablish the normal regulation of ceil proliferation. The unregulated division of cells is a characteristic of cancer.

Researchers at Hopkins University in Cleveland also put the P53 into benign colon tumors and found that these tumors, which have the gene, were not affected. The researchers additionally put a mutated P53 gene into colon cancer cells colonies and found not suppress the cell growth.

These experiments, said Baker, verified that it was the ipulation.

experimental drug is more

effective than those used to

prevent rejection of organ

transplants, researchers said.

confirm earlier findings that it

is superior to the widely used

anti-rejection drug cyclospor-

ine, said Dr. Thomas E.

Starzl, head of the University

of Pittsburgh's transplant

programme. The 23 studies

included the first on children.

international congress of the

Transplantation Society in

San Francisco recently that

FK-506 reverses advanced re-

jection and lowers the risk of

kidney failure and hyperten-sion — both side effects of

"The initial results are very

encouraging," said Dr. John

Armitage, an assistant profes-

sor of surgery at the Universi-ty of Pittsburgh who con-

ducted one of the studies.

"There's no question that FK-

506 is going to find its place in

very effective drug for liver

transplants," said Dr. Robert

Corry, board member of the

United Network for Organ

Sharing. "We still don't know

enough about it with other

The studies, conducted

from February 1989 to June

1990, include the first look at

how the drug worked on chil-

"There's no question it's a

future treatment."

organs."

cyclosporine.

Starzi told a meeting of the

Studies of the drug FK-506

prevented the cancer from

the concept demonstrated in this study is extremely important," said Dr. John S. MacDonald, director of the Temple University Cancer Centre in Philadelphia. "They have reached the genetic root of the problem of malig-

MacDonald said that P53 is missing or mutated in a several types of cancer -including brain, bone, breast and adrenal carcinoma --- and that the Hopkins study may also apply to those cancers.

Other researchers, also working with laboratory cultures, proved earlier that restoring other suppressor genes can block growth of cancers of the eye and of the kidney. But the Hopkins study is the first to demonstrate the effect of a suppressor gene on one of the major cancer killers.

Colon cancer, which kills about 60,000 people annually in the United States, is second in mortality to lung cancer.

Baker cautioned that despite the success of the laboratory experiment, it does not prove that colon cancer can be treated by inserting a normal gene into a patient. This may never be possible, a Hopkins statement said.

MacDonald said that such genetic treatment for cancer has a fundamental problem in the delivery of the normal

"You would have to put that suppressor gene back into everyone of those cancer cells," said MacDonald. "If you miss a cell, it could grow and still kill the patient."

Instead, said Baker, the research may enable scientists and at Case Western Reserve ...to find the mechanism that P53 uses to block cancer

In the field of genetic cancer therapy, he said, the study can be compared to the Wright Brothers airtplane, which proved that airplane possible. The Hou that the abnormal gene did study, said MacDonald proves that cancer growth can be controlled by genetic man-

Doctors say all 42 young

transplant patients who used

FK-506 did not need high

doses of steroids, essential for

some patients on Cyclospor-

ine. High doses of steroids can

cause stunted growth, facial

puffiness and other problems.

made from a fungus grown in

Japan, also helped young pa-

tients fight advanced cases of

ing that these children will not

require a second or third

transplant," said dr. Andreas

Tzakis, an associate professor

of surgery who conducted the

study. "With the scarcity of

organs available for children,

this drug may result in organs

available for a larger number

But Dr. James Wolf, presi-

dent of the United Network

for organ sharing, said the success of Fk-506 could in-

crease the number of trans-

plant operations and create

pressure to find more donors.

study showed 20 per cent of a

group of heart transplant pa-

tients on FK-506 had inst-

ances of rejection, compared

with 40 per cent for a group

on Cyclosporine. However,

they said other changes in

treatment may have

accounted for some of the

improvement.

Researchers said another

"With FK-506, we're hop-

rejection.

of children."

The study found the drug,

Studies confirm

effectiveness of

transplant drug

PITTSBURGH (AP) - Re- dren who underwent liver,

cent studies provide the heart, kidney and other trans-

strongest proof yet that an plant operation.

Margarine is not so great for cholesterol after all

By Daniel Q. Haney The Associated Press

BOSTON — Cholesterol-conscious people have long been saying, "hold the butter." Now a study suggests they should spread the margarine sparingly too.

The study found that hardened vegetable fat, a primmight even be worse than saturated fat, the long-recognised demon in the war on unhealthy cating.

Experts cautioned that mar-

garine is still a healthier choice than butter. However, the new research contradicts the widely held belief that the vegetable fats that margarine contains are harmless to the

The study was conducted in the Netherlands by Dr. Ronald P. Mensink and Martijn B. Katan of the Agricultuary ingredient of margarine ral University in Wageningen. and shortening, raises It was published in the New cholesterol in the blood. It England Journal of Medicine.

The study raises questions about trans fatty acids, which make margarine and shortening hard so they can be used for baking, frying and spreading. About a quarter of the fat lower levels of high-density search "has implications in in a typical stick of margarine is trans fatty acids.

While such fats can occur naturally, most are made when food companies add hydrogen to polyunsaturated and monounsaturated vegetable oils. Food labels list these as hydrogenated oils.

The study found that unlike saturated fat, trans fatty acids have a double-pharreled harmful effect: they increase the bloodstream's supply of low-density lipoprotein, or LDL, the "bad cholesterol" that contributes to fatty buildups in the arteries. And they lipoprotein, or HDL, the "good cholesterol" that protects the body from cholesteroi's harmful effects.

Dr. Scott Grundy, a top cholesterol expert at the University of Texas Southwestern Centre at Dallas; called this "a combination of detrimental worrisome."

the U.S. Department of Agriculture Research Service in Peoria, Illinois, said the study should be repeated to check the effects of lower doses of the fat. But he said the re-

terms of the U.S. diet, and it certainly shouldn't be taken lightly.

In a statement, the international Food Information Council, an industry group, said, "people should refrain from making any dietary changes based on the results effects that is particularly of this one study in which subjects consumed extremely Dr. Edward A. Emken of high levels of trans fatty acids for a relatively short time."

The study was conducted on 59 men and women who were randomly assigned to eat three different diets for three weeks each. In each diet, 40

per cent of the total calories came from fat. But they varied in their levels of monounsaturated fats, transfatty acids and saturated fats.

Their average cholesterol levels were 172 on the monounsaturated fat diet, 182 on the trans fatty acid diet and 193 on the saturated fat diet.

However, many experts believe that the ratio of total cholesterol to HDL is a more important sign of potential heart disease than is total cholesterol alone. And in this regard, trans fatty acids came off worse than saturated fat.

Experts test genetically engineered rabies vaccine

began spreading bait across an uninhabited, isolated island test a genetically engineered rabies vaccine on raccoons.

that people don't contract aroma. rabies," said Dr. Suzanne

WACHAPREAGUE, Virgi- epidemiologist with the Denia (AP) - Researchers have partment of Health. "If we can control rabies in the raccoon population, we will have off Virginia's eastern shore to come a long way in handling rabies in pets.

The 26 researchers put out "There are no figures to 4,000 baits, small pieces of show how much money we soft plastic tubing treated with spend every year to ensure fish oil to give them a pungent

Warren B. Cheston, associ-Jenkins, assistant state ate director of the Wistar In-

stitute that helped develop the vaccine, said the liquid vaccine is placed inside the tubing and the ends sealed.

"Then the bait is covered with a crab slurry — crab parts that have been left out for awhile — to attract the raccoons," he said. As the raccoons chew on the plastic, the vaccine is released into their mouth.

Cheston said the resear-

chers from the Philadelphiabased institute would leave the baits out for 10 days before picking up any leftovers. Some of the animals wil be caught in live traps and tested to see if the vaccine made them produce antibodies to fight the rabbies virus.

Ms. Jenking said the testing would continue for about a year. She estimated the raccoon population on Parramore Island at about 400. Some will die naturally, during the course of the year and become subjects of autopsies.

Using genetic engineering techniques, Wistar took from the rabies virus a minute piece . of genetic material that would induce formation of antibodies, and grafted that fragment onto the second virus. The second virus is that harm-. less vaccinia virus, used in

smallpox vaccine.

The vaccine already is being used is Europe and Canada to halt the spread of rabies in the fox population. In this country, the biggest carrier of rabies is the raccoon.

Robert Miller of the U.S. Department of Agriculture said that if the test of Parramore island proves out, the agency will have to approve a mainland test of the vaccine.

Many food allergies may be psychosomatic

BOSTON (R) — The power of suggestion rather than food sensitivity may explain why many people appear to be allergic to many everyday foods, according to a new

The findings, published in a recent issue of the New England Journal of medicine, are expected to be a blow to a group of physicians known as clinical ecologists who argue that many Americans are allergic to a variety of foods,

additives, pesticides and pol-

Clinical ecologists 'try to confirm the allergic reaction using a test called "symptom provocation," where extracts of various substances are injected into patients to see if they develop one of a wide variety of symptoms.

The testing of 18 patients was done by seven unnamed physicians each of whom "had at least five years' experience with the technique," accord-

ing to research scientists led by Dr. Don L. Jewett of the University of California at San Francisco.

The physicians used volunteers who had responded well to the technique and were allegedly allergic to at least one substance, such as chocolate, wheat, bakers' yeast, potatoes, alcohol, apples, milk, corn, beef, oranges and

Neither the patients nor the

jected with an extract that was findings show no correlation supposed to produce an allergic reaction and who a harmess salt water solution.

Only 27 per cent of the volunteers actually injected with extracts reported feeling different but 24 per cent injected with salt water reported allergic reactions including headache, depression, fatigue and memory loss.

The symptoms were real and patients did experience them," Jewett said. "But our

between these reactions and food substances that were injected into the study participants. A more likely explanation is that the reactions were stress-induced."

The work was financed in part by two medical societies that promote the symptom provocation technique, the American Academy of Otolaryngic Allergy and the American Academy of En-

A spokeswoman for the environmental medicine group, Dr. Sherry Rogers, characterised the study as "deeply flawed," and said Jewett and his colleagues "don't have the faintest idea what they're talking about."

The Jewett team, however, said the rules for the test were developed in conjunction with both the proponents and the critics of the symptom provocation technique.

New centre aims at prolonging healthy-life

By Phillippa Neave

NOVATO, USA — Business is booming in a whole new branch of the cosmetic industry, with products that promise to wipe out the ravages of time, get rid of wrinkles, firm up the skin and restore youth. Celebrities are leading the way, unabashedly re-emerging into the limelight looking 20 years younger after a complete make-over. The latest obsession with

staying young in America and elsewhere has turned into a real growth industry where quackery occupies a large place. Yet it cannot obscure the serious scientific amd medical research that has been conducted over the past five years not only to determine the causes of aging, but also to learn how to prevent the scourges of old age: hearing and memory loss, arthritis, heart disease and high blood pressure, to name but a

Medical advances and population control in Western nations have caused the population to age, which explains the current preoccupation with fending off the aging process and also raises difficult questions. By the year 2050, close to 23 per cent of the American population will be over 65. "Now 12 per cent of the population is over 65, absorbing 33 per cent of the nation's health care dollars. Does that mean that by 2050, over 60 per cent of the health budget will go to old people?" asks Mary McEachron, administrative director of the Buck Centre for Research in Aging, a promising new \$25 million research institution to be built in Novato, just outside San Francisco.

"All over the world, we are seeing a continued prolongation of life, not a continued 37-year-old Allen: "We are prolongation of health — the years of disability are extending." adds McEachron. The scribed everything that can go aim of the new centre, the wrong, it is now time to comfirst of its kind, is to study bine all these things to see ways to extend the "healthspan" of old people. The plan is to create a multi-disciplin-

ary research centre to study how to treat, but more important, how to prevent, common affliction, and also the plications of having a large elderly population. The centre, designed by the worldfamous architect I.M. Pei, is to open in 1993 and will operate on an annual \$4.5 million budget provided by a private foundations. "The centre is intended to be an international resource. Researchers will come from all over the world," McEachron notes.

The aim is also to train a whole new generation of gerontologists and geriatricians. "The demographic revolution has caught us by surprise. There is now a terrible lack of people trained in geriatrics," she explains. "Geriatrics is not viewed as an exciting field by doctors. Unfortunately, medical science has traditionally been interested in the acute, life threatening conditions; chronic disabilities have not been looked at."

Robert G. Allen, senior researcher at a New York institute, agrees: "Gerontology is a very young field, at this point, we have only reached the descriptive stage," he said. Needs are pressing. Some 1.7 million Americans currently live in nursing homes; by 2040 their number could soar to 6 million, which would cost an estimated \$139 Allen and other scientists

have welcomed the creation of the California centre. pointing to the need to pool information obtained from research into such diverse fields as genetics, ophtalmology, nutrition, osteopathy, cardiology and specific age-related illnesses such as Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease. Says now ending what I call the descriptive phase. We've dewhat we can do."

But he, along with other experts say there is a lot indi- allowed it to progress that



With no place to go, but a home

ence Workman (left) finds for the elderly, 65-year-old Flor-

viduals can do to ensure they avoid or lessen ailments that have come to be regarded as almost inevitable in older people. "Most people rebel against childhood diseases yet we all accept that old people get arthritis and go senile. But these are diseases, it is not normal aging," says McEachron.

Sometimes all it takes is commen sense, according to Allen: ,"Do everything in moderation," he cautions. "If you are over 40, you should excercise moderately, you should not be overweight or go on crash diets. Anything done in excess won't be beneficial. In my opinion, people who go out and jog more than 5 miles a day might as well smoke a couple of packets of cigarettes.

A leading researcher in the causes of aging, Allen says attitude plays a key role: "People who remain mentally active remain alert, people who remain physically active may have arthritis but they won't be bed-ridden. For those who are it is usually not a case of the disease conquering them, but that they have

hardly worth living. far... You may slow down, but you should never stop." Part of the problem is that

contrary to other cultures where old people are sought out for their wisdom and go on living with their families, in had 10 tickets for a show, but most Western societies they are viewed as a burden to be disposed of in special homes abandoned, Allen says. glorious days back in the

60 amd 87, knows all about the problem: "Some withdraw completely. They have no interest in anything, it is very difficult to motivate them, she says. "The other day we

we couldn't get them to go." Florence Workman, a resident at St. Zelda's, is 65 and where they feel bored and she clearly remembers the

"If you are over 40, you should exercise moderately, you should not be overweight or go on crash diets. Anything done in excess won't be beneficial. People who go out and jog more than 5 miles a day, might as well smoke a couple of packets of cigarettes."

"Quite often they will let themselves become senile because it is an easier option than facing what they they regard as an unhappy situa-

Maureen Francis who has been working at St. Zelda's home for the elderly in New York for 18 years, looking after 40 women aged between

1950s when she was a ballet the first production of the mega-hit stage show Oklahoeyes lost in the distance.

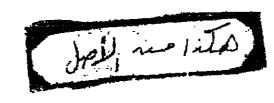
still teaching dance. All her savings went into paying her hospital bills. She lost every ming. She has deen living at the spartan but clean homefor the past two years. "Compared to the hospital, this is Buckingham Palace," she says. Unmarried and childless, Workman has no family except two sisters, both "very well to do," she says, but they never visit, write or call. "People shy away from this sort of place. I'm lonely all the time, but by now, I'm used to

cer six years ago when she was-

Workman's monthly \$732 bill is paid by the state and she receives \$89 a month in pension money, which does not allow for much. "I get on well with the others," she says, but there is nothing to talk about, I don't know why, they have nothing to say. Being put away like this, is quite a hard blow, you know."

How the elderly see themselves and how they are perceived by society will be an important part of the Buck Centre research. Its declared objective is to improve "the status, self-esteem and quality of life of older individuals, and enriching the life experience of all age groups, through increased understanding of how our most experienced can be kept active, productive, contributing members of society."

Meahwhile, the centre, which already operates out of temporary offices in San Rafael, has launched a study of 2,000 nearby residents to establish how many medical and psycho-social problems arise as people grow older. Also, work is underway to recruit researchers from other parts of the world and exchange and compare findings . (dancer with a company that from other institutions, intoured the world. She was in cluding the Tokyo Metropolitan Institute of Gerontology, the University of Shanghai ma! and lived the life of a star. and the Kiev Institute of. "I had a name in those days, Gerontology. Concludes." and a beautiful appartment in McEachron: "The field of New York," she recalls, her gerontology is still very small; but this is a growth industry" Workman fell ill with can- - World News Link.



Street food can make a feast

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SAN FRANCISCO .- Anyone seriously interested in food would do well to follow Niloufer Ichaporia on her ritual visit to the market at day break Saturday mornings. To this soft-spoken, 47-yearold Indian woman, food is something sacred, and the market is its temple.

The early morning sun illuminates the displays of fruit and vegetables, so fresh they sparkle: A crowd of South East Asians, Middle Easterners and Africans throng around the stalls where the produce, all locally grown, awaits, crisp and glowing in deep colours. None of your pale supermarket tomatoes or limp lettuce here. This is the farmer's market, where local growers, many of them Vietnamese and South American. sell their crops.

Ichaporia moves about from stall to stall, familiar with most of the vendors with whom she discusses the latest arrivals of the season. She talks to vendors and customers alike about how to prepare a new vegetable introduced on the market by a farmer who has come from the other side of the globe to settle and cultivate California's fertile,

sun-drenched soil. Originally from Bombay, Ichaporia has seen markets and habits change a great deal in America since she arrived in 1962. "In the early 1960s, it was a major triumph to find a bunch of fresh coriander, or fresh ginger, you had to search far and wide for it," she noted. Most supermarkets have these and other once exotic products. "The immigrants have played an important role in introducing new products and spreading their

popularity." In most big cities in the U.S. practically every nation in the world is represented by a restaurant and people may taste food from countries they probably will never see. Immigrants have also transformed and broadened what Ichaporia calls "street food." For New Yorkers in need of a quick snack on the go, a hot dog was about the only choice until recently. These days, the smell of roasting lamb and Middle Eastern Shish Kebabs wafts around many corners of downtown Manhattan. There are also German sausages, "Falafel" sandwiches (deep fried balls of chick peas and parsley), koftas and Greek meat sandwiches.

"I am working on street food with a passion," said Ichaporia, who studied art and anthropology. "The subject is so vast! I am planning to write a book called "street snacks and picnic food from near and far." Discovering and learning about street food has become the focus of her extensive travels. She recalls her childhood in India, where the preparation and selling of food is an imporant part of stree life. Ichaporia, who was brought up in a strict manner in a British-run convent, would revel at the sight and smell coming from the street stalls, especially in one alley of Bombay nicknamed Glutton's Gulley. "It was always forbidden food when I was a child, the grownups dis-approved," she recalled.

She has been able to make up for it since on the frequent trips she takes to India. She appreciates the respect Indian people have for food, treating it with almost religious reverence. Hindus bring offerings in the form of rice, coconuts and other foods to their tem-

ples, she noted.
"Once I was struck by a vendor who, starting his day, lit a stick of incense: a simple ritual in which the act of selling food becomes an act of worship." At the same time, there is a certain magic to the way vendors prepare their dishes. "They have no recipes and their skills is so thrilling to watch, there is a brilliance to their display. I talk to them and some say that what they do is so simple, but how ever hard you try to reproduce it, there is something you can't quite capture it's never as

good." Ichaporia has done the



World traveller Niloufer Ichaporia seeks out talented street vendors who can serve gournet food. The best will be cited in a book she is writing.

world: "I was in Mauritius recently. There is a fascinating mixture of Chinese, Indian and African food. Sri Lanka too has excellent street food. And I once spent three months in Hong Kong, where I ate off the streets everynight, real feasts for the equivalent of \$1."

What visitor to Thailand has not stood mesmerised by the sight of a vendor preparing green papaya salad: holding up the long green fruit and deftly chopping with a huge knife at incredible speed. "Their skill is the product of generations and generations of repetition," Ichaporia exhave tried to introduce some of these traditional dishes on less, the ingredients are good philosophy of life: "Cooking their menus, but they never but there is no spark, life or

Yet, back home in San Francisco, Ichaporia tries to teach the secrets of street cooking. Her students are mostly restaurant cooks and chefs. Taking one theme, for example lentils, rice or vegetables, she spends four to five hours demonstrating all the different ways to prepare each

element. She has also done research on the use of some produce in different parts of the world. "Take the coconut for exam-. ple," she said. "I have looked at how it is used cross-culturally and have given classes on how and where it is grown, how it is used and on all the tools and paraphernalia that goes along with it" - while Westerners put it in sweet dishes like cakes and cookies, it is a key ingredient in curries and hot meat and poultry dishes in Asia, Africa and the Caribbean.

Another example is taro, a vegetable grown throughout the tropics for its edible starchy rootstocks. "In India, they stack the leaves and roll them to eat them as greens. In Polynesia the leaves are mashed up and fermented and it is also eaten in the West Indies, but in Sri Lanka people think it is poisonous and

same research throughout the fortable doing things that are high-quality bath salts. "I diluted," she said.

According to Ichaporia, cooking is largely a question learn, taking it a step at a time. "First you should learn the principles of cooking and read up about the nature of the ingredients," she recommends. That includes getting a feel for the taste and texture one is trying to achieve. "Forget recipes! People are

too slavish with recipes. It might say 'use half an onion,' but onions are stronger in different parts of the world. In America, people want specifics, my recipes are far more home which is crammed with approximate... A lot of peoplained. "Some restaurants ple in the restaurant business do this: The method is flawcourage to the food."

She is launching a line of News Link.

don't see bath salts as very different: smells and flavours the sense of smell and taste of instinct, but everyone can cannot be separated," she noted. She admits drawing from her father's 40 years of experience as a maker of soaps, cosmetics and perfumes in India, as well as her husband David's scientific knowledge as a biochemist. The result is three delicately fragranced salts named Aquamirabilis (miracle water) and made with Indian fragr-

Sitting in her San Francisco an amazing array of artifacts, books and her beloved piano, Ichaporia shares some of her is an art form. Everything else can be too That's wha Not lacking either, Ichapor- see in India, whether it is brickia is busy at the moment with making or basket weaving. a new project that involves a Every human endeavour can different kind of enjoyment. be an art form" - World

Gulf beaches still lure a few fearless tourists

DUBAI - Baghdad's stockpile of nerve gases could cause death in seconds, but the few hardy tourists in this corner of the Gulf are more concerned about sun-

"People at home might be worried, but I'm not," said a Canadian visitor who gave her name as

"My worries proved completely groundless," agreed Lucy Zamolo, a Middlesex, England. "Far from feeling threatened, I have never had such a carefree holiday with no fears for the children."

The countries of the Gulf boast some of the fanciest hotels and plushest beach resorts in the world with miles of empty white sand, caressed by a warm, velvety

And the sun shines every day guaranteed.

But the remote threat of chemical attack is proving a drawback for the tourist industry, as are the equally remote chances of strafe-bombing, exploding oil rigs, or rumours of attack by Iraqi

"None of these people are scared. But a lot of other people have cancelled," said Wahid Mohammed, a lifeguard at the luxurious Chicago Beach Hotel in Dubai, in the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

Here, within range of what is becoming the biggest multinational military build-up since World War II, a handful of businessmen still loll in the sun while plucky tourists scamper from camel safaris to archaeological digs, with time out for desert tours and bargaining for bric-abrac in bazaars.

Despite angry editorials, belligerent speeches and official embassy warnings to leave the area, the Gulf crisis isn't ruffling many feathers at the pool-side of Chicago Beach.

"There might as well be no-thing happening. It's very relaxing," said Mike Taylor, a British businessman whose company moved him to Dubai from Saud Arabia, where most of the U.S.led multi-national force is massing to oppose President Saddam Hussein's troops in Iraqi-occupied Kuwait.

"Actually Riyadh might be safer. I'm sort of out of the frying pan into the fire," he joked.

"(The news) looks pretty impressive when you see it on television. But in fact it is life and business as usual here," said Cathy from Canada. Michael McFadyen, general

manager at the Chicago Beach, said he had been hit with a wave of cancellations immediately after Iraq invaded Kuwait on Aug. 2. Before the invasion, the UAE

was also a target of Saddam Husse 1's wrath. He accused both Kuwait and the UAE of producing too much oil, driving down oil prices, and undermining Iraq's oil-based economy.

The UAE, along with other Gulf Arab states, has welcomed foreign troops to protect it, dramatically boosting its strategic military importance.

But even though his 800-plus room hotel is now host to a mere 30 Western guests, MaFadyen is confident about the future.

Oh, I'm expecting them back in November. Ours is mainly a winter market, anyway," he said.

Summer temperatures in Dubai often top 40 degrees Celsius (110 Fahrenheit), and August is usually the region's slowest tourist

Tourism professionals in Dubai are nevertheless anxious to stem the flood of alarmist news about

"If people think it's a war zone, they aren't going to come. But it's completely safe," McFadyen said, adding that Dubai remained a place of "guaranteed sun, sand, sea and terrific shopping." But for most of the people now as soon as possible.

staying at the Chicago Beach, life is a little less carefree. In line with UAE government policy, the hotel has opened its rooms to

Kuwaiti refugees. Their country annexed and their currency worthless, the Kuwaitis are in no mood for the hotel's pool-and-tennis lifestyle, although a few children do play in the water, supervised by women

swathed in black veils. "This is no vacation for me. I am waiting," said a Kuwaiti who added he wanted to return home

APPEAL

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An appeal directed to the human conscience all over the world, starting from Jordan.

From the children of Jordan to fathers and mothers wherever they are.

The children of Jordan from the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) who are aware there is still a responsive human conscience appeal to all citizens in Jordan, to the local, Arab, regional and international organisations and institutions and the world child organisations and to leaders of the world's countries to end injustice against the children of Iraq who are threatened with being deprived of bread, milk and medicine.

The children of Jordan demand all to implement the principles of the international declaration on children's rights which provides for protecting and taking care of children under all circumstances, in all times and in the days of war and peace alike. The principles of the international declaration on the children's rights by which all the world abide by linking between these rights and the child's basic needs. The declaration's provisions under articles No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10 guarantee the protection and welfare of children as well as social, food, and educational security and their right to grow up in healthy conditions in the times of war, peace and disasters.

The children of Jordan appeal for providing milk, food and medicine supplies for the children of Iraq.

This appeal comes on the eve of convening the world summit for children in which many leaders of the world's countries will take part to protect childhood.

appeal to fathers and mothers to respond favourably to this call. Let us share our Cash and in-kind donations are received at the following centres:

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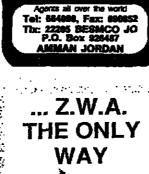
neisani - Grindlays Bank Bidg

crystalware etc.

STUDIO HAIG Professional Quality in I Bour Service Develop you colour film at our shop and get: · JUMBO photo size 30% terger · Free enlarge only use the leaves to wrap around fish," she explained, Ichaporia sometimes teams ment 20 x 30 cm

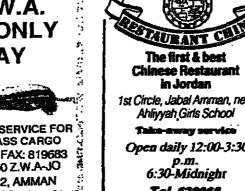
up with one of America's best known chefs, Alice Waters, who gained fame with her San Francisco restaurant called Chez Panisse and several cookbooks she authored. Ichaporia lends a hand at the restaurant to prepare exotic menus for special occasions., "It is an interesting challenge to give people food that is new and intriguing, but it is impor-! tant to ensure that it is not too forbidding," she said, adding that she does not, however, compromise by altering dishes to suit the Western palate, but rather works on selecting dishes that would naturally appeal. "I couldn't feel com-

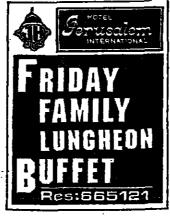






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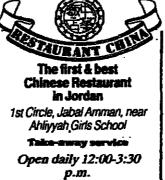


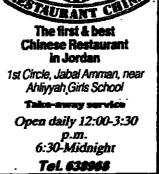
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and logical and you find it easy to

communicate intelligently with

ARTES: (March 21 to April 19)

Whatever your assignment,

whether at home on the road, at shops or places of business, in salesmanship in public eye; be sure

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

You are eager to enhance your appearance and then to make

arrangements for relief from bur-

dens or entertainments but time is

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Get

away from home early and put

your energies today on some out-side activities and let conditions at

your residence proceed smoothly

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Consider what your inti-

mate aims actually are and it will

be a little casier today for you to be

able to make some progress to get

to perform them consci

not yet ripe for such.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY AUGUST 30, 1990

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

yourself of a situation that is con-

fusing and annoying to you but

LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) Every so often one needs a day

to get into the chores and little

duties requiring personal attention and this is your day to get them all

SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem-

ber 21) You can turn this day very

much to your advantage by letting up on your concentration on gaining your aims and being of service

SAGIITARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) You need to be as

wise as the serpent and as harmless

as the dove in any outside matter

so do what will protect your credit, community affairs.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) You are just itching to get off to some intriguing experi-

ence or place where you have not been before but if so you will lose

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-

ary 19) A day when every sort of matter can arise that you question,

practical matters are involved, but

out on promised duty.

don't act hastily.

behind you.

to good friends.

Jordanian athletes gear up for Asian Games

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Tiny droplets of Sweat seep through the pores of the athletes' skin as they push themselves against the test of time. Endurance is the key element that will decide their position in world of sports. As the athletes go through various trying stages in training, the ninth Asian Olympic Games draw nearer by the day.

The Asian Games, to be held in Peking, China, from Sept. 22 until Oct. 7, is anticipated to attract some 7,000 participants throughout Asia. Among the thousands of competitors is Jordan's delegation which comprises the athletics. shooting and wrestling teams.
According to Abdullah Abu

Nuwwar, the director of the

NEW YORK (AP) - Stefan

Edberg, a victim of tennis burn-

out after a summer fling in the

no. 1 spot, succumbed to his U.S.

Open jinx and the rocketing re-

Alexander Volkov, the Kali-

ningrad kid, wielded a bright red

racket under a brilliant sun and

methodically took apart a supri-

singly slow Edberg, 6-3, 7-6. (7-

3), 6-2. Tuesday in the first open-

ing-round defeat of a top-seeded

Unseeded John McEnroe, who

burned out on tennis several

years ago and has been struggling

to come back ever since, survived

pressure and tamed his temper to

bant Javier Sanchez 7-6 (10-8),

7-5 (7-3), 6-4 in two hours, 42

minutes of high drama on the

McEnroe's bizarre counte-

nance — his eyes glowed through

a mask of white sunscreen be-

neath a broad pink bandana -

was outdone only by the strange

ensemble of neon lime, black and

white worn by fourth seed Andre

Agassi, a 6-4, 6-2, 6-2 winner in

the evening against Grant Con-

Agassi, who completed his rak-

ish look with a dangling earring.

scraggly beard and white bandana

around long, black and blond-

hair, put on a show of power

tennis in one of his best efforts

since reaching the French finals.

14 to worry about burnout, and

ashionably dressed by her multi-

million dollar sponsors, saved a

set-coint in the first set and won

her open debut as a pro, 7-5, 7-5,

against a very tough 15-year-old.

Jennifer Capriati, too young at

man here in 19 years.

stadium court.

turns of a young Soviet star.

Edberg upset, other

Jordanian Olympic Committee (JOC), the Basketball Federation was scheduled to participate but had to cancel recently. He told the Jordan Times that it was purely because of financial reasons. He did not elaborate further. Omar Keilani, coach for the shooting team, said that the problem of the Basketball Federation was that two of their best players left the team - one had to leave the country and the other had an operation. "The coach decided that the team would not

from entering." According to Keilani, the shooting team was also facing some problems because the Olympic Council of Asia (OCA) wanted the team to participate individually. He added that the Jordanian team was unsure as to who would participate and "usually we

do as well, so they refrained

participate as a team. So, our morale was low. But a few days ago, we became a team of five and we put our best. So I think we are ready to stand a goodchance."

Experts said that the wrestling team would be unable to participate in the Asian Games. Though Abn Nuwwar agree that "there were a few internal problems," he stressed that "they are definitely gearing themselves up for tough competition."

In fact, the three teams are adapting themselves to a one track minded "I must win" mentality. With several months of hard training behind them and a special training course in Germany at the University of Kiel - where the teams competed with other countries for a period of 15 days — "they are as ready as they can be," says Abu Nuw-

In athletics five Jordanians will compete in highjump, the 100 metre, 200 metre, 400 metre, 800 metre, 1,500 metre, 5.000 metre and 10.000 metre track events. The four participants in Wrestling will comnete in the 57 kilograms (kg), 82 kg, 90 kg, and 100 kg events. The third team, a five member shooting team, will participate in three different events, namely the trap, skeet

and the free rifle. Some 23 participants, including a doctor, a financial manager and members of the press, will be attending the

Relaxed, Abu Nuwwar says the Jordanian Olympic Federation is aiming for anything better than tenth place and adds that Jordan rates quite high among the other Arab countries. "They have a good

One of the activities during the Asian Games will be a. general meeting under the umbrella of the OCA. Held every four years, the council meets to review the chairman's and the financial managers' reports, to study the activities taking place and to elect a new president, as well as the date

and venue for the tenth Asian

Other events taking place during the one month long games are archery, badmington, basketball, boxing, canoeing, cycling, fencing, footbal, Golf, gymnastics, handball, hockey, judo, row-ing, softball, swimming, table tennis, tennis, volleyball, weightlifting, and yatching. Arts festivals, exhibitions and cultural performances will also be held.

China, the largest country is

-Asia and the most populous country in the world, is awaiting for an additional large number of spectators and competitors this September. According to Abu Nuwwar, another feature of China is the climate; the humanity levels soar high above the normal and the actual temperature can

be higher than in Jordan. Keilani however said that the Jordanian teams would have no difficulty in adapting to the temperatures becau the teams have already participated in the Seoul and Los Angeles Olympics where the climates are similar to China's.

In the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games, Jordan was awarded two bronze medals for tae kwon doo, though they were not formally competing. But, Jordan ranks third place in the tae kwon doo according to

LONDON (AP) — Dennis Wisc of Chelsea and Andy Gray of Crystal Palace were sent off following a first-half brawl in an

der Gray had given Palace the

der David Lee. Ian Wright made it 2-0 in the 67th minute and English interna-

0-0 with Manchester United and

were the visitors.

Tottenham's Icelandic fullback scoring chance of the goalless evening at Sunderland but goalkeeper Tony Norman produced a

missed opportunities.

2 sent off as Crystal **Palace defeats Chelsea**

The two players were given red

At Liverpool, Rush hit the post in the first half but then picked up a pass from England international John Barnes in the 52nd minute

The Weishman almost scored again three minutes later when a brilliant run by Steve McMahon gave him an opening. But Rush's shot came out off the underside

of the bar. But England's Peter Beardsley, who missed Liverpool's opening victory of the season against Sheffield United Saturday, sealed the side's win with a superb angled shot in the 83rd minute.

Gudni Bergsson had the best superb save to keep a clean sheet.

Though England World Cup star Paul Gascoigne shone in midfield, Tottenham were unable to find the finishing touch and both Gary Lineker, Gascoigne's England colleague, and Paul Stewart

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You are apt to be more than usually concerned about some money or

property matter but giving it you special attention will make it easy to solve.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You feel quite discontented and are not sure just how to rid

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Much conversation with an esociate you want to get on the right track with is apt to be counter-productive so put off discussion till later.

don't worry about them.



"We're out of eggs, so I made you scrambled toast."

JUMBLE THAT SCRANGLED WORD GAME

Anke Huber. Capriati, astonishingly cool

and strong for her age, won the first two games at love and took a 4-0 lead before Huber stormed back to win the next five games. But Capriati dug in and Hube yielded, losing a set-point in the Oth game and double-faulting on

seeds win in U.S. Open set point in the 12th.

Capriati, who won the juniors here last year, had similar problems holding a lead in the second set. She jumped ahead 5-2, powering deep groundstrokes against the moonbails of Huber, but let the lead slip away as Huber tied it 5-5 with a crafty mixture of shots. Again facing trouble, Capriati bore down, held serve, then broke Huber with another hard forehand that Huber lunged at but could only tap

blackhand into the net. Ivan Lendl, aiming to regain the top ranking that Edberg took away on Aug. 13 five weeks after winning Wimbedon, easily won his first-round match and said he wasn't totally susprised by Edberg's defeut

"Of cours it's an upset, but when you think about it deeply you can see how it happend," the third-seeded Lendl said after beating Martin Laurendeau, 7-5, 6-2, 6-2. "Volkov's strengths play into Stefan's weaknesses, and Stefan's strengths play into Volkov's strengths."

Volkov, a left-hander, excels at return of service and handles well the kick on Edberg's serve that torments many right-handers. Volkov also passes well, and

mixes up his game with chop backnands that threw off Edberg when he was a step late to the Martina Navratilova, also

trying to get back to the no. 1 spot she held for so long, attributed Edberg's sluggishness to an overdose of tennis this summer. "I was surprised how many

times Edbarg played between Wimbledon and the U.S. Open, said Navratilova, who danced with Edberg at the Wimbledon ball after their victories, then too!: a break from the game.

Navratililova, well-rested, had little trouble beating Federica Haumuller 6-4, 6-0 to advance to **ATHLETICS**

Soviet champion fails to reach long jump final

fending champion Robert Emmiyan of the Soviet Union failed to reach the final of the men's long jump when he fouled with all three qualifying leaps at the European Athletics Championships Wednesday.

Emmiyan, the European record holder who won a silver medal at the World Championships, received a red flag for overstepping the board on each of his attempts.

His failure to qualify was a shock as his top performance this year of 8.32 metres was easily the best of those in the field.

Three years ago Emmiyan recorded the second best leap ever of 8.86 metres, only four centimetres outside American Bob Beamon's 8.90 at the 1968 Olympics in Mexico. Jarmo Karna of Finland pro-

duced the best qualifying jump of 8.13 metres. Giovanni Evangelisti of Italy, bronze medallist four year ago, only just reached the final with 7.91 metres. In the 100 metres hurdles Monique Ewanje-Epec of France

was the fastest qualifier for the semifinals, winning her heat in 12.72 seconds. Brigitte Graune of West Germany led the women's javelin qualification with a throw of 64.18 metres. Olympic champion and world record holder Petra Felke of East Germany earned her place in the final with just one

throw of 63.22. tended his overnight lead in the decathlon, setting a personal best of 13.98 seconds in the 110 metres

Olympic champion Christian Schenk of East Germany clocked 15.24 seconds and trailed Plaziat

by 220 points after six events. East Germany's elite women the second around. sprinters signed off in style at the

SPLIT, Yugoslavia (R) - De- nation's last major athletics championship Tuesday and Linford Christie killed doubts about

his form by keeping the European 100 metres title. Katrin Krabbe led East Germany to a clean sweep in the women's 100 metres while Christie, the Olympic silver medallist, showed he remains Europe's premier sprinter with a decisive vic-

Thunder and torrential rain interrunted the second evening of the European Championships, forcing a halt in the men's javelin final and sending spectators scurrying for shelter. Steve: Backiey ignored both

the rain and a lengthy break to win the javelin title and give Britain their second gold medal of the day. Heike Drechsler retained the

women's long jump title in the last competition before the two German Athletics Federations merge and compete as an united The fifth gold medal of the day went to Czechoslovak Pavel

Blazek, who won the men's 20kilometre road walk in one hour 22 minutes five seconds. Krabbe's win in 10.89 seconds was the second fastest time of the year and confirmed she will be a

real threat too fleet-footed Jamaican Merlene Ottey at next year's World Championships. The 20-year-old student strode with total authority to a decisive champion Silke Moeller with

Kerstin Behrendt third. "I am very happy because this is the last German team to compete in a major championship," Krabbe said.

"We hoped for one, two and three especially after Laurence Bily injured herself in the semi-

one games Tuesday, with Liver-pool moving to the top of the standings and Southampton also

to a 2-0 victory over Nottingham

was the same scoreline at

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY AUGUST 31, 1998

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Today you can make a real onslaught toward gaining your long range objectives and ambitions for you ill find that you have the ear of an associate that has been standing in

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Matters come into the open giving you the chance to come to a better understanding with partners by in-telligently discussing joint ven-

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You can put a considerable amount of experience into anything requiring a neat touch, fine finish or of an artistic nature in

Consider well how you can extract the greatest amount of pleasure from entertainment and recreation and make the arrangements to do

your residence and carry through later in the day. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Consider what will best please and get

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Take a good look at your

property and seek out ways to bring it more in line with attractiveness, beauty and operative skill and you produce fine results.

ber 23 to Octo 22) Your own judgement is good today as to ways to make more a success of your personal wishes but family can put cog in the wheels of your action if you permit.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You would be wise to consult with those you regard as confidential advisors in whatever is of private vital importance to you. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) A most cooperative friend is the one who will aid you

the most now in putting across your personal ideas but you have to let them know your wishes. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Your judgement and ideas are not good today and you would be wise to rely upon an understanding higher-up who has the experience to understand your

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Lots of advanced ideas different from those you have known before this can be an excellent means to forge ahead now and don't fear stand in your way.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) A good day to tackle business activities with business persons who understand various aspects of your needs and sidestep a limiting friend.

one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

RAAPK

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25 Priver course
25 River course
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41 Dear: Fr 41 Dear: Fr. 42 Ms Logan 43 Mauna — 44 Zeus e.g. 47 Uniform ornament
51 Solar e.g.
52 Certain racer
54 Idolizes 58 Writer Vidal 59 Greet 51 Chris of

tennis 62 Cupid 63 Gr. peak 64 Full extent 65 Howard or Ely 66 Regulrement 67 Thrown for (amazed)

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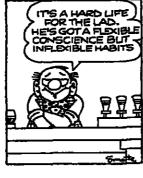


Andy Capp









Panuts







Sunderland where Tottenham English soccer league game won

2-1 by Palace.

cards for swinging at each other after a hard collision in the 11th Five minutes earlier, midfiel-

lead from the penalty spot follow-ing a hand ball by Cheisea defen-

tional defender Tony Dorigo pulled a goal back 10 minutes later for Chelsea. There were four other division

Iau Rush scored his second goal in two games to steer Liverpool

In other top action Leeds drew

HOROSCOPE

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

conjunction with your friends. GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21)

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You have a chance early in the day to do whatever will establish more harmony and accord at

the approval of your usual daily companions and you can then carry through so you cement their loyal-

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Q.1-Neither vulnerable, as South **♦K ♥109872 ○Q975 ♠Q96** The bidding has proceeded:

South West 1 NT Pass

North

East

Pass What action do you take? Q.2—Both vulnerable, as South you **♦ AK8** ♥ AQ54 ♦ Void **♠** A109653 The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 4 1 0 1 4 Pass

What do you bid now? Q.3—Both vulnerable, as South you

♦QJ9 ♥A85 ♦83 **♠**KQ932 The bidding has proceeded: North East South 1 ★ 2 ♡ ? What do you bid now?

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you

The bidding has proceeded:

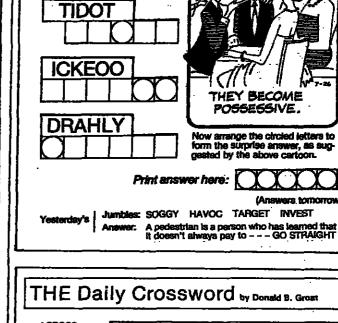
North East South We

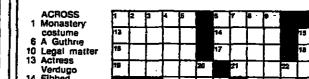
1 4 2 \(\text{P} \) 3 4 Pas **±QJ9** ♥A85 ♦83 **±KQ93**2 3 **4** Pass What do you bid now? O.5-As South, vulnerable, you

AQJ652 ♥AK954 0,7 43

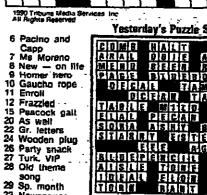
The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 1 NT Pass What do you bid now?

Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South you **AJ5** ♥ **AQJ653** ♦ **Vold 4 A762** Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one club. What action do you take?

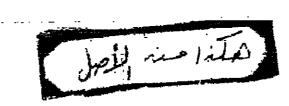








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Kuwaiti praises Western friendship

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新脏

STAVANGER, Norway (R) — The head of Kapair's international petrolean company said Wednesday had a takeover of his country was a complete shock, but Kuwada were convinced they would eventually return home.

This was worse than our worst night mare. We felt there was a strong change Kuwait would dis-appear man the map," Sultan Nader, president of London-based Kusmit Petroleum Interna-

tional, said. Sultan told a North Sea oil conference in Stavanger the crisis would reinforce Kuwait's policy of investing oil revenues outside

the Gulf.
"We have learnt who our friends are. They are in the West." said Sultan.

"I think a future Kuwaiti government will be more consumer oriented, with more investment outside the country," he said.

Kuwait might also be prepared to discuss with Western oil companies joint ownership of oil reserves. "I think it will definitely be on the table. Whether it will happen I do not know."

northAmerican

Circle Air Freight Corp

Prominent Toppled Kuwaiti regime to invest more in Japan

TOKYO (R) - The toppled gov- of Kuwait are interested in inernment of Kuwait plans to in- creasing investments in Japan," crease its investment in Japan, he said. the Kuwaiti ambassador to Tokyo

dollars, were mostly in the form of bonds and shares under the management of Kuwait's ministry of finance. They had been built up since 1965.

He said Japan had been cooperative in handling these assets but the visit was postponed be-since the Iraqi takeover of cause of a busy schedule. Kuwait and had moved fast to protect Knwait's interests.

confidence in the Japanese eco- the Japanese government for the nomy and government, so much steps it has taken, Al Sharikh so that the investment authorities said.

The London-based Kuwait Investment Office, which manages Abdul Aziz Al Sharikh said in most of the country's overseas an interview Tuesday night that holdings, has no office in Tokyo. the investments, worth billions of The assets are estimated to be worth \$100 billion.

Kuwaiti Finance Minister Ali Al Khalifa Al Sabah is due to hold talks with Japanese leaders in Tokyo early next week. He was scheduled to arrive last Sunday

He is carrying a message from the emir of Kuwait to Prime This has strengthened our Minister Toshiki Kaifu thanking

Gulf crisis depresses tin prices in Malaysia

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Tin Futures, "Prices may find a new prices plunged to their lowest support at 15.00 ringgit (\$5.6) a level in 44 months Wednesday, kilogramme." one of the few major metals to Prices on the Kuala Lumpur tin lose its attraction in the Gulf market fell six Malaysian cents to crisis, and analysts said chances close at 15.59 ringgit (\$5.8) a for a sharp rebound appeared kilogramme, the lowest in 44 bleak.

bleak," said C.C. Hong, an said. analyst with Dexin Bullion and

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AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, August 29, 1990

Central Bank official rates

Bay

655.0

659.0

1278.3 1286.0 421.6 424.1 510.7 513.8

months, on fresh producer selling "The upside potential appears and lack of keen demand, traders Tin, unlike other metals, has fallen in price since the Iraqi

takeover of Kuwait. The slide was further accelerated by rising stocks and poor demand due to the summer hill in

Europe. "We feel that prices may go a bit lower, possibly to 15 ringgit (\$5.6) and may stay at that level for the rest of the year," one trader with a large mining firm

Rising production in Brazil and China, huge overhang stocks and poor consumer demand are weighing on prices, traders said. "People feel there are a lot of

stocks available, why should they buy now?" one trader said. "Furthermore, major consumers have ample supply to last for the rest of the year." World tin production is put at

180,000 tonnes against consumption of 182,000 this year. Malaysia is the world's fourth

largest tin producer.
World stocks are bevering at 30,000 tonnes. Of this, about 11,350 tounes are held by the London Metals Exchange

The relatively high LME stocks should be trimmed by at least half The fresh offer of 7,000 tonnes of stockpile tin by the U.S. de-

fence logistics agency (DLA) was also depressing prices.
"The DLA is a key factor," Dexin's Hong said. "It is selling tin at this time to raise cash to buy

rubber and other strategic raw materials " The sliding tin prices would

burt even the larger mining firms, industry officials said. "Many mines cannot continue operating at the 15 ringgit (\$5.6)

evel," an official said. Some firms have resorted to cost-cutting measures such as a wage freeze to remain in business, the official said.

tough fuel

restrictions

HAVANA (R) — Cuba announced drastic nationwide

fuel restrictions and energy-

saving measures Wednesday, cit-ing a two million tonnes shortfall

in Soviet oil shipments and a surge in world oil prices due to

The communist government

halted the start-up of a new oil refinery and said it would stop

production at one of the country's three operating nickel plants.

The measures, published by
the official newspaper Granma.

were the harshest so far intro-

duced by the authorities to offset

growing disruption to the island's

economic lifeline from the Soviet

Union, its main political ally and

Gramma said the country was

moving towards a so-called "spe-

cial period in time of peace,".

the Gulf crisis.

trading partner.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for Cuba orders

U.S. dollar

Japanese yer (for 100)
Dutch guilder
Swedish crown
Italian lira (for 100)
Relaine franc (for 100)

leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One U.S. dollar 1.1395.1405 1.5555/60 1.7520/25 1.2815/25 31.93/98 5.2100/50 1148/1149 143.90/144.00 5.7240/90 6.0125/75 5.9450/9500

One ounce of gold 388.25/75

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Pound Sterlin Deutschemark

One Sterling

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125.8 126.6 456.3 459.0 374.2 376.4 114.6 115.3

57.1 57.4 205.4 206.6

459.0 376.4

Nabila Obeid — Salah Qabeel

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(Arabic)

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Dured Lahham Madeline Tabar

KAFROUN OXFORD BLUSE



Iran plan

PARIS (R) — The body which monitors the West's energy needs Wednesday rejected an Iranian call for a joint meeting between it and OPEC.

It also said there could be no link between increased oil production by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and a release of government-controlled strategic oil stocks held in the West.

The two proposals were "not feasible politically or economically", said Helga Steeg, executive director of the Paris-based International Energy Agency (IEA) in

Tuesday, Iranian Oil Minister Gholamreza Aqazadeh put forward the plans in Vienna, where OPEC ministers Wednesday ended a series of talks which had begun at the weekend.

A top IEA official last week said there was no physical shortage of oil in August, and that September would not see a shortage provided oil production was

making use of their stocks, and the U.S. and Japan were not adding to their strategic reserves. which eased pressure on oil sup-

"So far the oil supply situation has not warranted additional measures, including recourse to government stockpiles. However, the situation is being kept under constant review," she said.

"IEA governments are maintaining close bilateral contacts with individual oil producing countries as the situation de velopes," she added.

Brent oil trades at \$26 a barrel

LONDON (R) — A decision by the majority of OPEC countries Wednesday to increase their output of crude oil had little impact on the price of North Sea Brent crude oil, a world benchmark. "It was clear yesterday that the

igreement was practically there, said one oil trader in London. He added that the oil price aready took into account the reported extra amount of oil that would be on the world market as

a result of the OPEC decision. Brent blend for October traded at \$26 a barrel at midday in London compared with a previous close of \$26.68. It had opened lower in London, pushed down by news of an increase in U.S. stocks of crude oil.

tions of why companies are refusing to pay debts," it added.

local governments may be protecting some companies from creditors because they are major employers in their region. When companies do not honour their debts and tie up the

to blame. "In some cases enterprises have money but are refusing to quoting a directive from a special

council, or cabinet, to clear up debts of state firms. "Banks must step up investiga-

GERMAN SPEAKING LADIES OF AMMAN

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IEA rejects Abu Dhabi orders oil output rise

DUBAI (R) — Abu Dhabi, the biggest oil producer in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), has ordered an increase in oil production and Saudi Arabia appears to be already set on the same path, Gulf oil industry sources said

Wednesday.
"Abu Dhabi has already ordered an increase in (oil) production," an oil industry executive in the Gulf said.

He declined to estimate the increase in the emirate's production but said it would be "drama-Oil industry sources in the Gulf

said the world's biggest oil expor-ter Saudi Arabia, which has spare oil output capacity of two million barrels per day (b/d), appears to have also ordered an increase in its production because there are technical preparations at fields to boost crude output.

However the kingdom's oil exports from its Gulf terminals have not yet increased, oil and shipping sources in the region said. The Organisation of Petroleum

Exporting Countries (OPEC) said in a statement in Vienna Wednesday that the majority of the group reached an accord to let OPEC members raise oil production in order to maintain market stability and regular supplies.

The move was aimed at push oil prices down after they rose by more than 50 per cent following Iraq's takeover of Kuwait and market nervousness about further disruption in supplies if war broke out.

At least four million b/d of crude has disappeared off the market since the takeover stopped Kuwait's oil output and a United Nations trade ban cut off Baghdad's oil exports. **OPEC** heavyweights Saudi

Arabia, Venezuela and the UAE

b/d extra among themselves, oil indutry sources believe.

Saudi Arabia is capable of raising its output by one million b/d in just a couple of days and needs only two more weeks to push it up another million, Gulf indsutry

Saudi Arabia's August crude oil output is expected to average 5.5 to 5.6 million b/d, and Abu Dhabi's oil output in the earlier part of August was estimated to be around 1.1 million to 1.2 million b/d.

The UAE was seen producing around its OPEC quota level of 1.5 million b/d including 40,000 b/d from Dubai.

Abu Dhabi has the capacity to increase its output at least another 600,000 b/d, to 1.8 million b/d or more in just over a week as it invested in oilfield equipment to make its production flexible, oil industry sources said.

based on flexibility to raise or lower output quickly when demand goes up or down," an oil industry executive in the Gulf The UAE's Oil Minister Mana

"The emirate's oil policy is

Said Al Oteiba, when asked last Saturday in Vienna whether his country would raise its output by 500,000 b/d, said: "We can do more than that."

Abu Dhabi earlier this week informed its Japanese term contract buyers it would supply more crude in September.

Saudi Arabia has also lined up new customers including developing countries like Turkey, Brazil, India and Pakistan which relied heavily on Iraqi and Kuwaiti crude as well as telling its old buyers that it is ready to supply more in September. The kingdom would also supp-

ly around 250,000 b/d to Kuwait's termined in accord with a

Banks are supposed to deduct

payments owned from accounts

of state firms but economists said

liquidity of others, there must be

The OPEC accord Wednesday said the group "stands for market stability and regular supply of oil

The group's market monitoring committee decided that "OPEC shall consequently increase production, in accordance with

Iraq, as expected, did not send its minister to the talks in Vienna. Nor did Libya, a traditional advo-

cate of high prices. A third pricing "hawk", Iran, expressed reservations about the agreement. It wanted OPEC to wait before raising production to make sure that the West started to use its huge stocks of pet-roleum to help stabilise markets. consumers," OPEC said.

The OPEC statement called on the West's energy watchdog, the tions to share oil and draw down

But the OPEC monitoring committee did not comply with an Iranian suggestion that, before sanctioning a rise in OPEC supply, it should adjourn for a week to see what the IEA would do.

IEA officials have suggested that a draw on government strategic petroleum reserves would not start yet.

OPEC also said it would return to its quota agreement reached in Geneva on July 27 when the crisis is over and a final paragraph appeared to leave open the possibility that it might then raise its target price, also known as its "minimum reference price."

Those who do not actively

join the campaign to clear debts

should be criticised and if neces-

to cool raging inflation. The poli-

THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY SCHOOL

able," the newspaper noted.

strict punishment in serious and pushed the economy into mains sluggish.

Wednesday's statement said post-crisis decisions would be deruling spot prices exceed the target, the group will raise the price and its production ceiling

band-in-hand. The current target is \$21 per barrel, although prices have soared above \$30 at times lately because of the threat of war in the Gulf and shortages of oil.

OPEC made clear that consuming nations and traders will share the responsibility if, after the crisis in the Gulf, the world

faces generally higher fuel costs. "It must be emphasised that the equilibrium price which will thus emerge will not depend on OPEC alone but also largely on

OPEC, in its statement, which took the form of a press release, 21-nation International Energy said above-quota supplies from Agency (IEA), whose board of its own members like Saudi Aragovernors meets in Paris Friday, bia, the biggest exporter, and also to activate an agreement which supplies drawn from consumer permits it to order consumer na- stocks "should be primarily directed towards the countries of the Third World."

> They would suffer most from any supply disruption, it said. Iranian Oil Minister Gholamreza Aqazadeh attended the

monitoring committee meeting. The Nigerian minister, Jibril Aminu, was asked by reporters whether Iran expressed reserva-

"Yes," he said. "But his reservations did not stop us from reaching this agreement." Ecuador's Diego Tamariz, who

speaks for one of the smaller OPEC producers, said he thought it would be good to develop cooperation with the IEA.

But he said the priority Wednesday had been for ministers to announce the OPEC agreement and leave Vienna.

Beijing began pumping credit into the banking system in late 1989 to break what was described

our debts until they were first

had eased since last year but

China fails to solve debt problem cases," the newspaper said.

BEUING (R) — China Wednesday gave new evidence of debt problems in its state industry despite a massive influx of credit. and it called for tough penalties against firms that refuse to hon-

our debts. The official People's Daily said companies with available cash were refusing to pay debts and that loose supervision by banks and local governments was partly

pay debts," the newspaper said, task force set up by the state

THE BRITISH CURRICULUM SCHOOL IN AMMAN is now open for registrations for the September Term 1990 AGE RANGE:

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sary they can be publicly labelled as "liquidity gridlock," which left

as enterprises that are unreli-many companies unable to hon-

official credit in September 1988 Economists said the situation

cy brought prices under control many companies still do not have

but it starved state firms of cash enough cash as the economy re-

China slammed the brakes on paid funds owed to them.

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The School is presently accepting registrations for the September term. The school will also be open for registrations everyday in July and August between the hours of 9.00 and 12.00 noon. The new term begins on Sunday 9th September.

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Johannesburg City Council passes open city proposal

JOHANNESBURG, South Afrito make changes next year in the ca (AP) — The Johannesburg group areas act, which segregates City Council has easily passed a proposal to open neighbourhoods in the nation's largest city to all

Such a move will require approval from the national government, which opposes the mea-

Only a few members of the 51-seat council opposed the proposal in the voice vote that followed more than four hours of sometimes sharp debate, the independent South African Press Association reported.

The Press Association said only one member, from the governing National Party, asked to have his objection noted.

The council is controlled by the anti-apartheid Democratic Party. Some speakers said implementing the proposal would create problems in town planning and voter registration. Others argued that South Africa was entering a new era of race relations and Johannesburg, as its major city, should lead by ex-

Deputy planning minister for the national government, Andre Fourie, had previously said Johannesburg was moving too quickly, and should wait for more direction from President F.W. de Klerk's National Party govern-

all residential areas by race.

The law is a pillar of the apartheid system of racial segregation and white dominance implemented by the National Party more than four decades ago. De Klerk has pledged to re-

place the group areas act with a non-discriminatory measure, but has not said if he will open all neighbourhoods to all races. The national law would have to

include such a provision for the city to be able to enact its prop-Since last year, the government

has opened 10 small neighbourhoods around the country to all

In larger areas, such as the Hillbrow section of Johannesburg, thousands of blacks have taken up residence despite the area being officially designated as

whites only."
Neighbourhoods, along with public schools and the political system, remain segregated under

De Klerk says he wants to end apartheid and has opened talks with the African Natioal Congress, the largest black opposition group, to discuss sharing power with the black majority.

Meanwhile, South Africa's largest labour federation responded to the arrest of its leader He said De Klerk has promised by charging that the nation's undermine the democratic move-

Naidoo and two other people later were charged with kidnapping, robbery and assault and released on 1,500 rand (\$600) bail, the Press Association reported. After his release, Naidoo

Police Col. Franz Malherbe told the Press Association the raid followed the alleged abduction of a police constable by members of the congress of South

Malherbe said the constable was abducted off the street and taken to the union's headquarters, where he was assaulted.

earlier had been displayed to journalists at a Cosatu news conference. He said he was recruited by police to monitor the movements of Geraldine Fraser, a Communist Party and African National Congress member who recently returned to South African from exile, the Press Association reported.

Miss Fraser.

Malherebe said Maleka was speaking under pressure.

bomber

Armenia in state of emergency after parliamentarian shot dead

MOSCOW (R) — Armenia's to give up its arms by 10 p.m. parliament declared a state of Wednesday evening. emergency throughout the southern Soviet republic Wednesday after a parliamentary deputy was shot dead.

Alexander Arzumanyan, a spokesman for the Armenian National Movement, said deputies voted 170-0 with two abstentions to impose a 10 p.m. curfew and ban demonstrations after parliamentarian Victor

In a seperate development De

Klerk told church leaders Tues-

day he would investigate charges

that police sided with Zulu-based

Inkatha fighters in recent

Black leaders have blamed

police for fueling the two weeks

of savage street fighting in black

townships around Johannesburg

Police said two black men were

killed in unrest Tuesday, but the

townships were otherwise peace-

ful for a fourth straight day fol-

lowing a government crackdown.

including Anglican Archbishop

Desmond Tutu and Rev. Frank

Chikane, head of the South Afri-

can Council of Churches, met

with De Klerk and Law and

Order Minister Adrian Vlok in

Pretoria to discuss the violence.

After the two-hour meeting,

Chikane told journalists the pres-

ident had pledged to investigate charges that police aided Inkatha

supporters in the fighting against Khosas and other blacks loyal to

the African National Congress.

Tutu and other anti-apartheid fi-

Inkatha inflamed the situation.

They accused police of disarming

and scattering ANC supporters

while allowing Zulus to carry

crude weapons considered part of

their tribal heritage and costume.

2 Liberian

surrender

tinational African task force and

The rebels said other members

of Charles Taylor's National Pat-

rebels

gures have said police bias toward

ANC leader Nelson Mandela,

A delegation of church leaders,

that killed more than 500 people.

Aivazyan was shot before dawn. Arzumanyan said Aivazyan had gone with a group of activists to the headquarters of the American National Army (ANA), the largest of several armed militia in Armenia, to discuss a dispute the

evening before at a petrol station. "Without any explanation, the group was fired on," Arzumanyan said by telephone from seriously wounded.

Under the emergency legislation, the ANA was declared an illegal organisation and ordered

Yerevan, the Armenian capital. Aivazvan and an activist were killed and another man was

If it fails to comply, it will be disarmed by Armenian Interior Ministry and KGB security forces and paramilitary groups loyal to

parliament. Those ANA members giving up their weapons would be

granted an amnesty, parliament

declared. News of Aivazyan's death was announced to parliament by Armenia's new nationalist President Levon Ter-Petrosyan, who held talks with Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev this month to discuss the proliferation of armed groups in the republic.

In July Gorbachev had ordered all groups disarmed within 15 days but, after the two men met in Moscow, Gorbachev extended the order by two months.

The groups have gained wide public backing and tacit support of parliament during more than two and a half years of conflict with the neighbouring republic of

y to Ter-Petrosyan and the

Armenian parliament. The independent Interfax news gency said Aivazyan went to the ANA's heavily-fortified central Yerevan headquarters with a large group of pro-government

Officials said he had gone to seek an explanation for the petrol stations clash but an ANA representative, reached by telephone at the group's headquarters, described Aivazyan's presence

there as a provocation. What was he doing there at 6 a.m.?" She asked. "Who does this serve? It serves the Kremlin mafia. We must have our national army. Our homeland cannot be without its army, its defence."

An Armenian television correspondent also reached at ANA headquarters said the situation in the area was quite but " it looks as though it could turn into a very hot day.'

"People are standing around Azerbaijan over the territory of and it looks as though they are Nagorno-Karabakh, Many of the preparing for something."

Kohl promises E. German prosperity as municipal workers stage walkout unification. It also marked the has delayed ratification of the

HALLE, East Germany (AP) -West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl tried to woo East German voters with promises of jobs and prosperity Tuesday as a work stoppage over unification fears brought some municipal services to a halt.

Kohl's campaign speech received mostly cheers, but a group of leftist protesters responded by hurling tomatoes and peaches. Earlier, about 45,000 workers across East Germany staged warning strikes to demand better

wages and job security in a united Germany.

at an East Germany rally since

start of his campaigning in East treaty, which covers a host of Germany for the leadership of a united Germany.

During the appearance, several hundred supporters of the nowdissolved Communist Party repeatedly interrupted Kohl. The West German leader came to this industrial city of 400,000 residents to open a training programme for young workers.

As Kohi took to the podium, leftists tossed tomatoes and peaches over the metal barrier separating the crowd from the chancellor. The food splattered at the foot of the platform.

Kohl, tanned after an Alvine vacation, criticised the demonstrators, saying the issues of unity "will not be decided on the street.

Kohl told the crowd he was optimistic that agreement could be reached by the end of the week on the so-called "unity treatv." Dispute over abortion rules unification issues like tax revenues and property claims. East German Prime Minister

Lothar de Maiziere also appealed to his countrymen to rebuild their "We should lose no time. We have it easier than our eastern neighbours. If we remain plucky

and show the courage to act responsibly, we'll be out of the woods soon. Our chances are good," said De Maiziere. Kohl and De Maiziere hope to attract support for the Dec. 2

all-German elections and for East Germany's Oct. 14 state elec-The warning strikes were

staged in Halle and at least nine other cities. Nurses, secretaries, bus driv-

ers, garbage-haulers and other municipal employees stopped working for up to two nours.

able, reportedly was pursuing a

and dumb.

quoted her as saying she can cure

barren women, straighten

crooked limbs and heal the deaf

NEW YORK (R) - The island where the Statue of Liberty stands was shut to the public after 100 homeless people led by black activist Al Sharpton set up tents as part of a protest to rename New York City after murdered civil rights leader Martin Luther King. The protesters were arrested about five hours after they put up their tents in defiance of orders from the National Park Service, which operates the world-famous tourist attraction on Liberty Island in New York Harbour. A park service spokesman said the demonstrators would be removed from the island. Sightseeing boats were diverted to their ports and tourists on the island were returned to the mainland. Earlier, Sharpton, a controversial black activist who has been criticised by some stir-

Indian minister to quit over Assam

NEW DELHI (R) -- Indian Law Minister Dinesh Goswami said Wednesday he was determined to quit the cabinet despite Prime Minister Vishwanath Pratap Singh's refusal to accept his res-

ignation. Goswami, who represents the northeastern state of Assam in parliament, told Reuters he would not withdraw his resignation, which was offered and rejected, Tuesday, unless there was a qualitative change in the situation

which had prompted it. He said his resignation concerned Assamese issues and was not a prelude to a crisis in the government such as in July when Deputy Prime Minister Devi Lal was ousted from the cabinet, he

"How can I continue in par-

liament, if the Assamese people I represent feel I have let them down?. At the same time. I cannot bear the humiliation my cabinet colleagues faced in Assam last weekend." Goswami

Student protesters mobbed

Gosawmi and two cabinet colleagues during a visit to the state. Gosawmi said his Asom Gana Parishad (AGP) Party, a member of India's ruling National Front alliance, was under great pressure to expel illegal immigrants, most-

ly Bangladeshis, from the state. Students have also protested against what they call New Delhi's exploitation of resource-rich Assam, which is also fighting a

separatist insurgency. 'My resignation is an attempt The minority National Front

government depends for survival on the Hindu BJP party and the Communists, who are both opposed to tougher legislation on Assam's immigrant issue.

But feeling against illegal Bangladeshi immigrants is running high in Assam, which votes for a new assembly later this year.

of Bangladeshi immigrants have out themselves on the electoral rolls and might reduce the predominance of ethnic Assamese

poll riots over similar disputes in February 1983. More than 3,000

ned neckties as phallic symbols. The order has sparked a knotty sexism row in the state Culture Ministry in the northern state of Lower Saxony. "I want to know... if bureaucrats wearing ties will in future be prosecuted as sexual exhibitionists," former Culture Minister Horst Horrmann asked in a written question to the state legislature. His successor Helga Schuchard has apparently ordered male employees in her ministry to end the centuries-old fashion. Her spokeswoman confirmed the minister twice told staff not to wear ties, but because of a midsummer heat wave. "However, the word phallus may have come up," the spokeswoman said. The Bild newspaper quoted sex researcher Volker Zimmermann as

to draw everyone's attention to people were killed.

Venus mapping delayed to late September PASADENA, California (Agen-Engineers still haven't figured from their base in Houston. Spear said one theory is that

cies) - The Magellan space probe's mission to map the surface of Venus is being delayed again so a team of engineers can figure out why the spacecraft keeps losing contact with Earth, an official has said. "We're targeting for the last

week in September to start mapping," said Tony Spear, Magellan project manager at the NASA space agency's Jet Propulsion Laboratory.

Spear had said Friday that en-

gineers hoped to fix the problem in time to have Magellan working properly by mid-September. Be-fore Magellan started malfunc-tioning, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) planned for it to make pictures and maps of Venus on a

regular basis starting Sept. 1. The spaceship remained in a protective "safing mode" Tuesday. Spear said.

out why Magellan's radio link to Earth failed for 14 hours starting Aug. 16 and for 17 1-2 hours beginning Aug. 21, he added. -So Spear said he organised a

team of 40 engineers from the laboratory and from Martin Marietta Corp., which built Magellan, to determine what is wrong with the spaceship and to

Magellan's \$744 million mission is to use radar to peer through Venus' think clouds and make the best pictures and maps yet of the planet's surface. It was launched from the space shuttle Attlantis on May 4, 1989.

16 radar test showed extensive "venusquake" faults, vast flows of solidified lava, cinder cones, a lava-filled meteorite impact crater and countless valleys and mountain ridges on the surface of Earth's nearest planetary neigh-

Magellan entered orbit around Venus on Aug. 10. It functioned almost flawlessly during the 15 months it travelled a looping path of 948 million miles from Earth.

something went wrong when

In a separate development,

dark for three months, countdown clocks flashed to life in Cape Canaveral early Wednesday as NASA began the final three days of preparations for shuttle Columbia's long-delayed stargaz-

Saturday, Columbia's second liftoff attempt.

Columbia's crew were expected to arrive at the Kennedy Space Centre Wednesday night The seven astronauts will use

the \$148 million Astro Observatory in the shuttle's payload bay to examine invisible ultraviolet and X-ray emissions from faraway stars. Columbia's nine-day mission

will be the first in four months for a U.S. shuttle.

In its biggest setback since the 1986 Challenger disaster, NASA grounded the shuttle fleet for inspection and repairs after mysterious fuel leaks appeared in two of the three winged SDacecraft.

Columbia was the first to undergo repairs. Atlantis, which was to have flown last month, is still being examined and its classified military mission is postponed until November.

scheduled to fly on Oct. 5 with the European Ulysses solar

Join lite

MANILA (R) - Philippine intelligence agents have captured a man they say was involved in a rash of bombings that have hit Manila and nearby towns, a milit-

ary official said Wednesday. Major-General Rodolfo Biazon, deputy chief of staff of the Philippine Armed Forces. told a congressional committee that the arrested man, whom he refused to name, had made a

"He is a civilian and we are

Sri Lankan rebels blast causeway near Jaffna Fort

COLOMBO (R) - Tamil guerrillas blasted a causeway leading to a besieged garrison in northern Sri Lanka, blocking attempts by 2.500 government soldiers to res-

The sources said rebels Tuesday blew up the 2.4 kilometres long causeway linking Mandaitivu Island to Jaffna Fort garrison, where 200 soldiers and policemen have been under siege by Tamil

side the fort. The extent of the damage was not known, but the sources said it would further delay reinforcements reaching the fort from Mandaitivu.

The soldiers had been expected to break through rebel lines outside the fort Sunday and rescue their colleagues, but the boobytrapped causeway slowed their

On Monday, an air force heli-

The helicopter also took into

It was the second rescue mission by the same air force team. On July 3 they rescued seven men from the fort.

town has been hit daily with mortar and rocket fire launched by Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam guerrillas who began a fresh offensive on June 11.

Jaffna is the main base of the Tigers, who are trying to carve out a separate state for the island's 2.5 million Tamil minority

community. In a separate battle Tuesday, soldiers killed 15 rebels who tried to attack a Muslim village and a small army camp in eastern

A soldier was killed and five were wounded in the fighting, the

OTTAWA (R) - In a last-mi- details without risking the lives of nute appeal to avert bloodshed, Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney urged Mohawk warriors to dismantle their fortified

yourselves now," Mulroney said at a televised news conference. "If you persist in your illegal activities, you will bring danger and dishonour to your people." Mulroney, fresh from briefings

if the barricades were removed peacefully, the government would address the Indian's grie-But Indian leaders around Canada dismissed Mulroney's

plea, saying the natives are being heard now only because they have militarily challenged the white authorities. Earlier Tuesday the army stepped up its war of nerves against

Quebec to get a better look at the The army has not said when it will move against the heavily fortified barricades in Kahnawake, just south of Montreal, and Oka,

a resort town 32 kilometres west of Montreal. ter, the officer leading the operation, told reporters at the St Hubert Base in Montreal that the soldiers would not shoot first, but

he said he could not divulge

Manila arrests suspected

military officials to have been launched by dissident soldiers prior to a coup attempt against

President Corazon Aquino. in attacks on two government office in the Makati business dis-

Defence Secretary Fidel

plemented," he said.

where martial law should be imright of Filipinos to appear in court after arrest or can call out

the army to restore order. said hundreds more want to give up but fear reprisals from rebel Tornadoes leader Charles Taylor, the Ghana News Agency has reported. The news agency, which has a kill 24 reporter with the five-nation force sent to end the 8-month-old tribal war in the West African

PLAINFIELD, Illinois (R) -Tornadoes killed at least 24 people near Chicago, including children plucked from a block of flats riotic Front were looking for an intermediary to help them sur-

comfield. injured, some critically. Rescue workers dag into rubble during the night looking for more vic-

of low-income, three-storey flats were ripped away by the storm. Some of the dead from the flats, mostly children, were found

victims. cage containing a white hamster. pulled uninjured from the debris. A woman walked through the cornfield, weeping and carrying a

child's shoe. "The building disintegrated and the people were carried out into the comfield, most of them children," said Dave Martif, a fire chief from Lockport, Illinois.

the building."
Other victims included a nun, the principal of a Roman Catholic School who died when the build-

the building to rubble.

Dale Moffett, 36, a construction worker who rode out the storm in his apartment said: "I heard that train (noise) coming down on my building. My first thought was that Iraq had

(The United Strates has more than 100,000 troops in Saudi Arabia in response to Iraq's invasion of Kuwait).

At Plainfield High School, stndents took over in a hallway. The

we heard a loud crash," said a young man. "The rest of the school's gone. I went outside and natural catastrophe. The killer is selecting victims by criteria that are not clear to us." The bodies of a man and a

tervention of the African force of 3,000 soldiers from Ghana. Nigeria, Sierra Leone, Guinea and Gambia, accusing them of supporting President Samuel Doc.

Taylor's fighters attacked the force shortly after its arrival, but were driven off by the force's artillery and heavy weapons. Taylor commands the largest number of men, but there are no firm numbers on how many fighters he or his opponents have.

Both Doe, and Prince Johnson, leader of a second rebel force. have welcomed the task force. Rebels began their armed struggle last Christmas Eve.

accusing Doe of corruption and

human rights abuses during his 10 years of rule. Meanwhile, representatives of Liberian opposition parties and church groups met in the Gambian capital, Banjul, to discuss ways of ending a war that is estimated to have claimed at least 5,000 lives. After meeting for several hours, those attending the

come to Banjul for talks.

meeting voted to invite Taylor to Taylor has refused to attend peace talks. Two months ago his rebels appeared on the brink of winning the war, but forces loyal

to Doe blocked them.

tornado carrying people and cars away. A woman and her two grandchildren, he said, had their apartment ripped from under them and they fell unhurt to the floor

they walked out.
"Our ears started popping and

Kohl told a crowd of nearly 5,000 in Halle, about 201 kilometres south west of Berlin, that the legacy left by 40 years of Communist rule was a "sad thing," adding: "It is our goal that this economy becomes a

blossoming landscape." It was Kohl's first appearance the setting of the Oct. 3 date for

2 more found killed in Florida town GAINESVILLE, Florida (AP) — Two more bodies were discovered in this university city, and police linked them to the mutilations of three women students

whose deaths set off a wave of fear at the start of the school "It's clear this part of the counhas some maniac on the loose, University of Florida President John Lombardi said during a staff meeting. "It reminds us of a

woman were found together Tuesday morning at a student

apartment complex near one

where two bodies were discovered Sunday, said Alachua County Sheriff's Lt. Spencer Police set up a command post between those off-campus sites

and about two miles from the apartment where a third body was discovered early Monday. The two latest victims were

identified as Tracy Inez Paules and a 23-year-old friend, Manuel R. Tobada, both graduates of American High School in Miami. Tobada had just been accepted at nearby Santa Fe Community Col-

"All five victims are probably connected to one suspect or two suspects," because the methods of the killer appeared similar.

law degree.

Gainesville police chief Wayland Clifton said. He did not elaborate. The Gainesville Sun, however

reported Taesday that mutilation of the first three bodies found was the apparent connection. "I don't think it takes a rocket scientist to figure out that any-

body that commits homicide uslege and was planning to study ing mutilation is a pretty sick architecture, said a friend, Eric individual, and it's somebody we Dunham, 22, of Sarasota. Ms. want to get off the streets very

Paules, whose age was not avail- badly," said Mann.

the realities in Assam," Goswami

Militant Assamese students and insurgents allege thousands

in state politics. The state was rocked by pre-

Sexism row erupts in German state ministry. HANOVER, West Germany (R)

saying: "A tie is a sign of strength and masculinity." Peter Spoor, a police inspector, was cynical: The woman should ask herself if she should keep buying bananas:

cue men trapped there, military sources said Wednesday.

rebels since June.

They also blasted a road out-

copter rescued seven seriously sources said. **Mulroney urges Indians**

barricades in Quebec before soldiers move in to crush them. "Take down the barricades sa ordered the army to dismantle

on the Gulf crisis with U.S. President George Bush, promised that

the Mohawks, despatching fighter planes over two reservations in

Lieutenant General Kent Fosbeen staging protests to demand

getting something out of this fellow. We are getting valuable in-formation from him," he said. At least 17 bombs have gone off in and around Manila since Aug. 13 in a campaign said by

The detained man was involved

wounded soliders from the fort. the fort eight soldiers, food, arms and medical supplies.

The 350-year-old fort in Jaffna

Ampara district.

to take down barricades

the 4,000 troops camped outside the reservations. Streams of Mohawk women and children continued the exodus out of Kahnawake that began Monday afternoon when Quebec Premier Robert Bouras-

"If they (the Mohawk warriors) resist the efforts to dismantle the barricades, there could be loss of life," Mulroney said. The army's presence in Quebec marks the first time it has been called into the French-speaking

province since 1970, when a

the Indian barricades.

fringe French Canadian separatist group waged a campaign of bombings and kidnappings. Although Bourassa broke off talks with the Mohawks Monday, accusing them of negotiating in bad faith, there were unconfirmed reports that Mohawk leaders met Tuesday with government

officials to look for ways to pre-

vent bloodshed. Racial tensions have flared during the seven-week standoff. which erupted on july 11 when police stormed a blockade erected by the Indian community at Oka to stop the town from extending a golf course onto land they regard as sacred.

Many Montreal residents have

that the army flatten the barri-

cades on the Mercier Bridge,

which links Montreal to the

southen suburbs.

Police raided Cosatu headquarter Tuesday and arrested General Secretary Jay Naidoo, the Press Association reported.

denied the charges.

African Trade Unions.

The constable, Joseph Maleka,

At the news conference, Cosatu officials said Maleka had a walkie-talkie and photographs of

Ramos told the hearing there was no need for Aquino to impose emergency rule or declare martial

to African "In our situation today, I think we have not reached a stage torce The president can suspend the ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast (AP) -Two rebels surrendered to a mul-

nation, said the two rebels handed over their automatic rifles and ammunition Monday.

and hurled to their deaths in a

Dozens of homes were destroyed in Tuesday's storm, the worst to hit the area since 1967 when a tornado killed 32 people. The Will County coroner's office said at least 24 people died, 10 of them in Crest Hill, a village where the top two floors of a line

in an adjacent cornfield. A helicopter using searchlights hovered over the field looking for more A rescue worker carried a brass

"Right now we're tearing apart

ing collapsed around her. The janitor of high school in Palinfield, a town of 3,800, was crushed when a tornado reduced

He said he looked up to see the

buidling collaps around them but

Pictures made during an Aug.

Shuttle countdown begins

ing flight. The clocks - stopped since May 29, when the shuttle sprang a fuel leak - ticked off the time until 0517 GMT (1.17 a.m. EDT)

The third shuttle, Discovery, is

German office are hot under the collar after their female boss ban-

roney said he caught one bluefish and the president caught three. Nigerians flock to see woman with 'miracle cures' MAIDUGURL, Nigeria (R) -Thousands of Nigerin lepers, cripples and other disabled people are flocking to the home of a

COLUMN

KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine

(R) — U.S. President George Bush accidentally got hooked in the ear while fishing with one of

his sons and Canadian Printe

ing a minor mystery. Bush, un-

bandaged, left for Washington

for meetings on the Gulf crisis.

His wife, Barbara, told reporters,

"he's fine." When asked if he was

the fisherman who had caught a

president, Mulroney, an over-

night guest at Bush's seaside

estate, cryptically replied: "It was

not a hostile act." Bush's son,

Jeb, who was along on the ex-

pedition, said rumours that the

Canadian leader was the culprit

were "really not true." but left it

unclear if he was to blame. Di-

plomatic sources said Jeb was

responsible for bagging Bush.

Despite the accident, the fishing

expedition was successful. Mul-

Minister Brian Mulroney, cres

Bush hooked

while fishing

woman reputed to work miracle cures, the News Agency of Nigeria (NAN) has reported. It said Hajiya Zulai, 35, wife of a security guard in Maiduguri, capital of northern Borno state, claimed to have cured 1,200 people in little more than a week. The state government has assigned 50 armed policemen to keep order among the thousands of men and women - the afflicted and the curious — besieging her humble zinc house. She takes no money for her services. Zulai told a NAN correspondent who witnessed one of her healing sessions that two white-robed men woke her about two weeks ago and instructed her in rituals to cure the disabled. NAN said its reporter watched her restore the sight of a blind man by washing his face with water and heals. It also

Statue of Liberty closed by protest

ring racial passions in the city, led a demonstration from city hall to Battery Park in lower Manhattan seeking a referendum to change the name of New York City to Martin Luther King City.

- Male civil servants in a West

They are phallic symbols, too,"

